

2022 Year-End Proxy Statement

Willis Towers Watson Public Limited Company

Notice of Annual General Meeting of Shareholders

Date and Time: Wednesday, May 17, 2023 at 9:30 a.m. IST. Registration begins at 9:00 a.m. IST.

Location: The Shelbourne Hotel, 27 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, Ireland

We are pleased to invite you to join Willis Towers Watson Public Limited Company's 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (the "AGM").

Items of business:

- 1) Election of ten directors
- 2) Advisory (non-binding) vote to ratify the appointment of the independent auditors and binding vote to fix the independent auditors' remuneration
- 3) Advisory (non-binding) vote to approve named executive officer compensation
- 4) Advisory (non-binding) vote on frequency of advisory vote on executive compensation
- 5) Renewal of the Board's existing authority to issue shares under Irish law
- 6) Renewal of the Board's existing authority to opt out of statutory pre-emption rights under Irish law

Who can vote:

- Only shareholders of record on March 20, 2023 are entitled to receive notice of, and to attend and vote at, the meeting and any adjournment or postponement of the meeting.

How to vote:

- Shareholders may vote by mail, over the Internet, by telephone, or in person at the annual meeting. See "Additional Information — Information about the Proxy Materials and the 2023 AGM" in this Proxy Statement for more information.

Attending the meeting:

- Shareholders entitled to attend and vote at the 2023 AGM may attend at The Shelbourne Hotel, 27 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin, Ireland.
- We understand that Irish law generally requires companies to hold shareholder meetings at a physical location. However, we encourage our shareholders to vote by proxy prior to 4:59 a.m. IST on May 17, 2023. With respect to shares held through a Company employee share plan, shareholders must vote by proxy prior to 4:59 a.m. IST on May 13, 2023.
- Shareholders who wish to attend the meeting in person should review "Additional Information — Information about the Proxy Materials and the 2023 AGM — What do I need in order to be admitted to the AGM?", "May shareholders attend the meeting virtually?" in this Proxy Statement. You will need proof of record or beneficial ownership of the Company's ordinary shares as of that date in order to enter the meeting.

Date of mailing:

- This Proxy Statement, the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and the Irish Statutory Accounts are available at www.proxyvote.com. These materials were mailed or made available to shareholders on or about April 5, 2023.

Your vote is important. We urge you to participate in deciding the items on the agenda and to read this Proxy Statement and accompanying materials for additional information concerning the matters to be considered at this meeting. Shareholders present at the meeting will have an opportunity to ask questions regarding the Irish Statutory Accounts and related reports to the representatives of our independent auditors. The only matters that will be addressed at the AGM will be the items of business on the agenda included in this Proxy Statement.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

Nicole Napolitano
General Counsel, Corporate Governance & Public Company;
Company Secretary

April 5, 2023

Important Notice Regarding the Availability of Proxy Materials for the Company's AGM to be held on May 17, 2023. This Proxy Statement, the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K and the Irish Statutory Accounts are available at www.proxyvote.com.

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Proxy Statement Highlights

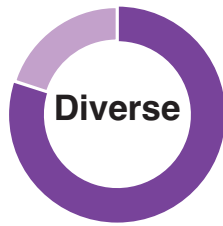
Willis Towers Watson Public Limited Company is a leading global advisory, broking and solutions company that helps clients around the world turn risk into a path for growth. We have more than 46,000 employees and service clients in more than 140 countries and territories. In this Proxy Statement, we refer to Willis Towers Watson as the “Company,” “WTW,” “we” and “our.”

VOTING MATTERS

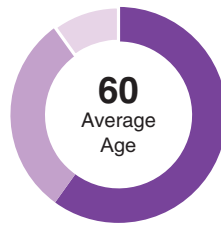
Proposal	Page number	Board vote recommendation	Vote Requirement
<p>Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors</p> <p>To elect the ten persons named in this Proxy Statement to serve as directors for a one-year term until the next AGM</p>	1	FOR	Majority of votes cast
<p>Proposal No. 2: Ratify the Appointment of the Independent Auditors in an Advisory (Non-binding) Vote and Fix the Independent Auditors’ Remuneration in a Binding Vote</p> <p>To ratify, on a non-binding advisory basis, the selection of (i) Deloitte & Touche LLP to audit our financial statements and (ii) Deloitte Ireland LLP to audit our Irish Statutory Accounts, and to authorize the Board, acting through the Audit and Risk Committee, to fix the remuneration of the independent auditors on a binding basis</p>	32	FOR	Majority of votes cast
<p>Proposal No. 3: Approve Named Executive Officer Compensation in an Advisory (Non-binding) Vote</p> <p>To approve, in an advisory (non-binding) vote, the compensation of the Company’s named executive officers</p>	36	FOR	Majority of votes cast
<p>Proposal No. 4: Set the Frequency of Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation in an Advisory (Non-binding) Vote</p> <p>To approve, in an advisory (non-binding) vote, whether the advisory vote on the Company’s named executive officer compensation should be held every year, every two years or every three years</p>	102	FOR	Majority of votes cast
<p>Proposal No. 5: Renew the Board’s Existing Authority to Issue Shares under Irish Law</p> <p>To renew the Board’s authority to issue up to approximately 20% of the Company’s issued ordinary share capital as of March 20, 2023, for a period expiring 18 months from the passing of the resolution</p>	103	FOR	Majority of votes cast
<p>Proposal No. 6: Renew the Board’s Existing Authority to Opt Out of Statutory Pre-emption Rights under Irish Law</p> <p>To renew the Board’s authority to issue, free of pre-emptive rights, up to 5% of the Company’s issued ordinary share capital as of March 20, 2023 (and an additional 5% provided the Company uses it only in connection with an acquisition or approved capital acquisition) for a period expiring 18 months from the passing of the resolution</p>	104	FOR	75% of votes cast

Key Governance Practices and Policies

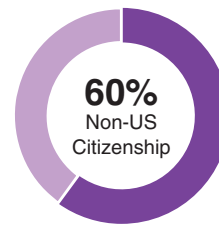
Key Director Statistics*



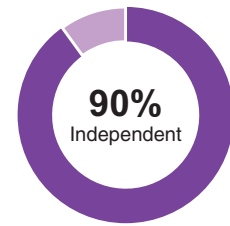
40% Gender Diverse
10% Racially/Ethnically Diverse



60
Average Age
60% 60s
30% 50s
10% 40s



60% Non-US Citizenship
40% US Citizenship



90% Independent
10% Not Independent

Our Board includes **LGBT+** and **Black** representation, and 75% of Board Committee Chairs are diverse.

In 2022, **six new directors**, including a new CEO and **five new independent directors**, joined the Board.

In 2023, **three new independent directors** joined the Board.

* As of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM assuming all Company-nominated directors are elected and join the Board

Multi-Year Board Succession and Refreshment

As highlighted above, since the beginning of 2022, eight new independent directors joined the Board and five directors transitioned off of the Board, in connection with a multi-year succession planning process, which included input from a third-party consulting firm. This approach to refreshing the Board has aimed to balance the importance of adding new directors to the Board while also facilitating their onboarding by providing for a transition period that allows them to work with our more tenured directors before the latter retire from the Board. The directors have a wide range of skills relevant to overseeing the Company's strategic plan, including expertise in insurance, finance, transformation and technology.

Corporate Governance Highlights

- ✓ Focus on multi-year Board succession and refreshment to help ensure that the Board's composition remains aligned with the evolving needs of the business, including through robust annual Board evaluation process
- ✓ Board Committee and Chair refreshment help ensure that fresh viewpoints and perspectives are regularly considered
- ✓ Regular review of Board Committee responsibilities and focus, resulting most recently in the renaming of the Human Capital and Compensation Committee (the "HCC Committee") to demonstrate its ongoing focus on human capital matters in addition to compensation
- ✓ Operational Transformation Committee oversight of the implementation of the Company's operational transformation plan (the "Transformation Program"), which aims to achieve significant run rate cost savings by the end of 2024
- ✓ Active Board participation in management succession and oversight of Company strategic planning
- ✓ Onboarding and regular continuing director education
- ✓ Formal Board and Board Committee oversight of ESG initiatives, risks and disclosures

Board Committee Overview

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee generally assists the Board in overseeing, among other matters:

- the integrity of the Company's financial statements;
- the independent auditors and the internal audit function;
- the Company's compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and internal accounting controls and procedures; and
- risk management at the Company and its subsidiaries, and the enterprise risk management framework, policies and practices used to identify, assess and manage key risks facing the Company and its subsidiaries.

Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee

The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee generally assists the Board in overseeing, among other matters:

- Board Committee purpose, structure and operations;
- the director selection process, the development of director qualification standards and the identification of director nominees;
- the evaluation of director time commitments, including with respect to other board leadership positions; and
- the Company's ESG initiatives (with the relevant Board Committees managing their specific ESG responsibilities pursuant to their respective charters), and corporate social responsibility initiatives, which include the Company's environmental sustainability program and charitable contributions.

Human Capital and Compensation Committee

The Human Capital and Compensation Committee generally assists the Board in overseeing, among other matters:

- the Company's general compensation philosophy and the development and implementation of compensation programs in accordance with the philosophy;
- executive officer compensation, annual corporate goals and objectives relevant to their compensation, and their performance in light of those goals;
- compensation policies as well as incentive compensation and equity-based plans for the executive officers; and
- the implementation of the Company's human capital and talent strategy, including recruiting and development strategies, inclusion and diversity initiatives and the development of senior leaders.

Operational Transformation Committee

The Operational Transformation Committee generally assists the Board in overseeing, among other matters:

- management efforts to develop, implement and monitor the Transformation Program and drive operational efficiencies;
- management's initiatives to drive operational efficiencies and the implementation of the Transformation Program; and
- risk management in relation to the Transformation Program and risks arising out of the Company's operations that support the Company's businesses, including, among other items, risks related to technology, cybersecurity and information security.

Refer to the section entitled "Corporate Governance – Willis Towers Watson Board Committees" for more information on the Board Committees' responsibilities.

Environmental, Social and Governance (“ESG”)

Commitment: Our clients, colleagues and other stakeholders expect us to conduct our business with integrity and in an environmentally and socially responsible manner. We take these expectations seriously and, consistent with what we believe enhances long-term value, have embraced principles that are aligned with our business priorities, are consistent with our commitment to ethical and sustainable practices and demonstrate our respect for those communities in which we operate across the globe.

Management Oversight: In 2019, the Company formed a cross-functional management committee to coordinate and facilitate communication of the Company’s ESG initiatives applicable to its own operations.

Board Oversight: The Board takes an approach that the most appropriate Committee should maintain oversight over a particular issue rather than concentrating all ESG initiatives into any one Committee. The Committees report to the Board as appropriate.

More information, including our Inclusion and Diversity Report, TCFD Statement and Sustainability Accounting Standards Board Disclosures (SASB), is available on our website at <https://www.wtwco.com/en-US/About-Us/environmental-social-and-governance>; this information is not part of or incorporated by reference into this Proxy Statement.

Shareholder Outreach

We conduct a semi-annual shareholder outreach program whereby we reach out to shareholders holding over 50% of our outstanding shares. Over the past several years, we have incorporated feedback from our shareholders in parts of our executive compensation, governance and other ESG programs.



Our Business

WTW

Delivering superior advice, broking and solutions in the areas of people, risk and capital.

We have:

- **A portfolio of leading businesses in attractive markets**
- **A distinctive mix of complementary businesses**
 - Accomplished and aspiring talent
 - Collaborative client-first culture
 - Sophisticated data and analytics
 - Powerful tools
- **A strong balance sheet and significant financial flexibility**

<p>We have more than 46,000 employees serving more than 140 countries and markets.</p>		<p>We've been putting clients first  since 1828</p>
<p>We work with 449 of the Fortune Global 500</p>	<p>93 of the FTSE 100</p>	<p>893 of the U.S. Fortune 1000</p>
<p>and thousands of non-Fortune-listed companies</p>		
<p>~35M individuals use our platforms to access benefits and insurance</p>		

Segment Overview

Health, Wealth & Career (“HWC”)

World-class portfolio of leading businesses providing advisory and consulting services within human capital, employee benefits and retirement verticals

Health provides advice, broking, solutions and software for employee benefit plans, HR organizations and management teams of our clients

Wealth provides advice and management for retirement and investment asset owners using a sophisticated framework for managing risk

Career provides compensation advisory services, employee experience software and platforms, and other career-related consulting services to our clients

Benefits Delivery & Outsourcing provides medical exchange and outsourcing services to active employees and retirees across the group and individual markets as well as pension outsourcing

Risk & Broking (“R&B”)

Risk advisory and solutions business delivering innovative, integrated solutions tailored to client needs and underpinned by cutting edge data and analytics, technology and experienced risk thinkers

Corporate Risk & Broking provides a broad range of risk advice insurance brokerage and consulting services to clients worldwide ranging from small businesses to multinational corporations

Insurance Consulting and Technology provides advice and technology solutions to the insurance industry to help clients measure and manage risk and capita and improve performance

Key Executive Compensation Practices and Policies

<p>2022 Named Executive Officers (“NEOs”)</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Our 2022 NEOs are Carl Hess (CEO), Andrew Krasner (CFO), Julie Gebauer (Global Head of HWC), Adam Garrard (Global Head of R&B) and Matthew Furman (General Counsel).
<p>Pay for Performance: Short-Term Incentive (“STI”) and Long-Term Incentive (“LTI”) Awards</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significant portion of NEO compensation is variable and at-risk, including STI awards (cash) and LTI awards (equity). • Incentive plans include a range of metrics to reward NEOs for exceptional performance and contributions at the enterprise, business and individual levels. • Based on our financial performance, progress against our strategic priorities, and other factors taken into consideration for 2022, NEO 2022 STI awards were earned at 102.9% to 110.7% of target and 2020 LTIP performance-based restricted share units (“PSUs”), with a performance period that concluded at the end of 2022, were earned at 96.8% of target. <p><i>Refer to the section entitled “Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis” for a detailed discussion on 2022 performance relative to the goals and objectives of our incentive plans and resulting NEO pay outcomes.</i></p>
<p>Shareholder Aligned Executive Compensation Program</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LTI award, in the form of 75% PSUs and 25% time-based restricted share units (“RSUs”), makes up the largest portion of the CEO’s target total direct compensation and, on average, 46% of the other NEOs’ target total direct compensation. • 2022 PSU performance metrics align a significant portion of NEO compensation with publicly disclosed 2024 financial targets, which reflect WTW’s strategic priorities and commitment to driving shareholder value. • Majority of 2022 STI awards are based on enterprise financial performance and shared key enterprise operational initiatives which support and drive successful execution of our strategic priorities. • Share ownership policy applicable to executive officers; minimum guideline of 6x base salary for CEO and 3x base salary for all other executive officers).
<p>Compensation Recoupment</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compensation recoupment policy applicable to NEOs’ cash and equity incentive awards in the event of financial restatement or detrimental conduct. <p><i>The Company is subject to the rules of the NASDAQ and, once they are effective and applicable to the Company, the Company intends to comply with the rules adopted by NASDAQ in accordance with the SEC’s October 2022 rules promulgated under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.</i></p>
<p>Executive Severance Plans</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Executive severance plans provide for the payment of certain severance benefits to NEOs in the event of: (i) involuntary termination outside of a change in control period and (ii) involuntary termination or good reason resignation during a of change in control period. • Severance amounts are competitive with market practices and determined as a multiple of the NEO’s base salary and STI target and may also include a pro-rata portion of the STI award payable for the year of termination and the cost of continued medical coverage for a period following termination. • NEOs do not receive any form of tax gross-ups, significant perquisites or automatic payments in connection with a change in control of the Company.
<p>Say-on-Pay</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We hold an annual advisory vote on the compensation of our NEOs. • Shareholder support of our executive compensation program has been consistently strong with a Say-on-Pay approval rate of 96.7% at the 2022 AGM.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors

Our Board is responsible for overseeing our global business in a manner consistent with its fiduciary duties. This oversight requires highly skilled individuals with various qualities, attributes and professional experience. The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee (the “Governance Committee”) continuously assesses the Board’s size and composition to determine if it is effective and represents the long-term interests of shareholders.

As discussed further below, the Governance Committee believes that the slate of nominees as a whole reflects the collective knowledge, integrity, reputation and leadership abilities, and the diversity of skills and experience and attributes that are appropriate for the Company’s governance. At the Governance Committee’s recommendation, the Board has nominated the individual nominees listed in this Proposal No. 1 to serve until the next AGM unless they are removed or resign before that meeting.

The Board unanimously recommends a vote “FOR” the election of each of the directors.

Required Vote

Our directors are elected by way of separate resolutions, each of which requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast by shareholders at the 2023 AGM, and hold office until the next AGM unless they are removed or resign before that meeting. Any nominee for director who does not receive a majority of the votes cast is not elected to the Board.

Multi-Year Board Succession and Refreshment

Starting in 2021, the composition and structure of the Board substantially changed as the result of a refreshment process that had commenced prior to that date. As part of this multi-year succession planning process, including input from a third-party consulting firm, the Board:

- appointed nine new directors, including a new CEO and eight new independent directors:
 - Dame Inga Beale, Michael Hammond, Shelly Swanback, Fumbi Chima and Paul Reilly joined the Board in 2022, were subsequently elected at the 2022 AGM and are nominated for election at the 2023 AGM; and
 - Stephen Chipman, Jacqueline Hunt and Fredric Tomczyk joined the Board, effective as of April 1, 2023, and are nominated for election at the 2023 AGM.
- in order to facilitate the director transition process and allow directors to spend time on other commitments, accepted the decision of seven legacy independent directors not to run for re-election to the Board at the 2022 and 2023 AGMs.
 - As part of this, Dr. O’Neill and Ms. Rabbitt have announced their decision not to run for re-election to the Board at the upcoming 2023 AGM.
- formed a new Operational Transformation Committee, effective in 2022, to oversee the implementation of the Company’s Transformation Program and Company’s operational risks.
- appointed Paul Thomas as the new independent Chair of the Board, whose term commenced effective as of the conclusion of the 2022 AGM.
- rotated and refreshed Board Committee Chairs and Committee members, resulting in 75% diversity among the Committee Chairs as of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM.
- after a regular review of Board Committee responsibilities and focus areas, renamed the “Compensation Committee” as the “Human Capital and Compensation Committee” to demonstrate its ongoing focus on human capital matters in addition to compensation.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)

This refreshment strategy balanced the importance of adding new directors to the Board while also facilitating onboarding by providing incoming directors with the opportunity to work with more tenured directors before the latter retire from the Board. The Board believes the right balance of skills, background and experience helps the Company drive its strategy forward and accounted for this in its succession strategy. The directors have a wide range of skills, including expertise in insurance, finance, transformation and technology. The directors' skills, background and experience are detailed further below.

As a result of the foregoing, immediately following the 2023 AGM (assuming all Company-nominated directors are elected), the Board will be composed of ten directors, three of whom will be new to the Board as of April 1, 2023 and six of whom joined the Board in 2022.

Diversity

We are committed to maintaining diversity on our Board as provided in our Corporate Governance Guidelines. Both the Board and the Governance Committee believe that Board diversity is important to ensure a balanced Board with a rounded perspective. Diversity is broadly interpreted by the Board to include viewpoints, background, experience, industry knowledge and geography, as well as more traditional characteristics of diversity, such as race and gender. In undertaking its multi-year Board succession and refreshment process, the Governance Committee considered a wide slate of potential candidates, including women as well as racially and ethnically diverse candidates. As of April 1, 2023, three new independent directors joined the Board, creating a further diverse Board (as self-identified). We believe that our commitment to diversity is demonstrated by our Board composition, which reflects diversity of gender, ethnicity and nationality, and varied backgrounds and skill sets, including as follows as of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM (assuming all Company-nominated directors are elected):

- 40% of directors identify as female;
- 10% of directors identify as LGBT+;
- 10% of directors identify as Black;
- 60% of directors have non-U.S. citizenship; and
- 75% of Board Committee Chairs are female and 50% identify as Black or LGBT+.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)

The table below provides additional diversity information about our Board as of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM (assuming all Company-nominated directors are elected), in the categories listed below, each of which has the meaning as it is used in Nasdaq Listing Rule 5605(f).

Board Diversity Matrix				
Board Size:				
Total Number of Directors	10			
	Female	Male	Non-Binary	Did Not Disclose Gender
Part I: Gender Identity				
Directors	4	6	—	—
Part II: Demographic Background				
African American or Black	1	—	—	—
Alaskan Native or Native American	—	—	—	—
Asian	—	—	—	—
Hispanic or Latino/a/e	—	—	—	—
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	—	—	—	—
White	3	6	—	—
Two or More Races or Ethnicities	—	—	—	—
LGBT+	1	—	—	—
Did Not Disclose Demographic Background	—	—	—	—

Board Evaluation Process

The Governance Committee considers the Board's size, composition and effectiveness throughout the year. This includes a constructive annual evaluation process, which the Board recognizes is an essential component of good corporate governance and Board effectiveness.

The Governance Committee oversees the process and format of the evaluations of the Board and its Committees. As the process is dynamic, the format may change from year-to-year at the discretion of the Governance Committee to ensure that honest and actionable feedback is solicited and obtained from the directors. As the Board manages evolving expectations for how boards should meet their oversight duties and assess their own performance, the format of the evaluations may vary from written questionnaires completed by each director analyzed by the office of the Corporate Secretary to interviews of each director, including from time to time by a third-party facilitator.

Typically, the annual evaluation involves a multi-step process, as set forth below, that aims to generate robust comments and discussion at all levels of the Board and each Committee, with topics ranging from Board composition to processes to materials:

- *Step 1:* The Governance Committee reviews and approves the process and outline for questions (whether in the form of written questionnaires or questions to be used for open dialogue), including whether to appoint a third-party facilitator.
- *Step 2:* Directors provide responses to the questions, which address a variety of topics including, among other things:
 - Board composition and structure;
 - meetings, materials and topics;
 - Board interaction with management;

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)

- continuing education; and
- effectiveness of the Board.
- *Step 3:* The evaluation results are then discussed in closed-session discussions:
 - with the Governance Committee, which reviews the results of the full Board as well as each Committee evaluation;
 - by each Committee (as necessary), with discussions being led by the independent Committee Chairs; and
 - by the full Board, with discussions being led by the Non-Executive Chair. Each Committee Chair also reports to the full Board regarding any discussions held at the Committee closed sessions.
- *Step 4:* Based on evaluation results, the Non-Executive Chair and Committee Chairs work to implement changes in practices or procedures, as appropriate.

The evaluation process has resulted in enhancements or changes to, among other things, meeting materials, meeting topics, meeting structure, committee structure and composition and the evaluation process itself.

Director Orientation and Continuing Education

Director Orientation: Our robust orientation program familiarizes new directors with the Company's businesses, strategies and policies, and assists new directors in developing company and industry knowledge to optimize their service on the Board. The orientation also provides new directors with an understanding of their fiduciary duties and other requirements associated with serving on the Board of an Irish-domiciled company with shares listed on NASDAQ.

Continuing Education: Regular continuing education programs enhance the skills and knowledge directors use to perform their responsibilities. These programs may include internally developed materials and presentations, programs presented by third parties, and financial and administrative support to attending qualifying academic or other independent programs.

Over the course of the last few years, the new director Orientation and Continuing Education Program has been a standing agenda item on the Governance Committee's agenda. The Committee has overseen the orientation of the eight new independent directors, solicited input from the directors as to how to better onboard new directors and incorporated feedback into the program.

Director Qualifications

When recommending an individual for new or continued membership on the Board, the Governance Committee considers each nominee's individual qualifications in light of the overall mix of attributes represented on the Board, and the Company's current and future needs. In its assessment of each nominee, the Governance Committee considers, at a minimum, the person's integrity, experience, reputation, judgment, independence, maturity, skills and personality, commitment and, for current directors, his or her performance on the Board and its Committees.

Additionally, the Governance Committee:

- believes that knowledge of the Company's business and industries, finance, operational transformation, as well as technology and information security, including cyber-security, is also important. Based on such knowledge, the Governance Committee believes the director nominees are uniquely positioned to oversee the Company's long-term strategy.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)

- believes that the Board as a whole has the skills to support oversight of ESG matters, as reflected by directors' experience in the areas of public policy, talent management solutions, healthcare, diversity and inclusion, global management, strategy and risk management, among other areas and as further described below.
- believes that, as the Company's business also requires continuous compliance with the regulatory requirements of various agencies, experience with regulated financial services is helpful.
- considers each director's ability to devote the time and effort necessary to fulfill responsibilities to the Company and, for current directors, whether each director has attended at least 75% of the aggregate of the total number of meetings held by the Board and any committee on which he or she served. In 2022, all directors satisfied these criteria.
- believes service on other public or private boards in markets around the world enhances a director's knowledge and board experience.
- considers the experience of a director on other boards and board committees in both nomination decisions and in recommending the membership slate for each of the Company's Board Committees.
- believes that leadership experience, including through employment as CEO or senior executive of a public company or membership on the board of directors of a public company, is important to the Board's ability to oversee management and the Company's growth strategy.
- believes that, because of the Company's global reach, international experience or knowledge of or experience in a key geographic area is important.
- seeks a high level of financial literacy and experience for the Board and its Committees, in light of the Company's public and global nature (including conducting business in different countries and currencies).

In assessing whether directors and director nominees have sufficient time to devote to Board duties and responsibilities, the Governance Committee considers, among other things, the number of other public company boards of directors on which a director serves as well as other commitments. The Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines restrict the number of public company boards on which our directors may serve. None of the Company's directors are considered "overboarded" under the Guidelines. The Board believes that each director has demonstrated the ability to devote sufficient time and attention to Board and Committee duties, and otherwise fulfill the responsibilities required of directors.

The Board evaluates each director nominee and each director's continued service on the Board, based on his or her own merits, knowledge, experience and attributes. For this reason, the Board has not adopted a mandatory retirement age as it believes that doing so might hinder the selection or continued service of a director who would serve as an asset to the Board.

We have highlighted below some key qualifications, attributes, skills and experiences of each director nominee at the AGM that were considered by the Governance Committee. The absence of a particular bullet point does not mean that a director does not possess other important qualifications or skills.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)**Dame Inga Beale**

Dame Inga Beale, 59, has served on the Board since January 1, 2022.

Ms. Beale is the former Chief Executive Officer of Lloyd's of London, a role she held from 2014 to 2018. Previously, Ms. Beale was Chief Executive Officer of Canopus Group Ltd, with its principal operations at Lloyd's, from 2012 to 2014. Prior to that, from 2008 through 2011, she was Global Chief Underwriting Officer and Head of Mergers & Acquisitions, Organizational Transformation and Internal Consulting for Zurich Insurance Group. She held the role of Group CEO of Swiss reinsurer Converium Ltd in 2006 and 2007, after having spent 14 years in a variety of international roles for GE Insurance Solutions in both Europe and the US. She was appointed Dame Commander of the Order of the British Empire (DBE) in the 2017 New Year Honours for services to the economy.

*Independent Director;
Audit and Risk Committee
Member*;
Operational Transformation
Committee Member*

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *CEO/management experience*
- *Industry experience*
- *Financial expertise*

**Service as Audit and Risk
Committee Chair to begin
effective as of the
conclusion of the 2023
AGM*

Ms. Beale has served as a member of the Geneva Association Board from 2014 to 2018, a member of the UK Government's Financial Services Trade and Investment Board from 2015 to 2018, and a member of the London Mayor's Business Advisory Board from 2016 to 2021. She currently serves on the public company boards of NN Group N.V., Crawford and Company, and Mediclinic International plc, where she is Chair. Ms. Beale is a Chartered Insurer and studied economics and accounting at Newbury College, Berkshire, England.

The Board has concluded that Ms. Beale should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, her previous executive and management experience in the insurance and reinsurance industry, including her time as CEO of multiple insurance and reinsurance companies. The Board believes that Ms. Beale's management and directorship experience provides significant insight into global management, strategy, transformation and risk management.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)

*Independent Director;
Audit and Risk Committee
Member; Corporate
Governance and
Nominating Committee
Member**

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *Executive/management experience*
- *International business experience*
- *Information technology expertise and oversight of information security*

** Service as Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee Chair to begin effective as of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM*

Fumbi Chima

Fumbi Chima, 48, has served on the Board since April 1, 2022.

Ms. Chima is currently the Executive Vice President and Chief Information Officer, a role she has had since 2020, at Boeing Employees' Credit Union (BECU), a not-for-profit financial cooperative. Prior to BECU, Ms. Chima served in leadership roles at various companies in the retail and financial sectors, including as Chief Information Officer at Adidas AG, from 2019 to 2020, Chief Information Officer at Fox Networks Group, from 2017 to 2019, Chief Information Officer at Burberry Group plc, from 2015 to July 2017, and Chief Information Officer — Asia, at Walmart, Inc., from 2014 to 2015. Ms. Chima also previously served in other leadership roles at Walmart, Inc. from 2010 to 2014, and as Vice President of Corporate Systems at American Express Co. from 2006 to 2010.

Ms. Chima currently serves on the public company boards of AZEK Company, Inc., a manufacturer of residential and commercial building products, and Whitbread plc, a British hospitality company. From August 2021 to September 2022, Ms. Chima served on the board of Ted Baker plc, a British luxury clothing company, which delisted from the London Stock Exchange in October 2022. Previously, Ms. Chima served as an independent member of the board of directors of Africa Prudential plc, technology-driven share registration and investor service provider, from August 2020 through March 2022, and served on the board of directors of Global Sources Ltd., a business-to-business media company with a focus on the Greater China market, from September 2016 to September 2017. Ms. Chima previously served in advisory roles for SAP Executive Advisory, from 2019 to 2020, and Apptio EMEA Advisory, in 2020. Ms. Chima received her Bachelor of Arts in Politics and Philosophy from the University of Hull. Ms. Chima's career accolades include, among others, One of the Top 100 Women in STEM, 2018 One of the Most Influential Black Executives in Corporate America, 2015 Trailblazer Award by Face-to-Face Africa and 2012 IT Leader of the Year.

The Board has concluded that Ms. Chima should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, her global business and technology experience, including information technology expertise and oversight of information security, and for her leadership in diversity and inclusion efforts, including advocating for women in business globally. The Board believes that Ms. Chima's broad range of experience with public and private company leadership positions and directorships provides significant insight into the Company's global operations and information technology.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)

*Independent Director;
Audit and Risk Committee
Member; Operational
Transformation Committee
Member*

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *Executive/management experience*
- *International business experience*
- *Financial expertise*

Stephen Chipman

Stephen Chipman, 61, has served on the Board since April 1, 2023.

Mr. Chipman has served in executive roles at several organizations. Most recently, from 2018 to 2019, Mr. Chipman served as Group Managing Director of Vistra, a private equity portfolio company, after its purchase of Radius, a private equity-backed global company providing technology-enabled services and solutions, where Mr. Chipman had served as CEO from 2016 through 2018. Prior to that, Mr. Chipman served as CEO of Grant Thornton LLP, a role he held from 2009 to 2014. Mr. Chipman held several roles at Grant Thornton including CEO of Grant Thornton China Management Corp. from 2006 to 2009; US Central Region Managing Partner and Office Managing Partner of Grant Thornton LLP from 2001 to 2006; Managing Partner, Global Services & Worldwide Director, at Grant Thornton LLP from 1996 to 2000; Asia Pacific Regional Technical Director with Grant Thornton International from 1992 to 1995; and Audit Professional at Grant Thornton from 1981 to 1991.

Mr. Chipman currently serves as a director of Prudential Insurance Funds overseeing the management and performance of approximately \$160 billion of assets in over 100 funds and strategies. He also serves on the board of Stout, a private equity-backed global advisory firm, and as chair of the board of Auxadi Holdo, a private equity-backed international corporate services company. Additionally, Mr. Chipman serves as the interim board chair of One Sky Foundation, a not-for-profit organization. Mr. Chipman was educated at Plymouth College and Plymouth Polytechnic in Plymouth UK. He is a U.S. Certified Public Accountant and a Chartered Accountant in England and Wales.

The Board has concluded that Mr. Chipman should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, his significant management and strategic experience gained from a multitude of leadership roles. The Board believes that Mr. Chipman's various executive officer positions provide significant insight into executive management and financial and risk management.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)**Michael Hammond**

Michael Hammond, 65, has served on the Board since January 1, 2022.

Mr. Hammond is a retired senior executive with experience at several international insurance broking firms. Most recently, he served in a variety of senior roles at Lockton. This included Chairman and CEO, Lockton Overseas, from 2016 to 2017, Chairman, Lockton International Holdings Ltd., from 2016 to 2017, CEO of Lockton International Holdings Ltd., from 2006 to 2016, and CEO of Lockton Companies LLP from 2010 to 2015. He previously served as CEO of JLT Risk Solutions and a member of the Board of JLT Group plc, from 2004 to 2005, and CEO of Marsh UK Ltd., from 2000 to 2003.

*Independent Director;
Human Capital and
Compensation Committee
Member; Operational
Transformation Committee
Member**

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *CEO/management experience*
- *International business experience*
- *Industry expertise*

**Service as Operational
Transformation Committee
Chair to begin effective as
of the conclusion of the
2023 AGM*

Mr. Hammond previously served on the board of directors of Lockton Cos., from 2011 to 2016, and, from 2006 to 2017, he served on the boards of directors at a number of privately-owned companies and subsidiaries of Lockton Cos., including as Chairman of Lockton Overseas Ltd., an investment management company, and as a director of Lockton, Inc., a risk management, insurance and employee benefits service provider, Lockton (MENA) Ltd., an insurance service provider, and Lockton Wattana (Thailand) pte, an insurance broker. Previously, Mr. Hammond also served on the boards of directors at JLT, a provider of insurance, reinsurance, employment benefits advice and brokerage services that was acquired by MMC, from 2005 to 2006, Marsh, Inc. ("Marsh"), a global professional services firm, from 2002 to 2003, and certain Marsh subsidiaries, from 2000 to 2003. Mr. Hammond currently serves as the Chairman of The London Insurance Market Charitable Trust and as a member of the University of East Anglia Student Business Enterprise Fund and Advisory Board. Mr. Hammond received his Bachelor of Arts in Economics and Social Studies from the University of East Anglia.

The Board has concluded that Mr. Hammond should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, his significant experience as CEO at large global insurance broking entities and his industry expertise. The Board believes that Mr. Hammond's relevant management and board experience provides significant insight into global strategy and operations.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)



Chief Executive Officer

Director qualification highlights include:

- *CEO/management experience*
- *International business experience*
- *Financial expertise*

Carl Hess

Carl Hess, 61, has served as Chief Executive Officer of the Company since January 1, 2022. Previously, Mr. Hess served as President from August 16, 2021 and, before that, as Head of Investment, Risk and Reinsurance from October 27, 2016 to August 16, 2021. Prior to that, Mr. Hess served as the Co-Head of North America at Willis Towers Watson from January 4, 2016, following the merger of legacy Willis Group and legacy Towers Watson, until October 27, 2016, and as Managing Director, The Americas, of Towers Watson from February 1, 2014 until January 4, 2016. Before that, he served as the Managing Director of Towers Watson's Investment business from January 1, 2010 until February 1, 2014. Before his service at Towers Watson, Mr. Hess worked in a variety of roles for over 20 years at Watson Wyatt, lastly as Global Practice Director of Watson Wyatt's Investment business. Mr. Hess is a Fellow of the Society of Actuaries and the Conference of Consulting Actuaries and a Chartered Enterprise Risk Analyst. Mr. Hess has a Bachelor of Arts cum laude in logic and language from Yale University.

The Board has concluded that Mr. Hess should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, his appointment as CEO and significant experience with and considerable knowledge of Willis Towers Watson, which he gained through his combined years of service as an employee, manager and officer of Willis Towers Watson, legacy Towers Watson and legacy Watson Wyatt. This includes over 20 years of experience in various management roles. The Board believes that Mr. Hess's substantive expertise in a wide range of the Company's business, including investments, brokerage and employee benefits and actuarial consulting, as well as his education and affiliations as a Fellow of the Society of Actuaries and member of the Conference of Consulting Actuaries, provides significant insight into Willis Towers Watson's business and management of a global business.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)**Jacqueline Hunt**

Jacqueline Hunt, 55, has served on the Board since April 1, 2023.

From 2016 until 2021, Ms. Hunt served as a member of the Allianz SE management board with executive responsibility for the asset management and U.S. life insurance divisions. Prior to that, she served as executive director of Prudential plc and CEO of Prudential UK, Europe and Africa from 2013 to 2015. She served as group CFO of Standard Life from 2010 to 2013. Ms. Hunt has also held a number of senior management positions in companies including Aviva, Hibernian Group, Norwich Union Insurance, PricewaterhouseCoopers and RSA Insurance.

*Independent Director;
Corporate Governance and
Nominating Committee
Member; Human Capital
and Compensation
Committee Member*

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *Executive/management experience*
- *Financial expertise*
- *Industry experience*

Ms. Hunt currently serves on the public company boards of Standard Chartered PLC, a multi-national bank with operations in consumer, corporate and institutional banking, and treasury services, and the Man Group PLC, an active investment management business. She also serves on the board of Rothesay Life PLC, the UK's pensions insurance specialist. Ms. Hunt holds a Bachelor of Commerce and a Bachelor of Accounting degree from the University of the Witwatersrand and earned the Chartered Accountant designation.

The Board has concluded that Ms. Hunt should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, her industry experience, her significant management experience at various global companies, as well as her financial expertise. The Board believes that Ms. Hunt's industry experience and management experience provide significant insight into global management and strategy as well as financial and risk management.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)

*Independent Director;
Corporate Governance
and Nominating
Committee Member;
Human Capital and
Compensation Committee
Member*

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *CEO/management experience*
- *Financial expertise*
- *International business experience*

Paul Reilly

Mr. Reilly, 68, has served on the Board since October 1, 2022.

Mr. Reilly is currently the Chief Executive Officer and Chair of the board of Raymond James Financial, a multi-national independent investment bank and financial services company, having served as CEO since May 2010. Prior to that, he served on the firm's management team as president and CEO-designate from May 2009 to May 2010. He has served on the firm's board of directors since 2006. From July 2007 to April 2009, Mr. Reilly was Executive Chairman of Korn/Ferry International, a global provider of talent management solutions with more than 90 offices in 39 countries throughout North America, Latin America, Europe, the Middle East, Africa and Asia Pacific. Mr. Reilly began his tenure with Korn/Ferry International as Chairman and CEO in 2001. Prior to that, he was CEO at KPMG International, a global network of professional services firms and one of the Big Four accounting organization, where he was responsible for the overall strategy and implementation of the firm's products, services and infrastructure on a global basis. Before being named CEO at KPMG, Mr. Reilly ran the firm's financial services business and earlier had held senior management positions in its real estate consulting group.

Mr. Reilly serves as the Chair of the American Securities Association (ASA) and as a member of the Board at Large of the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA). He is also active with the Bank Policy Institute. Mr. Reilly's charitable causes include involvement with the National Leadership Roundtable on Church Management and Our Lady of Divine Providence House of Prayer in Clearwater, Florida. Formerly, he acted as a board member of United Way Suncoast and as the Chair of the American Heart Association Heart Walk and Heart Ball. He received his Bachelor of Science degree and MBA from the University of Notre Dame and remains active with the school, serving the Business Advisory Council, and being recognized as a recipient of the Distinguished Alumnus Award in 2004-2005. In addition to his degrees, he earned the Certified Public Accountant designation.

The Board has concluded that Mr. Reilly should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, his significant experience as CEO at both a financial services company and a professional services company as well as his international business experience and financial expertise. The Board believes that Mr. Reilly's relevant executive management and public company board experience provides significant insight into global strategy and operations.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)



*Independent Director;
Human Capital and
Compensation Committee
Chair; Operational
Transformation Committee
Member*

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *Executive/management
experience*
- *Technology experience*
- *Operational
transformation
experience*

Michelle Swanback

Michelle Swanback, 54, has served on the Board since January 1, 2022.

Ms. Swanback is currently CEO of TTEC Engage, a business unit of TTEC. Previously, she served as President, Product and Platform, of The Western Union Company from 2020 to 2022. From 2014 to 2020, Ms. Swanback served as the Group Operating Officer at Accenture Digital. She previously served as the lead for Accenture Technology, North America, from 2012 to 2014. She also served as a managing director in the North American operating unit of the Accenture Communications, Media, and Technology operating group from 2011 to 2012. Ms. Swanback has a Bachelor of Science, Computer Information Systems and Finance from Colorado State University, and completed the IMD Executive Management program at Lausanne in Switzerland.

The Board has concluded that Ms. Swanback should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, her executive management experience as well as her technology and operational transformation experience. The Board believes that Ms. Swanback's experience, including her leadership positions at global technology companies, provides significant insight into the Company's global operations and information technology.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)

*Independent Director;
Non-Executive Chair of the
Board of Directors;
Operational Transformation
Committee Chair*; Audit
and Risk Committee
Member*

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *CEO/management experience*
- *Relevant board and committee experience*
- *Financial expertise*

** Service as Operational Transformation Committee Chair to conclude effective as of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM*

Paul Thomas

Paul Thomas, 66, has served on the Board since January 4, 2016, as Chair of the Operational Transformation Committee since January 2022 and non-Executive Chair of the Board since the conclusion of the 2022 AGM. Prior to that, starting in January 2010, Mr. Thomas served on the legacy Towers Watson board of directors, prior to the merger between Towers Watson and Willis Group Holdings in 2016, and as a member of the Audit Committee and the Risk Committee.

From November 2016 through March 2019, Mr. Thomas served as Senior Advisor of ProAmpac, a leading global flexible packaging company. Mr. Thomas retired on March 31, 2016 from his role as senior executive with the Rank Group NA, a position he had held since January 2011. He was previously the CEO of Reynolds Packaging Group from February 2008 through January 2011, when Alcoa sold the Reynolds Packaging Group business to the Rank Group. Mr. Thomas joined Alcoa in 1978 and, prior to the sale of its packaging businesses, most recently served as Executive Vice President for Alcoa and Group President for its Packaging and Consumer businesses. His prior roles included Executive Vice President responsible for the Alcoa Rolled and Engineered Products Group and Executive Vice President for People and Culture. Mr. Thomas holds a B.S. in Metallurgical Engineering and Material Sciences from Lehigh University and an Executive M.B.A. from the University of Tennessee.

The Board has concluded that Mr. Thomas should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, his significant experience as CEO or a senior executive at various large global companies, including his service as senior executive of the Rank Group NA, CEO of Reynolds Packaging Group and Executive Vice President of Alcoa. The Board believes that Mr. Thomas's relevant management and Committee experience provides significant insight into financial and risk management as well as global strategy and operations.

Proposal No. 1: Elect Directors (continued)



*Independent Director;
Audit and Risk Committee
Member; Corporate
Governance and
Nominating Committee
Member*

*Director qualification
highlights include:*

- *CEO/management
experience*
- *Financial expertise*
- *International business
expertise*

Fredric Tomczyk

Fredric Tomczyk, 67, has served on the Board since April 1, 2023.

Mr. Tomczyk previously served as president and CEO of TD Ameritrade from 2008 to 2016 and, prior to that, as Chief Operating Officer from 2007 to 2008 with responsibility for the implementation of the company's growth strategy.

Prior to joining TD Ameritrade, Mr. Tomczyk served as the vice chair of corporate operations for TD Bank Group from 2002 through 2007. He also held a number of executive roles for Canada Trust, which later became TD Canada Trust. Prior to joining Canada Trust in 1998, he served as the president and CEO of London Life.

Mr. Tomczyk currently serves on the public company boards of CBOE Global Markets, Inc., a securities exchange holding company, and Sagen MI Canada, where he also serves as lead independent director and as a director of its operating subsidiary, Sagen Mortgage Insurance Company Canada. Mr. Tomczyk holds a B.S. degree in applied economics and business management from Cornell University and earned the Chartered Accountant designation.

The Board has concluded that Mr. Tomczyk should continue to serve on the Board due to, among other things, his significant experience as CEO at a financial services company as well as his financial expertise. The Board believes that Mr. Tomczyk's management and directorship experience provides significant insight into global management, strategy and risk management.

Corporate Governance

The Company believes good governance is critical to achieving long-term shareholder value. We are committed to governance policies and practices that serve the long-term interests of the Company and its shareholders.

Corporate Governance Highlights

- Separate CEO and independent Board Chair roles for the last several years.
- Formal CEO succession planning process.
- Share ownership guidelines for directors and executive officers.
- Directors and employees prohibited from hedging Company shares.
- Directors and executive officers prohibited from having margin accounts and pledging Company shares.
- Majority voting for directors in uncontested elections; directors that do not receive a majority vote are not elected to the Board.
- Ongoing approach to Board refreshment and Board succession to meet evolving Board composition and Company needs.
- Active Board participation in management succession and oversight of Company strategic planning.
- Formal Board and Board Committee oversight of ESG initiatives, risks and disclosures.
- Annual Board and Committee self-evaluations.
- Semi-annual shareholder engagement.
- No poison pill.
- Shareholders holding 10% of the Company's share capital can convene a special meeting.
- Conditional director resignations required for the Governance Committee's and the Board's consideration in the event a director experiences materially changed circumstances.
- Annual elections of directors.
- Regular executive sessions of independent directors.
- Limit on the number of public boards on which directors may serve and assessment of a director's continued service if he or she accepts membership on another public board.
 - For each director, other than a director who serves an executive officer at WTW or any other public company, maximum of three other public company boards (in addition to WTW). All directors are in compliance.
 - For each director who serves as a public company executive officer (including WTW's CEO), maximum of one other public company board (in addition to WTW). All directors are in compliance.
- Majority of directors required to be independent. Other than the CEO, the current slate is wholly comprised of independent directors.
- Annual review of Board Committee composition.
- Proxy access proactively implemented.
- Onboarding and regular continuing director education.
- Board composition, reflecting diversity of gender, ethnicity and nationality, and varied backgrounds and skill sets, including as follows as of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM (assuming all Company-nominated directors are elected):
 - 40% of directors identify as female;
 - 10% of directors identify as LGBT+;
 - 10% of directors identify as Black;
 - 60% of directors have non-U.S. citizenship; and
 - 75% of Board Committee chairs are diverse.

Corporate Governance (continued)**Board and Committee Member Independence**

Based on the recommendation of the Governance Committee, the Board has determined that, with the exception of Mr. Hess, (i) each of the current directors and director nominees and (ii) each of the Board Committee members is independent under the relevant U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) rules, NASDAQ listing standards and the Board’s Director Independence Standards. The Board’s Director Independence Standards are part of the Company’s Corporate Governance Guidelines, which were adopted by the Board and which comply with the requirements of NASDAQ listing standards.

As discussed above, each director has significant experience and affiliations with other organizations that bring relevant expertise to the oversight of the Company. In evaluating the independence of each director, the Governance Committee considered that, in the ordinary course of business, the Company provides services (such as insurance broking or consulting services) to, receives services from, or provides charitable donations to, certain organizations affiliated with the directors by virtue of directorship, employment status or share ownership. In addition, in the ordinary course of business and on an arm’s-length basis, certain directors receive broking services from the Company on a personal basis. The Governance Committee determined that, in all of the above cases, the transactions do not impair the relevant director’s independence under the applicable SEC rules, NASDAQ listing standards or the Board’s Director Independence Standards.

Board Meetings and Attendance

The Board met formally six times in 2022. Additionally, the Board and its Committees met informally with management on numerous occasions during the course of the year to discuss, among other things, strategic, operational, management, compensation and governance issues. The independent directors held separate executive sessions without management either before or after each of the Board’s regularly scheduled meetings in 2022. The Non-Executive Chair of the Board chaired each executive session. Neither the CEO nor any member of management at any level attends the executive sessions of the independent directors unless invited to discuss a particular matter.

All directors are expected to make every effort to attend meetings of the Board and the Board Committees on which they serve as well as each AGM. All directors who were on the Board in 2022 attended at least 75% of the aggregate number of meetings held by the Board and any Board Committee on which they served in 2022. Further, all directors who were on the Board at that time participated in the 2022 AGM.

Board Leadership Structure

As noted above, the members and chairs of each of the Board Committees are independent based on SEC, NASDAQ and governance standards. As a result, independent directors directly oversee such critical matters as the compensation policy for executive officers, nomination and corporate governance practices, and the integrity of financial statements and internal controls over financial reporting.

The Board has determined that the Company and its shareholders are currently best served by having the roles of Board Chair and CEO undertaken by different individuals, a structure that has been in place for over a decade. In the event they are not, the Corporate Governance Guidelines provide for the appointment of a Presiding Independent Director.

Mr. Thomas will serve as the Non-Executive Board Chair for a term to be renewed each year by the Board. Pursuant to the Company’s Corporate Governance Guidelines, the Non-Executive Chair:

- convenes and presides at executive sessions of the independent and non-management directors;
- serves as principal liaison on Board-related issues between the independent and non-management directors and the CEO and provides the CEO with feedback from executive sessions;

Corporate Governance (continued)

- prior to Board meetings, discusses with the CEO the information to be provided to directors and reviews and approves such information;
- approves Board meeting agenda items and, with the CEO, proposes for Board approval the Board's calendar, including the number and frequency of Board meetings, to ensure there is sufficient time for discussion of all agenda items;
- recommends to the Board the retention of outside advisors and consultants who report directly to the Board on Board-related issues;
- consults with the Governance Committee on the appointment of chairs and members for Board Committees;
- is available for consultation and communication with shareholders in appropriate circumstances, as instructed by the Board; and
- performs such other functions and responsibilities as requested by the Board from time to time.

Our Board Chair has actively participated in our multi-year Board succession and refreshment process.

Willis Towers Watson Board Committees

Critical matters such as the compensation policy for executive officers, nomination and corporate governance practices, and the integrity of financial statements and internal controls over financial reporting, and enterprise-wide risk management are overseen by the Board and its Committees, which are comprised solely of independent directors.

The Board Committees, members and a description of each Committee's function are set forth below in further detail. Each of our Board Committees has its own respective charter, which can be found, along with our Corporate Governance Guidelines in the "Investor Relations — Corporate Governance" section of our website at www.wtwco.com. Copies are also available free of charge on request from the Company Secretary.

Corporate Governance (continued)**Board Committee Slates**

As of April 1, 2023, the Board Committee composition is as follows:

	Audit and Risk	Human Capital and Compensation	Corporate Governance and Nominating	Operational Transformation
Dame Inga Beale	X			X
Fumbi Chima	X		X	
Stephen Chipman (1)	X			X
Michael Hammond		X		X
Jacqueline Hunt (1)		X	X	
Carl Hess				
Brendan O'Neill (2)	X*		X	
Linda Rabbitt (2)		X	X*	
Michelle Swanback		X*		X
Paul Reilly		X	X	
Paul Thomas	X			X*
Fredric Tomczyk (1)	X		X	

* Designates Committee Chair

- (1) Messrs. Stephen Chipman and Fredric Tomczyk and Ms. Jacqueline Hunt joined the Board and their respective Board Committees as of April 1, 2023.
- (2) Dr. O'Neill and Ms. Rabbitt are retiring from the Board at the 2023 AGM.

As of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM, assuming all Company-nominated directors are elected, the Board Committee composition will be as follows:

	Audit and Risk	Human Capital and Compensation	Corporate Governance and Nominating	Operational Transformation
Dame Inga Beale	X*			X
Fumbi Chima	X		X*	
Stephen Chipman	X			X
Michael Hammond		X		X*
Jacqueline Hunt		X	X	
Carl Hess				
Michelle Swanback		X*		X
Paul Reilly		X	X	
Paul Thomas	X			X
Fredric Tomczyk	X		X	

Corporate Governance (continued)**General Description of Board Committee Responsibilities**

The **Audit and Risk Committee** generally assists the Board with overseeing the following:

- the integrity of the Company's financial statements;
- the selection and oversight of the independent auditors, including their compensation and retention;
- the Company's compliance with financial, legal and regulatory requirements;
- the independent auditors' qualifications and independence;
- the performance of the independent auditors and the Company's internal audit function;
- the Company's establishment and maintenance of proper internal accounting controls and procedures;
- the preparation of an audit committee report as required by the SEC for inclusion in the Company's annual proxy statement and as required by NASDAQ;
- the treatment of concerns regarding accounting, auditing, securities law and other matters reported by employees under the Company's whistleblower policy;
- the review of the Company's corporate and tax arrangements and structures in connection with the Directors' Compliance Statement contained in the Irish Statutory Accounts;
- the Company's identification and management of material enterprise risks;
- the overall enterprise risk management framework and practices used by the Company to identify, assess and manage key risks facing the Company and significant emerging risks;
- the development of plans for risk mitigation for the most significant risks to the Company and monitoring management's implementation of such plans, and the effectiveness generally of enterprise risk mitigation strategies and activities; and
- management's approach to risk identification, risk tolerance, risk assessment and risk management for strategic and financial risks facing the Company, as well as operational risks arising out of responsibilities identified in the Committee's charter, including without limitation risks related to compliance and internal control matters (it being acknowledged that other Board committees have responsibility with respect to the oversight of specified compensation and human capital risks, operational and operational transformation risks, and governance risks, as set forth in their charters).

The Audit and Risk Committee's focus on risk includes, strategic risk, including risks relating to strategic planning and execution, major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such risks, including risks relating to internal controls, disclosure controls and procedures, tax and pension matters, and mergers and acquisitions, among other items. In that regard, pursuant to its charter, the Audit and Risk Committee meets annually with the HCC Committee Chair concerning the HCC Committee's risk assessment of the Company's compensation programs. The Audit and Risk Committee is also responsible for reviewing new material transactions, products or services requiring Board approval and, in that connection, making recommendations to the Board regarding the adequacy of the Company's resources to performance its risk management responsibilities.

The Audit and Risk Committee provides an avenue for communication among internal audit, the independent auditors, management and the Board. The members of management that join the Committee meetings include, among others, the Chief Financial Officer, the Controller, the General Counsel as well as the Heads of Internal Audit and Compliance. In addition, the Audit and Risk Committee discusses with management and, if appropriate, the independent auditors, matters such as the guidelines and policies governing the process by which senior management and the relevant departments of the Company assess and manage the Company's exposure to risk relating to audit, financial disclosure, tax matters, pension matters and foreign exchange hedging. With respect to compliance, the Audit and Risk Committee discusses with the Chief Compliance Officer the compliance and regulatory risks of the Company, and receives a report outlining the main activities of the compliance function, material regulatory interactions review, progress against the annual compliance plan and the adequacy of

Corporate Governance (continued)

resources. The Committee also discusses with the General Counsel any significant legal matters that may have a material effect on the Company. There is also an overlap of members between the Audit & Risk Committee and Operational Transformation Committee to ensure proper oversight of all Company risks.

Both Dr. O'Neill and Dame Inga Beale are independent audit committee financial experts, as defined by Regulation S-K, and all Audit and Risk Committee members are financially sophisticated under NASDAQ listing standards in light of their financial experience.

In 2022, the Audit and Risk Committee met formally six times. In addition to holding formal meetings, the Audit and Risk Committee members met informally during the course of the year to discuss and review financial matters related to the Company and its SEC filings, including earnings releases. The Audit and Risk Committee also frequently meets in executive sessions, including separate meetings with management, the internal auditors and external auditors.

The **HCC Committee** generally assists the Board with the following:

- establishing, in consultation with senior management, the Company's general compensation philosophy and overseeing the development and implementation of compensation programs in accordance with the philosophy;
- reviewing and approving annual corporate goals and objectives relevant to the compensation of the CEO, evaluating the performance of the CEO in light of those goals and objectives, and (either as a Committee or together with the other independent directors) determining and approving the CEO's compensation based on this evaluation, which compensation shall be ratified by the independent directors of the Board;
- with respect to the executive officers other than the CEO, after consideration of the CEO's recommendations, reviewing and approving annual corporate goals and objectives relevant to their compensation, evaluating their performance in light of those goals and objectives and determining and approving their compensation;
- reviewing and approving compensation policies applicable to the executive officers;
- evaluating executive compensation competitive practices and trends;
- reviewing and approving incentive compensation plans for the executive officers, and equity-based plans, subject to any necessary shareholder approval;
- in consultation with senior management, overseeing regulatory compliance with respect to compensation matters;
- reviewing and discussing with senior management the Compensation Discussion and Analysis and approving its inclusion in the Company's Proxy Statement and Annual Report on Form 10-K;
- reviewing the results of the "say-on-pay" and "say-on-frequency" proposals included in this Proxy Statement and the appropriate response;
- providing input and advice on the implementation of the Company's human capital and talent strategy, including recruiting and development strategies, inclusion and diversity initiatives and the development of senior leaders.
- making recommendations to the Board on the compensation for non-employee directors, Board Committee Chairs and Board Committee members;
- making recommendations to the Board on director and executive officer share ownership guidelines and monitor compliance therewith;
- annually evaluating the independence of the Committee's compensation consultants, legal counsel and/or other advisors, taking into consideration the factors enumerated in NASDAQ listing standards;
- reviewing the nature of services provided by the Committee's compensation consultant, any remuneration provided to such consultant and evaluating, in accordance with SEC rules, whether any conflict of interest exists with respect to such consultant;

Corporate Governance (continued)

- reviewing an assessment of the Company's compensation programs to determine whether they create risks that would be reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

In 2022, the HCC Committee met formally four times. In addition to holding formal meetings, the Committee members met informally during the course of the year to discuss compensation-related matters and acted from time to time by unanimous written consent. After regularly scheduled meetings, the Committee also met in executive session, which included meetings with the compensation consultant.

In 2022, the Compensation Committee recommended the Board change its name to the "Human Capital and Compensation Committee" to more adequately reflect its scope of responsibilities beyond the assessment of compensation to that including human capital and talent matters.

The **Governance Committee** generally assists the Board with the following:

- recommending to the Board, in light of the Board's qualifications, the director nominees to stand for election by shareholders and in the event of any director vacancy;
- developing and recommending director independence standards to the Board, periodically reviewing those standards and evaluating directors' independence;
- developing and recommending to the Board the director selection process for identifying, considering and recommending candidates to the Board and director qualification standards for use in selecting new nominees and periodically reviewing the process and standards;
- assisting the Board in its evaluation of its non-employee directors' time commitments, including with respect to other board leadership positions;
- reviewing the appropriateness of continued service on the Board of members whose circumstances have changed, including if members contemplate accepting a directorship at another company or an appointment to an audit committee of another company;
- making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to director tenure, which may include the retirement of Board members, term limits or a mandatory retirement age;
- establishing, overseeing and recommending the purpose, structure and operations of the various Board Committees, and the qualifications and criteria for membership on each Board Committee;
- recommending to the Board, from time to time, changes the Committee believes is desirable to the size of the Board or any Committee thereof;
- recommending to the Board a nominee for Chair (or, if applicable, recommending to the independent and non-management directors a nominee for Presiding Independent Director) and recommending to the Board the nominees and the Chair for each Board Committee;
- reviewing periodically and recommending changes to the Board, from time to time, to the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines;
- reviewing the orientation process for all new directors and a continuing education program for all directors;
- developing a policy with regards to the Committee's consideration of any director candidates recommended by the Company's shareholders and consider director candidates recommended by the Company's shareholders in accordance with such policy;
- administering and overseeing, on behalf of the Board, the evaluation process for the overall effectiveness of the Board (including the effectiveness of the Board Committees and the Board's performance of its governance responsibilities);
- reviewing succession plans prepared by management for all senior management;
- overseeing the Company's ESG initiatives (except as delegated to other Board Committees), with the relevant Board Committees managing their specific ESG responsibilities as set forth in their respective charters, and reporting to the Board, as appropriate;

Corporate Governance (continued)

- reviewing the Company's ESG disclosure in the Proxy Statement;
- approving any charitable contributions over a threshold delegated by the Board;
- reviewing any Company shareholder engagement plans, including referring to another Board Committee for review, if appropriate, or otherwise making recommendations to the Board with respect to shareholder proposals properly submitted for inclusion in the Proxy Statement or for consideration at an AGM; and
- reviewing government relations activities and overseeing any policies regarding political activity.

The Governance Committee believes in fostering strong governance practices and, from time to time, reviews governance principles set out by investors or other outside groups.

In 2022, the Governance Committee met formally four times. After each regularly scheduled meeting, the Governance Committee also met in executive session. In addition to holding formal meetings, the Committee members also met informally on numerous occasions during the course of the year to discuss governance-related matters, including director succession.

The **Operational Transformation Committee** generally assists the Board with the following:

- helping to oversee the implementation of the Transformation Program, which aims to achieve significant run rate cost savings by the end of 2024;
- overseeing risk management in relation to the Transformation Program and arising out of the Company's operational processes and functions that support the Company's business;
- discussing and reviewing with management efforts to develop, implement and monitor the Transformation Program and drive operational efficiencies;
- receiving reports and presentations from management and outside advisors regarding operational risk areas covered by the Committee's charter; and
- conferring with the Audit and Risk Committee Chair with respect to risk assessments relating to the Transformation Program.

The Operational Transformation Committee was formed effective as of January 1, 2022, and has a term ending on December 31, 2024, concurrent with the conclusion of the Company's Transformation Program. The Operational Transformation Committee's risk oversight includes, among other items, risks related to technology, cybersecurity and information security, processes that support quality control within the businesses, market-derived income governance, business continuity activities, market security processes, supplier management, material new products and services that create significant operational risks, and climate-related operational risks, if identified as having a material impact on the business strategy or operations.

In 2022, the Operational Transformation Committee met formally four times. After each regularly scheduled meeting, the Operational Transformation Committee also met in executive session. In addition to holding formal meetings, the Committee members also met informally on a regular basis during the course of the year to discuss matters related to the Company's Transformation Program. Finally, Ms. Chima, who is not a member of the Operational Transformation Committee but has experience in information technology and oversight of information security, typically attends the cybersecurity discussions held at the Operational Transformation Committee.

Director Nomination and Selection Process

The Governance Committee identifies potential director nominees by preparing a candidate profile based upon the current Board's strengths and needs, including based on the Company's strategy and goals for the future, and through a variety of sources, including by engaging search firms, considering input from stakeholders or utilizing the professional networks of the Board and senior management. Nominees must meet minimum qualification standards with respect to a variety of criteria including integrity, reputation, judgment, knowledge, experience, maturity, skills and personality, commitment and independence. The Governance Committee may also take into

Corporate Governance (continued)

consideration additional factors that it may deem appropriate, which may include, among other factors, experience with business and other organizations, the interplay of the candidate's experience with the experience of other Board members and the extent to which the candidate would be a desirable addition to the Board and any committee thereof.

Further, the Board believes it is important to maintain diversity among its members and is committed to the principles of diversity and inclusion, broadly interpreted to include viewpoints, background, experience, industry knowledge and geography, as well as more traditional characteristics of diversity, such as age, race, ethnicity, gender and sexual orientation, as self-identified by the directors. In recommending candidates for nomination or renomination to the Board, the Governance Committee will consider, in connection with director qualification criteria, the composition of the Board as a whole. During its multi-year Board succession and refreshment process, the Governance Committee considered a wide slate of potential candidates, including women as well as racially and ethnically diverse candidates.

With feedback from the Board members, members of the Governance Committee initiate contact with preferred candidates and, following feedback from interviews conducted by Governance Committee and Board members, recommend candidates to join the Board. The Governance Committee has the authority to retain a search firm to assist with this process. The Governance Committee considers candidates nominated by shareholders and ensures that such nominees are given appropriate consideration in the same manner as other candidates. Recommendations may be submitted to any member of the Governance Committee pursuant to the procedures set forth below under "Communications with Shareholders and Other Constituencies" by writing to the Company Secretary at corporatesecretary@wtwco.com.

The Board's Role in Risk Oversight

The Company's management is responsible for the day-to-day management of risks and the Board, including through its Committees, is responsible for understanding and overseeing the various risks facing the Company. Effective risk oversight is an important priority of the Board.

The Board implements its risk oversight function both as a whole through an overall review of risk in consideration of the Company's long-term strategies, human capital, and in the transactions and other matters presented to the Board, including capital expenditures, acquisitions and divestitures, and financial matters, and through delegation to its Committees, which meet regularly and report back to the Board. Further, members of the Board with particular expertise in important areas of risk, including financial, insurance and other areas of strategic importance, provide important insight to the Board and, as appropriate, its Committees, in considering these risks.

To ensure that the Board executes on its priorities with an appropriate focus on risk generally, effective January 1, 2022, the Board formed a separate Operational Transformation Committee in addition to combining its Audit and Risk Committees. The Board has generally delegated, through respective Board Committee Charters, (i) to the Audit and Risk Committee, the primary responsibility of assisting the Board in its oversight of the enterprise risk management framework, policies and practices used by the Company to identify, assess and manage key risks facing the Company, including financial and strategic risks as well as risks relating to compliance and internal control matters, tax matters and pension matters, among other matters; and (ii) to the Operational Transformation Committee, the oversight of risks arising out of the Company's operations that support the Company's businesses, including risks relating to the Transformation Program, risks related to technology, cybersecurity and information security, processes that support quality control within the businesses, market-derived income governance, business continuity activities, market security processes, supplier management, material new products and services that create significant operational risks, and climate-related operational risks, if identified as having a material impact on the business strategy or operations, among other matters. The Board has also delegated to its other Committees the oversight of risks within their areas of responsibility and expertise. For information on the Board Committees, their responsibilities and areas of risk oversight, see the section above entitled "— General Description of Board Committee Responsibilities" and "— ESG Oversight and Activities."

Corporate Governance (continued)

The Company believes that its Board leadership and Committee structure supports the risk oversight function of the Board. Moreover, the Board's role in risk oversight of the Company is consistent with the Company's leadership structure, with the CEO and other members of senior management having responsibility for assessing and managing the Company's risk exposure, and the Board and its Committees providing oversight in connection with those efforts. Management regularly communicates with the Board, its Committees and individual directors about significant risks identified and how they are being managed. The Board also oversees management's crisis preparedness planning.

To learn more about risks facing the Company, review the factors included in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ending December 31, 2022 as updated by subsequent filings by the Company with the SEC. The risks described in such filings are not the only risks facing the Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known or that may currently be deemed to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect the Company's business, financial condition or results of operations in future periods.

ESG Oversight and Activities

In 2019, the Company formed a cross-functional management committee (the ESG Taskforce) to coordinate and facilitate communication of the Company's ESG initiatives applicable to its own operations. Information on our ESG commitments and the various ESG-related awards we have received is available on our website at <https://www.wtco.com/en-US/About-Us/environmental-social-and-governance>; this information is not part of or incorporated by reference into this Proxy Statement.

With respect to Board oversight of ESG matters in general, the Board takes an approach that the most appropriate Committee should maintain oversight over a particular issue rather than concentrating all ESG initiatives into any one Committee. The Committees report to the Board as appropriate. For example:

- The Governance Committee has general oversight of ESG initiatives (with the relevant Board Committees managing their specific ESG responsibilities as set forth in their respective charters), reviews ESG disclosure in the proxy statement and discusses with management, on at least an annual basis, its corporate social responsibility initiatives, which include the Company's environmental sustainability program and charitable contributions.
- The Audit and Risk Committee has the primary responsibility of assisting the Board in its oversight of the framework, policies and practices used by management to identify, assess and manage key strategic and operational risks (other than with respect to operational transformation and risks overseen by the Operational Transformation Committee or other Committees) facing the Company. The Audit and Risk Committee reviews ESG reporting and financial disclosure included in documents filed with the SEC or required under Irish law.
- The Operational Transformation Committee oversees risks arising out of the Company's operational processes and functions that support the Company's businesses; as such, it reviews business continuity risks, including climate-related operational risks, if identified as having a material impact on the business strategy or operations.
- The HCC Committee reviews talent and culture, including inclusion and diversity, as well as social initiatives such as gender pay gap reporting.

ESG Commitments

Our clients, colleagues and other stakeholders expect us to conduct our business with integrity and in an environmentally and socially responsible manner. We take these expectations seriously and, consistent with what we believe enhances long-term value, have embraced principles that are aligned with our business priorities, are consistent with our commitment to ethical and sustainable practices and demonstrate our respect for those communities in which we operate across the globe.

Corporate Governance (continued)

To reinforce our commitments, we have in place our ESG Taskforce to provide central governance over our ESG efforts across the organization and to ensure our commitments are aligned with the Company's strategic priorities. The ESG Taskforce is sponsored by our General Counsel, Chief Financial Officer and Chief Administrative Officer, and comprises representatives from across the business segments and corporate functions.

To learn more about our ESG principles, commitments and related statements, including our Inclusion & Diversity report (which includes EEO-1 data), TCFD Statement and SASB disclosures, visit: <https://www.wtwco.com/en-US/About-Us/environmental-social-and-governance>. The information on, or accessible through, our website is not part of or incorporated by reference into this Proxy Statement.

Non-Employee Director Compensation

Willis Towers Watson's non-employee director compensation takes into account, among other things, the Company's size and complexity as well as the compensation paid by its peer companies and other similarly situated Irish-domiciled, U.S.-listed companies.

In May 2022, the Board adopted a revised Compensation Policy and Share Ownership Guidelines for Non-Employee Directors (the "NED Compensation Policy"), which, among other things, eliminated additional cash fees for Board Committee membership and provided for a currency election with respect to cash fees and expense reimbursements. Prior to the adoption of the revised NED Compensation Policy, Audit and Risk Committee members and Operational Transformation Committee members each received an additional \$15,000 cash fee, Compensation Committee members received an additional \$12,500 cash fee and Governance Committee members received an additional \$10,000 cash fee.

Outlined below are the fees paid to the non-employee directors for each term of service (which runs from the date of the AGM to the date of the next meeting the subsequent year) under the NED Compensation Policy currently in effect.

All Non-Employee Directors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$125,000 cash fee, payable 100% in equity at the non-employee director's election; and • time-based restricted share units equal to \$200,000 that vest in full on the earlier of (x) the one-year anniversary of the grant date and (y) the next subsequent AGM following the grant date.
Non-Executive Chair of the Board	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$200,000, payable 50% in equity and 50% in cash, or 100% in equity at the Non-Executive Chair's election. • If the Chair of the Board also serves as a Chair of a Committee, he or she is not permitted to receive Committee Chair fees.
Audit and Risk Committee Chair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$25,000 cash fee
Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee Chair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$12,500 cash fee
Human Capital and Compensation Committee Chair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$15,000 cash fee
Operational Transformation Committee Chair	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • \$25,000 cash fee

Corporate Governance (continued)

The following table sets forth cash and other compensation paid or accrued to the non-employee directors of Willis Towers Watson during 2022. The below compensation includes the Board Committee membership cash fees paid to the non-employee directors through the 2022 AGM held in June 2022; as stated above, after that date, pursuant to the revised NED Compensation Policy, the non-employee directors did not receive additional cash fees for Board Committee membership and the Board Chair did not receive Committee Chair fees. The table does not reflect compensation paid to the new directors who joined the Board in 2023.

Willis Towers Watson Non-Employee Director	Fees Earned or Paid in Cash (\$)	Share Awards (\$ (1))	All Other Compensation (\$ (2))	Total (\$)
Dame Inga Beale (3)	138,104	200,000	—	338,104
Fumbi Chima (4)	28,022	325,000	—	353,022
Michael Hammond (5)	137,012	200,000	—	337,012
Brendan O'Neill (6)	154,368	200,000	—	354,368
Linda Rabbitt (7)	16,868	325,000	—	341,868
Paul Reilly	31,250	150,000	—	181,250
Michelle Swanback (8)	145,460	200,000	—	345,460
Paul Thomas (9)	198,791	300,000	—	498,791

- (1) On June 8, 2022, each of the non-employee directors received 968 time-based restricted share units ("RSUs"), except for (i) Mses. Chima and Rabbitt who each received 1,574 RSUs in connection with their base director fee equity election; (ii) Mr. Reilly who received a pro-rated equity award of 746 RSUs in connection with his October 1, 2022 commencement date; and (iii) Mr. Thomas who received 1,453 RSUs in connection with his Non-Executive Chair fee. The RSUs vest in full on the earlier of the one-year anniversary of the grant date and the Company's 2023 AGM. The share award value shown is the full fair value as of the date of grant.
- (2) The Company reimburses directors for reasonable travel and related expenses incurred in connection with their participation in Board or Board Committee meetings. The Company also hired tax consultants, whose fees are expected to be approximately €15,000 in the aggregate, in Dublin, Ireland and the U.S. to prepare the directors' Irish and U.S. 2022 tax documentation.
- (3) The above fees reflect Dame Inga Beale's role as a member of both the Audit and Risk Committee and the Operational Transformation Committee.
- (4) The above fees reflect Ms. Chima's role as a member of both the Audit and Risk Committee and the Governance Committee.
- (5) The above fees reflect Mr. Hammond's role as a member of both the HCC Committee and the Operational Transformation Committee.
- (6) The above fees reflect Dr. O'Neill's role as Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee and a member of the Governance Committee. In 2022, Dr. O'Neill also served as a board member of Willis Limited, the Company's principal insurance brokerage subsidiary outside of the U.S., pursuant to which he received an annual cash fee of £50,000.
- (7) The above fees reflect Ms. Rabbitt's role as Chair of the Governance Committee and a member of the HCC Committee.
- (8) The above fees reflect Ms. Swanback's role as Chair of HCC Committee and a member of the Operational Transformation Committee.
- (9) The above fees reflect Mr. Thomas's role as Chair of the Operational Transformation Committee and a member of the Audit and Risk Committee.

Corporate Governance (continued)

Share Ownership Guidelines

Under our share ownership guidelines, which is reviewed with the HCC Committee, non-employee directors are required to accumulate Willis Towers Watson shares equal to five times the directors' annual cash retainer of \$125,000 (*i.e.*, \$625,000) within eight years of (i) their appointment to the board of their respective legacy company (for legacy Willis Group or legacy Towers Watson directors who serve on the Board) or (ii) their appointment to the Board. The threshold dollar amount is intended to ensure alignment with the Company's long-term strategy and the time period is intended to attract and retain qualified new board members and candidates. Ordinary shares, deferred shares, share equivalents, RSUs and restricted shares count toward satisfying the guidelines, but options to purchase shares do not. Each director is prohibited from transferring these shares until six months after he or she leaves Board service (other than to satisfy tax obligations on the vesting/distribution of existing equity awards), but is permitted to transfer any shares in excess of this amount. If, as a result of share price decline subsequent to a non-employee director meeting the ownership requirement, the non-employee director no longer satisfies the ownership requirement, he or she is not required to buy additional shares to meet the ownership requirement. In the event a non-employee director has not met the share ownership requirement, he or she is prohibited from transferring any Willis Towers Watson shares (other than to satisfy tax obligations on the vesting/distribution of existing equity awards). In the case of financial hardship, the ownership guidelines may be waived in the discretion of the HCC Committee until the hardship no longer applies or such other appropriate time as the Committee determines. All current non-employee directors have satisfied their share ownership requirements.

The following table sets forth the non-employee directors' equity ownership as of December 31, 2022. It does not reflect the equity granted to the new directors who joined the Board in 2023.

Non-Employee Director	Shares	RSUs
Dame Inga Beale	147	968
Fumbi Chima	58	1,574
Michael Hammond	147	968
Brendan O'Neill	6,520	968
Linda Rabbitt	13,973	1,574
Paul Reilly	48 (1)	746
Michelle Swanback	147	968
Paul Thomas	10,953	1,453

(1) Mr. Reilly's 48 shares are held via revocable trust.

For more information regarding the number of shares beneficially owned by each director as of March 20, 2023, see the section entitled "Additional Information — Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management — Directors, Director Nominees, Named Executive Officers and Other Executive Officers."

Review and Approval of Related Person Transactions

The Company has adopted written policies and procedures governing the review and approval of transactions between the Company and any of its directors or executive officers, director nominees, any security holder who is known to the Company to own of record or beneficially more than 5% of any class of the Company's voting securities or their immediate family members (each, a "Related Person") to determine whether such persons have a direct or indirect material interest. The Company's directors, director nominees and executive officers complete an annual director and officer questionnaire, which requires the disclosure of Related Person transactions. In addition, directors, director nominees and executive officers are obligated to advise the Audit and Risk Committee of any Related Person transaction of which they are aware, or become aware, and, in the event that any such transactions involve difficult or complex issues, the directors and executive officers are obligated to advise the

Corporate Governance (continued)

General Counsel. Further, transactions that are determined to be directly or indirectly material to a Related Person are disclosed in the Company's Proxy Statement or Annual Report on Form 10-K in accordance with SEC rules. The Audit and Risk Committee reviews and approves or ratifies any Related Person transaction that is required to be disclosed. In the course of its review and approval or ratification of a disclosable related person transaction, the Audit and Risk Committee considers, among other factors it deems appropriate:

- the position within or relationship of the Related Person with the Company;
- the materiality of the transaction to the Related Person and the Company, including the dollar value of the transaction, without regard to profit or loss;
- the business purpose for and reasonableness of the transaction (including the anticipated profit or loss from the transaction), taken in the context of the alternatives available to the Company for attaining the purposes of the transaction;
- whether the transaction is comparable to a transaction that could be available on an arms-length basis or is on terms that the Company offers generally to persons who are not Related Persons;
- whether the transaction is in the ordinary course of the Company's business and was proposed and considered in the ordinary course of business; and
- the effect of the transaction on the Company's business and operations, including on the Company's internal control over financial reporting and system of disclosure controls or procedures, and any additional conditions or controls (including reporting and review requirements) that should be applied to such transaction.

Any member of the Audit and Risk Committee who is a Related Person with respect to a transaction under review may not participate in the deliberations or vote regarding the approval or ratification of the transaction, provided, however, that such director may be counted in determining the presence of a quorum at a meeting at which the Audit and Risk Committee considers the transaction.

2022 Related Person Transactions under Item 404 of Regulation S-K

BlackRock, Inc. ("BlackRock") filed a Schedule 13G/A with the SEC reporting that, as of December 31, 2022, BlackRock and certain of its subsidiaries were beneficial owners of more than 5% of our outstanding shares. During 2022, BlackRock Advisors (UK) provided services to Willis Group Services Limited with respect to Willis Pension Trustees Limited and the UK pensions scheme trust. BlackRock received approximately \$180,000 for these services and software solutions, which were provided in the ordinary course of business on an arm's-length basis.

Mr. Gene Wickes' son, Mr. Colin Wickes, is employed by the Company as a benefits advisory and compliance consultant. Effective April 1, 2022, Mr. Colin Wickes' base salary was increased to \$104,900 and his target STI opportunity, subject to individual and company performance, was increased to 10% of base salary; both are aligned with the compensation structure in place for other broad-based employees in similar roles. In 2022, Mr. Colin Wickes received approximately \$8,700 in pension and other benefits available to other broad-based employees in similar roles. Mr. Gene Wickes was not involved in any employment or compensation decision by the Company with respect to Mr. Colin Wickes. Mr. Gene Wickes oversees the Benefits Delivery & Administration business of the Company, and his son does not report to him directly or indirectly. No other transactions are required to be disclosed under Item 404 of Regulation S-K.

Code of Conduct

We have adopted a Code of Conduct applicable to all our directors, officers and employees, including our CEO, the CFO, the Principal Accounting Officer and all those involved in the Company's accounting functions. Our Code of Conduct can be found in the "Investor Relations — Corporate Governance" section of our website at www.wtwco.com. It is also available free of charge on request from the Company Secretary at corporatesecretary@wtwco.com. We intend to post on our website any amendments to, or waivers of, a provision of our Code of Conduct in accordance with Item 406 of Regulation S-K.

Corporate Governance (continued)**Communications with Shareholders and Other Constituencies**

The CEO is responsible for establishing effective communications with the Company's stakeholder groups, including shareholders, the press, analysts, clients, suppliers, governments and representatives of the communities in which it operates. It is the policy of the Company for the CEO to appoint individuals to communicate and interact fully with these stakeholders. The Chair or another spokesperson chosen by the Board will speak for the Board when the Board determines it is appropriate for the Board to have a distinct and separate spokesperson. Often the Board will look to senior management to speak for the Company; however, the Board is also committed to engaging with shareholders to promote open and sustained dialogue in a manner consistent with the Company's communications policies and procedures.

Non-employee directors are not precluded from communicating directly with shareholders or other constituencies about Company matters, although directors are required under the Corporate Governance Guidelines to coordinate with the Chair and senior management before doing so. An interested person may communicate with independent directors or the non-management directors as a group by writing to the Company Secretary at corporatesecretary@wtwco.com. The Company Secretary will forward the communication to the director(s) to whom it is addressed.

All communications should include the following information:

- if the person submitting the communication is a security holder, a statement of the type and amount of the securities of the Company that the person holds;
- if the person submitting the communication is not a security holder and is submitting the communication as an interested party, the nature of the person's interest; and
- the address, telephone number and e-mail address, if any, of the person submitting the communication.

Please note that communications may be shared with Company management.

Please see the section "Additional Information — Shareholder and Other Proposals for the 2023 AGM" at the end of this Proxy Statement for shareholders seeking to present a proposal for inclusion in the Company's proxy materials for the 2023 AGM.

Shareholder Outreach Program

The Company frequently engages with shareholders. Each year, during the spring and fall seasons, we reach out shareholders holding at least a majority of our shares and then discuss the feedback with our Board. The purpose of our year-round outreach is to foster relations with our shareholders by enhancing communications on corporate governance, executive compensation and environmental and social issues and providing our shareholders with a forum to discuss any questions they may have or voice any criticisms. We also use the opportunity to explain the various proposals included within the Proxy Statement. Members of management and directors have participated in discussions with shareholders.

The Governance and HCC Committees are both involved in the outreach program. Generally, we review our outreach plans and the results of our outreach efforts and discuss any significant feedback with both Committees (and the full Board, as appropriate). The Committees continue to value and consider shareholder feedback, among other factors, in their evaluation of the Company's executive compensation program and corporate governance structure.

In 2022, we reached out to shareholders holding approximately 60% of our outstanding shares, with approximately 40% of outstanding shares responding to the outreach in some manner. In connection with the 2022 proxy season outreach, shareholders were generally supportive of the Company's proposals, which we believe is evidenced by our 2022 Say-on-Pay proposal to approve the NEOs' compensation having received

Corporate Governance (continued)

approximately 96.7% of the votes cast in favor at the 2022 AGM. Further, we received feedback from certain shareholders and have incorporated that feedback in parts of our Board succession plans as discussed in the section entitled “Proposal No.1: Elect Directors — Multi-Year Board Succession and Refreshment” and in parts of our executive compensation programs, including generally aligning our incentive plans to external reporting and incorporating Free Cash Flow as a metric in our STI design for 2023.

Vote Required for Special Meetings

Shareholders holding 10% of the Company’s share capital have the ability to convene a special meeting.

Proposal No. 2: Advisory (Non-binding) Vote to Ratify the Appointment of the Independent Auditors and a Binding Vote to Authorize the Board of Directors, Acting through the Audit and Risk Committee, to Fix the Independent Auditors' Remuneration

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2023, the Willis Towers Watson Audit and Risk Committee approved, and the Board ratified, the appointment of (i) Deloitte & Touche LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, to audit the financial statements of Willis Towers Watson and (ii) Deloitte Ireland LLP, Independent Statutory Audit Firm, to audit the Irish Statutory Accounts of Willis Towers Watson. Deloitte & Touche LLP and Deloitte Ireland LLP are the respective U.S. and Irish member firms of the Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu Limited network.

We are seeking ratification of both of these appointments in a non-binding advisory vote from our shareholders at the 2023 AGM. We are not required to have our shareholders ratify the appointments of our independent auditors, but we are nonetheless doing so because we believe it to be a matter of good corporate governance practice. If our shareholders do not ratify the appointments, it will be regarded as notice to the Board and the Audit and Risk Committee to consider selecting different firms. Even if the appointments are ratified, the Audit and Risk Committee may select different independent auditors at any time if it determines that such selections would be in the best interest of Willis Towers Watson and our shareholders.

The Board unanimously recommends that you vote, on a non-binding advisory basis, "FOR" the ratification of the appointment of (i) Deloitte & Touche LLP as the Company's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm and (ii) Deloitte Ireland LLP as the Company's Statutory Audit Firm for the Irish Statutory Accounts; and, on a binding basis, the authorization of the Board, acting through the Audit and Risk Committee, to fix the independent auditors' remuneration.

A majority of the votes cast by shareholders at the 2023 AGM is required for the proposals. We expect that one or more representatives of Deloitte & Touche LLP and Deloitte Ireland LLP will be present at the 2023 AGM. Each of these representatives will have the opportunity to make a statement, if he or she desires, and is expected to be available to respond to appropriate questions.

The Audit and Risk Committee reviews the auditors' independence and performance in deciding whether to retain them or engage different independent auditors. In the course of this review, the Committee considers, among other things, the auditors':

- independence and process for maintaining independence;
- historical and recent performance on the audit;
- capability and expertise in handling the breadth and complexity of our worldwide operations;
- appropriateness of fees for audit and non-audit services; and
- status as a registered public accounting firm with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board ("PCAOB").

Proposal No. 2: Advisory (Non-binding) Vote to Ratify the Appointment of the Independent Auditors and a Binding Vote to Authorize the Board of Directors, Acting through the Audit and Risk Committee, to Fix the Independent Auditors' Remuneration (continued)

Fees Paid to the Independent Auditors

The fees that the Company incurs for audit, audit-related, tax and other professional services reflect the complexity and scope of the Company's operations, including:

- operations of the Company's subsidiaries in multiple, global jurisdictions in more than 140 countries;
- the complex, often overlapping regulations to which the Company and its subsidiaries are subject in each of those jurisdictions; and
- the operating companies' responsibility for preparing audited financial statements.

The following fees have been, or will be, billed by Deloitte & Touche LLP or its respective affiliates for professional services rendered to Willis Towers Watson for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (\$ in thousands).

	2022	2021
Audit fees (1)	\$16,007	\$19,927
Audit-related fees (2)	899	1,193
Tax fees (3)	217	236
All other fees (4)	59	24
Total fees	\$17,182	\$21,380

- (1) Fees for the audits of annual financial statements of Willis Towers Watson, reviews of the financial statements included in the quarterly reports for that fiscal year, audits relating to carve-out financial statements and statutory audits for subsidiary undertakings.
- (2) Fees for assurance and audit-related services that are traditionally performed by the Company's independent auditor, such as employee benefit plan audits, review of SEC filings and attest services not required by statute or regulation.
- (3) Tax fees comprise fees for various tax compliance, consultation and planning services.
- (4) All other fees includes other permitted services, which in 2022 and 2021, consisted of research, subscription-based fees and presentations.

Audit and Risk Committee Pre-approval Process

The Audit and Risk Committee has adopted a policy regarding the pre-approval of services provided by the Company's independent auditors, which can be found in the "Investor Relations — Corporate Governance" section of the Company's website at www.wtwco.com. This policy requires all services provided by the Company's independent auditors, both audit and permitted non-audit services, to be pre-approved by the (i) Audit and Risk Committee, (ii) the Audit and Risk Committee Chair or (iii) in the Chair's absence, any other independent member of the Committee ((ii) and (iii) defined as a "designated member"). The decisions of a designated member of the Audit and Risk Committee shall be reported to the Audit and Risk Committee at its next regularly scheduled meeting.

The pre-approval of audit and permitted non-audit services may be given at any time before engagement for a specified service. Further, the policy outlines the audit and non-audit services that have been pre-approved by the Audit and Risk Committee. Pre-approval fee levels for these services to be provided by the independent auditor will be established by the Audit and Risk Committee at an annual fee meeting and pre-approved for the 12 months thereafter. All other services not listed in the policy must be specifically pre-approved by the Audit and

Proposal No. 2: Advisory (Non-binding) Vote to Ratify the Appointment of the Independent Auditors and a Binding Vote to Authorize the Board of Directors, Acting through the Audit and Risk Committee, to Fix the Independent Auditors' Remuneration (continued)

Risk Committee or a designated member. For pre-approved services that arise between regularly scheduled Committee meetings and exceed the pre-approval fee levels set in the annual fee meeting, the Audit and Risk Committee has pre-approved an additional

pre-established fee level, which is to be administered by the Controller. The Audit and Risk Committee approved all services described in the “— Fees Paid to the Independent Auditors” section above in accordance with this policy.

Audit and Risk Committee Report

The Audit and Risk Committee is currently composed of six non-employee directors: Brendan O'Neill (Chair), Dame Inga Beale (who will succeed Dr. O'Neill as Chair, effective as of the conclusion of the 2023 AGM), Fumbi Chima, Stephen Chipman, Paul Thomas and Fredric Tomczyk. Both Dr. O'Neill and Dame Inga Beale are independent audit committee financial experts, as defined by Regulation S-K, and all Audit and Risk Committee members are considered to be financially sophisticated under NASDAQ listing standards in view of their respective financial expertise.

The Audit and Risk Committee operates under a Charter, which is described in detail under “Corporate Governance — Willis Towers Watson Board Committees.” Among its other responsibilities described in its Charter referenced above, the Audit and Risk Committee assists the Board in its oversight of the quality and integrity of the Company's financial reporting, internal controls over financial reporting, financial management processes and risk management at the Company and subsidiary level as well the appointment, retention, performance and compensation of the Company's independent auditor. The Audit and Risk Committee meets with members of management, including the Chief Financial Officer, the Controller, the General Counsel as well as the Heads of Internal Audit, Compliance and Risk. The Audit and Risk Committee's focus on risk relates to major financial risk exposure, pertaining to, among other items, regulatory, audit, financial disclosure, tax matters, pension matters and foreign exchange hedging, and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such risks. Executive management is responsible for the Company's financial statements and overall reporting process, including the system of internal controls. The independent auditors are responsible for conducting annual audits and quarterly reviews of the Company's financial statements in accordance with auditing standards of the PCAOB and expressing an opinion as to the conformity of the annual financial statements with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”). With respect to compliance, the Audit and Risk Committee discusses with the Chief Compliance Officer the compliance and regulatory risks of the Company, and receives a report outlining the main activities of the compliance function, material regulatory interactions review and progress against the annual compliance plan.

In the performance of its oversight function, the Audit and Risk Committee has reviewed and discussed the audited financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, with management and the independent auditors. These discussions included the quality, the clarity of the disclosures and the appropriateness of the accounting principles and underlying estimates and other communications required to be discussed under PCAOB standards. The Audit and Risk Committee has also discussed with the auditors, the auditors' independence from Willis Towers Watson and its management, including the written disclosures and the report received from the auditors regarding the auditors' communications with the Audit and Risk Committee concerning independence as required by the PCAOB in Rule 3526, *Communication with Audit Committees Concerning Independence*. The independent auditors and the Company's internal auditors had full access to the Audit and Risk Committee, including at regular meetings without management present.

It is not the duty or responsibility of the Audit and Risk Committee to conduct auditing or accounting reviews or procedures. In performing their oversight function, members of the Audit and Risk Committee rely, without independent verification, on the information provided to them and on the representations made by management and the independent auditors. Accordingly, the Audit and Risk Committee's considerations and discussions do not

Proposal No. 2: Advisory (Non-binding) Vote to Ratify the Appointment of the Independent Auditors and a Binding Vote to Authorize the Board of Directors, Acting through the Audit and Risk Committee, to Fix the Independent Auditors' Remuneration (continued)

assure that the audit of the Company's financial statements has been carried out in accordance with GAAP or that the financial statements are presented in accordance with GAAP.

Based upon the review and discussions described in this report, and subject to the limitations on the role and responsibilities referred to above, the Audit and Risk Committee (not including Stephen Chipman and Fredric Tomczyk, who joined the Audit and Risk Committee on April 1, 2023 and have not signed this report) agreed that the audited financial statements referred to above be included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC.

***Submitted by the Audit and Risk Committee of the Board of Directors of Willis Towers Watson
Brendan O'Neill (Chair), Dame Inga Beale, Fumbi Chima and Paul Thomas***

Proposal No. 3: Advisory (Non-binding) Vote on Named Executive Officer Compensation

Recognizing that executive compensation is an important matter for our shareholders, and in accordance with SEC rules, we are asking our shareholders to approve an advisory resolution on the compensation of our named executive officers as disclosed in this Proxy Statement.

This proposal, commonly known as a “say-on-pay” proposal, is not intended to address any specific item of compensation, but rather the overall compensation of our named executive officers and our executive compensation philosophy, policies and practices as described in this Proxy Statement. Although the voting results are not binding, the Board and the HCC Committee will take into account the results of the vote when considering future executive compensation arrangements.

We encourage our shareholders to read the Compensation Discussion and Analysis, which immediately follows this proposal. The Compensation Discussion and Analysis describes in more detail our executive compensation program and related policies and practices and explains the decisions the HCC Committee has made under this program and the factors considered in making those decisions. We also encourage our shareholders to review the 2022 Summary Compensation Table and other related compensation tables and narratives, which provide detailed information on the compensation of our named executive officers.

Accordingly, we ask our shareholders to vote “FOR” the following resolution, which requires the affirmative vote of a majority of the votes cast:

“RESOLVED, that the shareholders of Willis Towers Watson Public Limited Company approve, on an advisory basis, the compensation of the Company’s named executive officers as disclosed in the Company’s Proxy Statement for the 2023 AGM in accordance with the SEC’s rules, including in ‘Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis,’ ‘Compensation Tables — Summary Compensation Table’ and related tables and disclosure.”

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends a vote “FOR” the advisory (non-binding) resolution approving the overall executive compensation of Willis Towers Watson’s named executive officers, described in this Proxy Statement pursuant to the compensation disclosure rules of the SEC.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis

The Compensation Discussion and Analysis (“CD&A”) describes our compensation philosophy and provides an overview and analysis of (i) our 2022 compensation programs and policies for our NEOs; (ii) the material compensation decisions made by the Human Capital and Compensation Committee (the “HCC Committee”) under those programs and policies as reflected in the executive compensation tables that appear following this CD&A; and (iii) the material factors that the HCC Committee considered and the process it utilized in making those decisions.

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2022 NEOs

- **Carl Hess** – CEO
- **Andrew Krasner** – CFO
- **Julie Gebauer** – Global Head of HWC
- **Adam Garrard** – Global Head of R&B
- **Matthew Furman** – General Counsel

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**Executive Summary****NEO 2022 Compensation at a Glance**Strategic Alignment

Our Grow, Simplify and Transform Strategy, which was launched in September 2021, is a multi-year plan aiming to generate outstanding value for all shareholders. When setting performance targets for the 2022 STI and LTIP, the HCC Committee considered the Company's strategic priorities and related goals. Further, in its assessment of performance at year-end, the HCC Committee evaluated the Company's performance and the NEOs' contributions and progress towards predetermined goals for the year.

Strategic Priorities		
Grow	Simplify	Transform
Invest to grow at or above market in priority areas	Increase agility and effectiveness; do the basics well	Enhance client and colleague experience through operational excellence

2022 Incentive Plans Overview

In light of the Company's Grow, Simplify and Transform strategy, management and the HCC Committee undertook a thorough review of executive officer incentives to ensure 2022 and longer-term priorities are appropriately reflected. The 2022 incentive plans are summarized below. The objectives of the program changes were to: (i) align rewards with progress towards the Company's publicly disclosed long-term goals, and (ii) create a unifying, team mindset as the Company focuses on execution of its new strategy.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

2022 STI Design Summary	
Enterprise Financial Performance (66.7% of Total STI)	Individual Performance (33.3% of Total STI)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 50% — Adjusted Net Revenue 50% — Adjusted Operating Income <p><i>Payout determined using sliding scale for each metric that correlates performance and payout.</i></p> <p>Potential Payout Opportunity: 0% – 200%</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 50% — Qualitative assessment of segment / geography / function financial performance (as applicable to each NEO) 50% — Individual objectives and contributions to shared key enterprise operational initiatives (including inclusion and diversity, colleague engagement, innovation and transformation) <p>Potential Payout Opportunity: 0% – 200%</p>

2022 LTIP Design Summary					
75% PSUs (cliff vests at end of performance period, subject to performance)	25% RSUs (vests ratably over three years)				
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Aligns executive interests with those of our shareholders Incentivizes long-term decision making and meaningful value creation, and rewards exceptional performance PSU metrics selected to align a significant portion of executive compensation with publicly disclosed 2024 financial targets*, which reflect the Company's growth strategy and commitment to driving shareholder value: <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td>50% Adjusted Operating Margin</td> <td>30% Adjusted Net Revenue</td> <td>20% Adjusted EPS</td> </tr> </table> <p><i>Results based on performance relative to 2024 target for each metric with payout determined using sliding scale for each metric.</i></p> <p>Potential Payout Opportunity: 0% – 200%</p>	50% Adjusted Operating Margin	30% Adjusted Net Revenue	20% Adjusted EPS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduced in 2022 Intended to support retention as the Company executes its Grow, Simplify, Transform strategy Further aligns the Company's LTI program with common market practice 	
50% Adjusted Operating Margin	30% Adjusted Net Revenue	20% Adjusted EPS			

* Given that the 2022 LTIP PSU targets were aligned to 2024 financial targets originally disclosed at our 2021 Investor Day, in light of the completion of the Company's divestiture of its Russian subsidiaries, in February 2023 the HCC Committee modified the 2022 LTIP PSU targets to align with the Company's recast 2024 financial targets, which were previously disclosed. The HCC Committee believed that this modification was necessary to support the objectives of the program design and to maintain alignment among all stakeholders. The modification was ratified by the Board.

Summary of NEO 2022 Target Total Direct Compensation

NEO	Base Salary	STI Target (1)	LTI Target (2)	Target Total Direct Compensation (3)
Mr. Hess	\$1,000,000	\$1,750,000	\$7,250,000	\$10,000,000
Mr. Krasner	\$ 800,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,600,000	\$ 3,400,000
Ms. Gebauer	\$ 650,000	\$ 585,000	\$1,137,500	\$ 2,372,500
Mr. Garrard *	\$ 624,864	\$ 562,378	\$1,093,512	\$ 2,280,754
Mr. Furman	\$ 590,000	\$ 737,500	\$ 885,000	\$ 2,212,500

* The figures for Mr. Garrard have been converted into dollars at the five-year average exchange rate (2018 – 2022) (£1:\$1.3018).

(1) 2022 STI targets ranged from 90% – 175% of base salary.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

- (2) 2022 LTI targets ranged from 150% – 725% of base salary.
- (3) For more information regarding the details of the above and actual compensation earned by the NEOs in 2022, including NEO pension benefits, see the discussion under “Compensation Decisions and Outcomes” and the Summary Compensation Table under “Compensation Tables” below.

2023 Compensation and Incentive Plan Design Changes

In February 2023, the HCC Committee approved certain changes to: (i) executive officer 2023 incentive plan designs, including changes to the STI enterprise financial performance metrics (replacing Adjusted Operating Income with Adjusted Operating Margin and adding Free Cash Flow as a new metric) and a shift from absolute dollar to growth rate targets for certain LTIP metrics and (ii) 2023 target total direct compensation for Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard. These changes are further discussed in the section entitled “— Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — 2023 Compensation Preview” below.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**2022 Company Highlights**

In 2022, we focused on executing against our strategic priorities, continuing to bring the best of WTW to our clients, and generating value for our shareholders and all other stakeholders. We delivered results that generally aligned with our expectations. These results reflected the benefits of our vigorous retention and hiring efforts, investments in technology, initiatives to simplify our company, the successful execution of our transformation efforts and the unwavering dedication of our leaders and colleagues. In a complex operating environment, our focus, agility and resilience allowed us to deliver strong performance and progress, including a substantial return of capital to our shareholders. Key highlights are described below.

Solid Financial Performance in 2022

GAAP	Revenue	Income from Operations	Operating Margin	Diluted EPS	Cash Flows from Operating Activities
		\$8.9B – 1%	\$1.2B – 47%	13.3% –1,120 basis points	\$8.98 – 73%
Non-GAAP ²	Organic Revenue	Adjusted Operating Income	Adjusted Operating Margin	Adjusted EPS	Free Cash Flow
	+ 4% growth	\$1.9B + 3% growth	20.9% + 100 basis points	\$13.41 + 16% growth	\$674M – 65%

The Company's results were consistent with or better than the public guidance for 2022 it established early in the year. The Company provided this guidance for organic revenue growth, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin (the Company did not provide guidance for the other metrics set forth above).

- The 4% increase in organic revenue in 2022 was in line with the mid-single-digit organic revenue growth the Company had targeted at the start of the year, despite significant headwinds from book of business settlement activity in the prior year. Furthermore, in the last two quarters of 2022, organic revenue growth was much higher than it was earlier in the year, indicating strong momentum towards the Company's long-term growth goals.
- In addition, the 3% growth in adjusted operating income, and the 100 basis point increase in adjusted operating margin, exceeded our targets for 2022 for improved profitability. This margin performance was primarily driven by Transformation Program savings materially exceeding our target for the year.
- The 16% improvement in adjusted EPS was primarily driven by the organic growth and improved profitability described above, as well as by significant share buybacks.

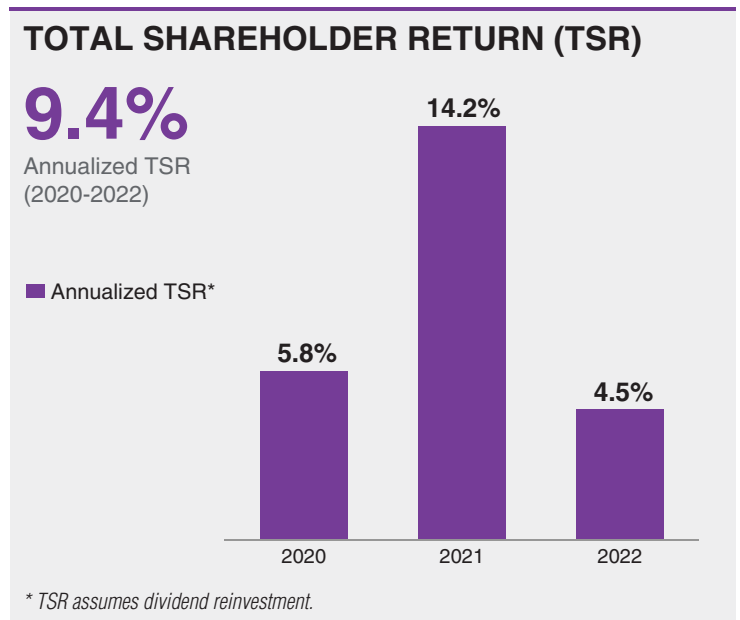
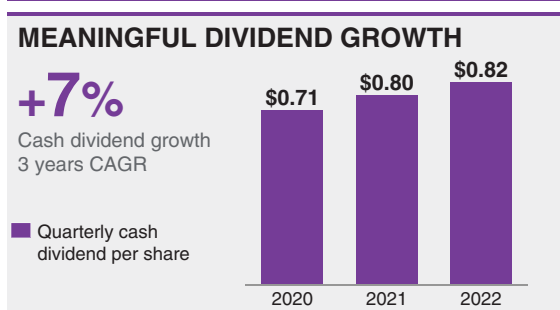
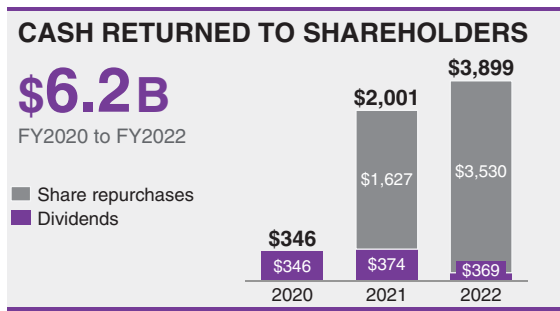
Income from operations, operating margin, diluted EPS, cash flows from operating activities and free cash flow from prior year included the \$1 billion in income received as a result of the termination of the proposed Aon transaction. In addition, diluted EPS from prior year included discontinued operations of \$2.1 billion. These metrics also were impacted by expenses related to the Transformation Program, which are excluded from non-GAAP measures.

² See pages 57-62 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2023, for a reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP figures identified in this CD&A. All financial results are presented on a continuing operations basis except where stated otherwise.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

The financial accomplishments above were driven by our progress against our strategic priorities in 2022 and key achievements for the year, which are summarized below.

Significant Progress on our Strategic Priorities in 2022	
Grow	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Significant investment in new talent contributing to our performance – During 2022, attrition stabilized, and we hired over 9,700 colleagues, demonstrating the appeal of WTW as a destination for talent. Our investment translated into revenue growth in 2022 and we expect this to continue throughout 2023. Launched new products and platforms and expanded our client solutions – We remain focused on driving better outcomes for our clients through our innovative and differentiated offerings.
Simplify	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Simplified the Company’s organizational structure increasing agility and effectiveness – We completed the realignment and re-segmentation of the Company into two segments and three geographies effective as of January 1, 2022. Implemented corporate rebrand from Willis Towers Watson to WTW to reflect a unified future
Transform	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Continued progress on our Transformation Program with annualized savings in 2022 that materially exceeded our target for the year – We realized \$129M in annualized savings in 2022 and \$149M in cumulative annualized savings since the program’s inception in 2021, putting us on track to achieve our 2024 target of \$360M (which was increased from the originally announced target of \$300M). Returned a significant amount of capital to our shareholders in 2022, paying \$369M in dividends (a 2.5% increase per share) and repurchasing 15.7M shares for \$3.5B – We continue to pursue a disciplined capital allocation strategy that balances capital return with internal investments and strategic M&A to deploy our capital for high return opportunities.



Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Reflecting the achievements described above and other factors taken into consideration, NEO 2022 STI awards were earned at between 102.9% and 110.7% of target and the 2020 LTIP PSUs, which had a performance period that concluded at the end of 2022, were earned at 96.8% of target. A detailed discussion of performance relative to the goals and objectives of each plan can be found in the section entitled “— Compensation Decisions and Outcomes” below.

Leadership and Board Transition in 2022

Mr. Hess commenced his role as CEO of the Company on January 1, 2022 where he led significant management changes, driving towards the Company’s Grow, Simplify, Transform strategy, and supported the Board refreshment, including the addition of eight new independent directors and the retirement of seven independent directors. For additional detail on the Board refreshment, see section entitled “Proposal No.1: Elect Directors — Multi-Year Board Succession and Refreshment.”

Shareholder Engagement and Say-on-Pay

The Company frequently engages with shareholders. Each year, during the spring and fall seasons, we reach out to shareholders holding over a majority of our shares in the aggregate and then discuss the feedback we receive from them with our Board. The purpose of our year-round outreach is to foster relations with our shareholders by enhancing communications on corporate governance, executive compensation and environmental and social issues and providing our shareholders with a forum to discuss any questions they may have or voice any criticisms. We also use the opportunity to explain various proposals included within the Proxy Statement. Members of management and directors have participated in discussions with shareholders.

The Governance and HCC Committees are both involved in the outreach program. Generally, we review our outreach plans and the results of our outreach efforts and discuss any significant feedback with both Committees (and the full Board, as appropriate). The Committees continue to value and consider shareholder feedback, among other factors, in their evaluation of the Company’s executive compensation program and corporate governance structure.



In 2022, we reached out to shareholders holding approximately 60% of our outstanding shares, with approximately 40% of outstanding shares responding to the outreach in some manner. In connection with the 2022 proxy season outreach, shareholders were generally supportive of the Company’s proposals, which we believe is also evidenced by our 2022 Say-on-Pay proposal to approve the NEOs’ compensation having received approximately 96.7% of the votes cast in favor at the 2022 AGM. Further, we received feedback from certain shareholders and have incorporated that feedback in parts of our Board succession plans as discussed in the section entitled “Corporate Governance — Shareholder Outreach Program” and in parts of our executive compensation programs, including generally aligning our incentive plans to external reporting and incorporating Free Cash Flow as an explicit metric in our STI design for 2023, as discussed in the section below entitled “— Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — 2023 Compensation Preview.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**Executive Compensation Design****Pay Philosophy**

WTW is in the business of people, risk and capital. We believe that a unified approach to these areas can be a path to growth for organizations around the world. In that spirit, we bring the collective power of our colleagues together – as ‘One WTW’ – to serve and support our clients. We operate in attractive markets – both growing and mature – with a diversified platform across geographies, industries, segments and lines of business. Our vision is to be the best advisory, broking and solutions company for the benefit of all our stakeholders – creating a competitive advantage and delivering sustainable, profitable growth. We believe we can achieve this through executing on our three strategic priorities: Grow, Simplify and Transform. To be successful, it is critical for us to attract and retain highly qualified executives and colleagues who embrace our vision and support our growth strategy in a collaborative manner, in alignment with the long-term interests of our shareholders.

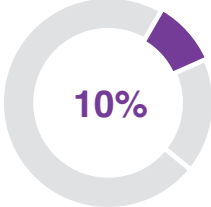
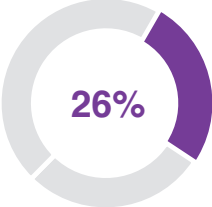
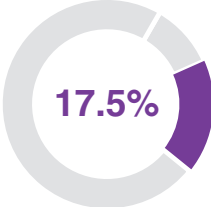
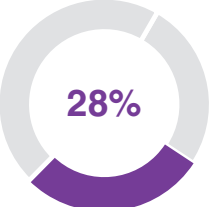
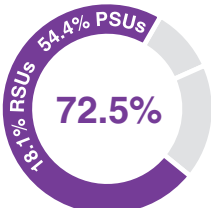
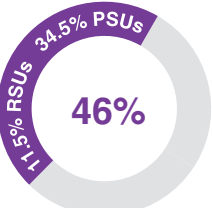
Our compensation policy is governed by the following principles, which guide how we structure our executive compensation program and reach compensation decisions for our NEOs:

Principle	How We Achieve This
Attract, motivate and retain highly qualified executives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In determining appropriate target pay opportunities, the HCC Committee evaluates a number of factors, including but not limited to an individual’s role, tenure, experience, contribution and performance, as well as comparisons to peers and market practices. • Although the HCC Committee looks at each component of compensation (base salary, STI, LTI and pension) separately, it also looks at the total rewards package in aggregate to ensure competitiveness, to incentivize top performance, and to aim for internal equity among the executive team members and shareholder alignment.
Align executive interests with our strategy of maximizing shareholder value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LTI award (in the form of 75% PSUs and 25% RSUs) makes up the largest portion of the CEO’s target total direct compensation and, on average, 46% of the other NEOs’ target total direct compensation. • PSU performance metrics align a significant portion of NEO compensation with publicly disclosed 2024 financial targets, which reflect WTW’s strategic priorities and commitment to driving shareholder value. • PSUs align executive rewards to enterprise performance and share price performance. • RSUs align executive rewards to share price performance and support retention.
Align executive team interests to drive profitable growth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Majority of STI awards are based on enterprise financial performance and shared key enterprise operational initiatives which support and drive successful execution of our strategic priorities.
Pay for performance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significant portion of NEO compensation is variable and at-risk, including STI awards (cash) and LTI awards (equity). 90% of the CEO’s 2022 target total direct compensation was variable and on average, 74% of the other NEO’s 2022 target total direct compensation was variable. • Incentive plans include a range of metrics to reward executives for exceptional performance and contributions at the enterprise, business and individual levels

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Elements of Executive Compensation

The following table summarizes the core elements of our executive compensation program in 2022.

Pay Component	Target Total Direct Compensation Pay Mix		Key Features
	CEO	Other NEO Avg	
<p>Base Salary</p> <p><i>Provides market-competitive fixed pay to attract and retain highly talented executives</i></p>	 <p>10%</p>	 <p>26%</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reflects executive’s role, responsibilities and individual performance • Salary adjustments made only to reflect changes in responsibilities or when market or internal conditions warrant
<p>Short-Term Incentive Compensation</p> <p><i>Provides short-term cash awards based on performance relative to achievement against established financial and qualitative objectives</i></p>	 <p>17.5%</p>	 <p>28%</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NEO 2022 STI Target Range: 90% – 175% of base salary • Components: 66.7% Enterprise Financial Performance; 33.3% Individual Performance • Enterprise Financial Performance Metrics: 50% Adjusted Net Revenue; 50% Adjusted Operating Income. Payout determined using sliding scale for each metric that correlates performance and payout. • Individual Performance Measures: 50% qualitative assessment of segment / geography / function financial performance; 50% individual objectives and contributions to shared key enterprise operational initiatives • STI Payout Opportunity: 0% – 200% of target • The attainment level for the enterprise financial performance component is intended to closely align with the resulting percent of target that the broad-based colleague bonus pool is funded.
<p>Long-Term Incentive Compensation</p> <p><i>Provides long-term equity awards that align executive interests with those of our shareholders, incents and rewards long-term decision making and meaningful value creation and aims to retain high-performing executives</i></p>	 <p>72.5%</p>	 <p>46%</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NEO 2022 LTI Target Range: 150% – 725% of base salary • Vehicles: 75% PSUs (<i>cliff-vest at end of three-year period, subject to satisfaction of performance</i>); 25% RSUs (<i>vest ratably over three years</i>) • PSU Performance Metrics: Aligned to publicly disclosed 2024 targets – 50% Adjusted Operating Margin; 30% Adjusted Net Revenue; 20% Adjusted EPS • PSU Payout: PSUs vest based on performance relative to 2024 Company targets. Payout determined using sliding scale for each metric that correlates performance and payout. • PSU Payout Opportunity: 0% – 200% of target • Program features for executive officers and broad-based colleagues are fully aligned
<p>Retirement and Other Benefits</p> <p><i>Encourage sustained services and retention and provide future retirement security; promote health and well-being</i></p>	<p>—</p>	<p>—</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Retirement Plans: Qualified and supplemental non-qualified retirement plans • Welfare: NEOs are eligible to participate in the medical, life insurance and other welfare benefits available to all other colleagues

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**Compensation Practices at a Glance**

We maintain a comprehensive compensation and governance framework aligned with market practices and standards.

What We Do	What We Don't Do
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Annual “say-on-pay” vote (as recommended by the Board and management and as supported by a majority of shareholders). ✓ Independent compensation consultant selected, engaged and overseen by the HCC Committee. ✓ A substantial majority of total compensation for executives is tied to performance. ✓ A substantial portion of our annual LTI equity awards for executive officers are subject to performance-based vesting requirements. ✓ Dividend equivalents accrued on PSUs and RSUs are only paid if and when the underlying shares vest. ✓ Compensation recoupment policy applicable to executive officers’ cash and equity incentive awards in the event of financial restatement as well as detrimental conduct, as discussed under “Compensation Recoupment Policy” below. ✓ All LTI awards subject to double-trigger vesting upon change in control. ✓ Significant share ownership guidelines for executive officers and non-employee directors. ✓ HCC Committee oversight of risks associated with compensation policies and practices. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✗ No backdating of share options and no option repricing without shareholder approval. ✗ No excise tax gross-ups. ✗ No share reserve automatic replenishment (evergreen) provision in any share-based plans. ✗ No hedging by directors and executive officers or pledging by directors and employees of Company shares. ✗ No significant perquisites for NEOs. ✗ No CEO employment agreement.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Compensation Decisions and Outcomes

Base Salary

The HCC Committee strives to set base salary at a competitive level based on an executive’s position in the relevant markets in which the executive operates. The HCC Committee generally does not provide annual merit increases to executives, but rather rewards exceptional performance through STI and/or LTI awards. Adjustments to base salaries are made by the HCC Committee to reflect changes in responsibilities or when competitive market or internal conditions warrant. Following a review of external market data, effective April 1, 2022, Mr. Furman’s base salary was increased from \$550,000 to \$590,000. There were no other changes to NEO base salaries during 2022.

Short-Term Incentive Compensation

STI awards are an integral component of the NEOs’ total compensation intended to deliver exceptional pay for exceptional performance over the near-term. Each NEO is eligible to receive an annual STI award with a target value expressed as a percentage of his or her base salary. The targets were established by the HCC Committee based on an evaluation of each executive officer’s total compensation, market practice and preexisting employment arrangements. There were no changes to STI target opportunities for the NEOs in 2022.

2022 STI at a Glance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NEO 2022 STI targets ranged from 90% to 175% of base salary • Use of quantitative and qualitative performance measures • Enterprise financial performance based on Adjusted Net Revenue and Adjusted Operating Income with payout determined using established sliding scales that correlate performance and payout • Individual performance based on qualitative assessment of segment / geography / function financial performance, and individual objectives and contributions to shared key enterprise operational initiatives • Payouts capped at 200% of target • NEO 2022 STI awards ranged from 102.9% to 110.7% of target
2022 Design Changes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Focused financial results on Adjusted Net Revenue and Adjusted Operating Income objectives aligned with progress towards our Grow, Simplify and Transform strategy. • Enterprise performance component results determined based on formulaic assessment including established financial metrics and targets and sliding scales that correlate performance and payout. • Individual performance component weighting increased from 20% to 33.3% of award to allow for stronger differentiation and emphasis on additional performance measures: (i) segment, geography or function performance, as applicable to each NEO and (ii) contributions to shared key enterprise operational initiatives. Additionally, individual performance results no longer multiplied by enterprise funding percentage.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)2022 STI Design

The 2022 STI program was based upon specific enterprise financial results and individual performance as outlined in the table below:

STI Components, Weightings and Performance Metrics*	
Enterprise Financial Performance 66.7% of Total STI Opportunity	Individual Performance 33.3% of Total STI Opportunity
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50% — Adjusted Net Revenue • 50% — Adjusted Operating Income <p><i>Payout determined using sliding scale for each metric that correlates performance and payout (described below).</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 50% — Qualitative assessment of segment, geography or function financial performance (as applicable to each NEO) • 50% — Individual objectives and contributions to shared key enterprise operational initiatives, including inclusion and diversity, colleague engagement, innovation and transformation

* The HCC Committee retains discretion on the overall payout.

Enterprise Financial Performance Metric Definitions
<p>The metrics are intended to generally align with external reporting, subject to further adjustments to better measure organic performance on a constant currency basis:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjusted Net Revenue – Total “Revenue” as reported by the Company in its Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, calculated on a “Constant Currency” basis, which represents the year over year change in revenues excluding the impact of foreign currency fluctuations, and on an organic basis to exclude the impact of acquisitions and divestitures during the same period. • Adjusted Operating Income – Income from operations adjusted for amortization, integration expenses, restructuring costs and other non-recurring items. This will be calculated on a “Constant Currency” basis which represents the year over year change in revenues excluding the impact of foreign currency fluctuations. Adjusted Operating income will also be reflected on an organic basis to exclude the impact of acquisitions and divestitures.

The 2022 STI financial metrics and weightings for enterprise financial performance were intended to align rewards with progress towards publicly disclosed long-term goals and create a unifying, team mindset as the Company focuses on execution of its strategic priorities. The HCC Committee selected the above metrics to support the achievement of profitable growth.

Our STI and LTI programs include Adjusted Net Revenue as a performance metric. Adjusted Net Revenue was selected as an LTIP metric to create alignment with our 2024 financial goals and shareholders as discussed in the section below entitled “— PSU Performance Metrics, Targets and Weightings”. Adjusted Net Revenue was incorporated into STI to encourage and reward progress towards the 2024 Adjusted Net Revenue goal. The HCC Committee believes that the revenue metric serves a different purpose and rewards different outcomes as incorporated in the 2022 STI and LTI.

In determining enterprise financial performance targets for 2022, the HCC Committee considered the Company’s strategic priorities and set challenging but achievable target levels at 100% payout to incent strong financial performance. The financial targets, which contemplate progress towards our 2024 financial targets, were based on the budget agreed upon by the Board with management. The HCC Committee then set the financial metric weightings and approved the metric sliding scales and individual NEO STI targets. Actual performance for each metric was measured against target performance and the resulting payout percentage determined using the applicable sliding scale was applied to the corresponding portion of each NEO’s target STI award.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**2022 STI Awards**

The following table sets forth the STI awards approved by the HCC Committee and paid in cash to the NEOs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

NEO	2022 Base Salary	STI Target as % of Base Salary	2022 STI Target	Enterprise Financial Performance Result (66.7% of STI Opportunity)	Qualitative Assessment of Segment / Function Financial Performance	Individual Objectives / Contributions to Shared Key Enterprise Operational Initiatives	Overall Individual Performance Result (33.3% of STI Opportunity)	2022 STI Award	2022 STI Award as % of STI Target
Mr. Hess	\$1,000,000	175%	\$1,750,000	103.5%	103.5%	100.0%	101.8%	\$1,801,052	102.9%
Mr. Krasner	\$ 800,000	125%	\$1,000,000	103.5%	125.0%	125.0%	125.0%	\$1,106,595	110.7%
Ms. Gebauer	\$ 650,000	90%	\$ 585,000	103.5%	125.0%	125.0%	125.0%	\$ 647,358	110.7%
Mr. Garrard *	\$ 624,864	90%	\$ 562,378	103.5%	125.0%	125.0%	125.0%	\$ 622,324	110.7%
Mr. Furman	\$ 590,000	125%	\$ 737,500	103.5%	105.0%	120.0%	112.5%	\$ 785,415	106.5%

* The figures for Mr. Garrard have been converted into dollars at the five-year average exchange rate (2018 – 2022) (£1:\$1.3018).

The below sections discuss the results of enterprise financial performance and individual performance that were used to determine the NEO 2022 STI awards.

Enterprise Financial Performance (66.7% of STI Opportunity)

Adjusted Net Revenue (50% of Enterprise Financial Performance Result)			Adjusted Operating Income (50% of Enterprise Financial Performance Result)		
Performance as % of 2022 Target	Adjusted Net Revenue (\$M)	Payout as % of Target	Performance as % of 2022 Target	Adjusted Operating Income (\$M)	Payout as % of Target
104.0%	\$9,240.6	200%	115.0%	\$2,061.5	200%
100.0%	\$8,885.2	100%	100.0%	\$1,792.6	100%
97.0%	\$8,618.6	90%	92.0%	\$1,649.2	85%
94.0%	\$8,352.1	50%	85.0%	\$1,523.7	50%
< 94.0%	< \$8,352.1	0%	< 85.0%	< \$1,523.7	0%

For compensation purposes, the 2022 Adjusted Net Revenue target was \$8,885.2 million (which represented 4% growth over the Company's 2021 Adjusted Net Revenue) and the 2022 Adjusted Operating Income target was \$1,792.6 million (which represented 6% growth over the Company's 2021 Adjusted Operating Income). The HCC Committee believed these were aggressive metrics for the maximum level of financial performance, which would have been extremely difficult to attain but if attained, would have significantly contributed to the creation of substantial long-term value.

For compensation purposes, the Company achieved 2022 Adjusted Net Revenue of \$8,824.2 million. Based on the interpolation of the above Adjusted Net Revenue sliding scale, this produced a performance result of 97.7% for this portion of each of the NEOs' STI awards. For compensation purposes, the Company achieved 2022 Adjusted Operating Income of \$1,837.7 million. Based on the interpolation of the above Adjusted Operating Income sliding scale, this produced a performance result of 116.8% for this portion of each of the NEOs' STI awards.

Based on the application of the above two scales, the blended Enterprise Financial Performance result against the Adjusted Net Revenue and Adjusted Operating Income targets was 107.2% of target. For calculation of awards, the result was reduced by 3.7%, to 103.5%, to fund a one-time cash payment for colleagues with salaries less than \$75,000, in light of the current economic conditions.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Individual Performance (33.3% of STI Opportunity)

When assessing the individual performance of each NEO, the HCC Committee considered achievements relative to objectives and initiatives in the performance areas noted below, which contributed to strong overall performance and progress on the execution of our strategic priorities. The HCC Committee also considered the CEO's performance recommendations for the NEOs other than himself.

Financial*	Individual Strategic	Shared Operational
<p><i>Qualitative assessment of segment, geography or function financial performance, as applicable to each NEO</i></p> <p>50% of Individual Performance</p>	<p><i>Individual strategic objectives vary by NEO and cover the following performance areas: clients, people, financial and operational excellence and innovation</i></p> <p>50% of Individual Performance</p>	<p><i>NEO contributions to shared key enterprise operational initiatives, including inclusion and diversity, colleague engagement, innovation and transformation</i></p>

* Financial performance includes a qualitative assessment of the achievement of the Enterprise Financial component goals and support for enhanced Free Cash Flow performance and growth (CEO and CFO), performance against budget revenue and operating income (segments) and management of direct expense budgets (functions).

Below is a summary of the achievements considered by the HCC Committee when determining each NEO's individual performance for 2022.

NEO	2022 Achievements
<p>Mr. Hess CEO</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rapid acclimation into his new role as CEO of the Company, including: disciplined performance and financial leadership; implementation of management structure, including simplification through reduced matrix management and increased double-hat roles; launch of new WTW brand, vision and purpose; initiation and completion of strategy study; authentic engagement with colleagues, instrumental to stabilization of the company; substantial presence in the market, with clients, shareholders and partners, as well as thought leadership; and building strong relationships with the Board and effectively managing onboarding for new directors. • Strong leadership in connection with the Company's commitment to a disciplined capital allocation strategy, which returned a significant amount of capital to our shareholders in 2022: \$369M in dividends and 15.7M shares repurchased for \$3.5B. • Focused leadership and support in driving the Company's progress on the Transformation Program which delivered annualized savings of \$129M in 2022, exceeding target for the year and positioning the Company to achieve our 2024 target of \$360M. • Supported enhanced Company innovation efforts, including standing up the new Innovation & Acceleration function, expansion of the WTW Innovation Lab and implementation of accelerated concept to market processes. Numerous new solutions have been selected for commercial activation, new partnerships secured for our Climate business and new open innovation opportunities have been identified with several strategic partners. • Provided focused attention to colleague engagement through a variety of colleague listening platforms such as townhall, leadership and team meetings, pulse surveys, our colleague experience council and more frequent colleague communications. This contributed to improved colleague trust, alignment to the strategy and vision, and stabilized attrition. • Personal leadership and commitment to improving inclusion and diversity, including increased female and racially diverse representation in senior and executive leadership and focused initiatives to progress hiring, development and progression of diverse talent. Female representation globally, and racially diverse representation in the U.S. (which is the only country where such reporting is currently available), improved year over year in leadership and leadership pipeline roles. <p>2022 Individual Performance Result: 101.8%</p>

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

NEO	2022 Achievements
Mr. Krasner CFO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal leadership and contributions to transformation efforts within the Finance function, including delivering targeted savings in 2022, shortening the closing process and rebuilding the enterprise-wide long range planning tool. • Significant support of enterprise-wide transformation efforts including implementation of a financial platform to plan, track progress and ensure accountability, successful execution of external reporting framework and delivery of external objectives. • Important contributions to drive the Company's progress on the Transformation Program which delivered annualized savings of \$129M in 2022, exceeding target for the year and positioning the Company on track to achieve our 2024 target of \$360M. • Successfully managed the Company's disciplined capital allocation strategy, including strategy execution and continued work with ratings agencies on ratings objectives, which returned a significant amount of capital to our shareholders in 2022: \$369M in dividends and 15.7M shares repurchased for \$3.5B. • Significant efforts in enhancing our Investor Relations activities, including strategic redesign leading to improved processes, quality of materials and interactions with stakeholders, and rebuilding sell-side research coverage. • Implemented improvements to internal and Board-level financial information reporting. • Further developed the Finance leadership team with the hiring and onboarding of a new Head of Tax and Head of Internal Audit. • Disciplined financial management of the Finance function, which was under budget for the year. • Demonstrated a strong commitment to colleague engagement efforts and initiatives, including the establishment of the Colleague Engagement Council focused on learning and development and inclusion and diversity in the Finance function. <p style="text-align: center;">2022 Individual Performance Result: 125.0%</p>
Ms. Gebauer Global Head of HWC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exceptional contributions to the recovery and stabilization of the business in 2022, including unwavering leadership in 2022 as the segment completed business strategy reviews and developed and began to execute on plans to improve cross-selling and accelerate growth, which produced meaningful benefits in the fourth quarter with a noteworthy portion of discretionary project sales referred by other businesses. • Built a high-performing leadership team within the HWC segment and actively engaged with all members to support and enable achievement of their priorities, including engagement of at-risk colleagues, involvement in high-profile sales pursuits, evaluation of inorganic opportunities and oversight on transformation efforts. • Supported enterprise-wide innovation efforts by actively engaging in the review, testing, development and commercialization process and championing new solutions to execute innovation strategies and achieve innovation priorities. • Critical contributions to transformation efforts within the HWC segment, including: development of transformation plans; identification of risk and mitigation strategies; and delivery of 2022 transformation cost savings which exceeded target by 55%. • Personal leadership in inclusion and diversity and colleague engagement efforts and initiatives, including: improving female representation at the senior leader level within the segment by 4% in 2022 by actively managing careers through senior level promotions; improving the pace, approach and success of recruiting; and continued focus on retention through colleague wellbeing and enablement with improved resources, tools and processes. • The HWC segment delivered solid financial performance in 2022³, achieving 3% organic revenue growth and 26.1% operating margin, an improvement of 50 basis points from prior year due to improved operating leverage and transformation-related savings. <p style="text-align: center;">2022 Individual Performance Result: 125.0%</p>

³ See pages 47-49 and 90-91 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2023, for a discussion of segment results.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

NEO	2022 Achievements
Mr. Garrard Global Head of R&B	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Exceptional contributions to the recovery and stabilization of the business in 2022, including: the ongoing rollout of our industry specialization strategy; substantial efforts to expand R&B's talent base in 2022 with significant investments in talent expected to contribute meaningfully to the business in 2023; and improvement of attrition rates across the R&B segment. • Continued optimization of the producer model with significant increase of sales per producer and book size per producer. • Supported the One WTW structure, strategy and hybrid work model by ensuring clear understanding of and adherence to the roles and responsibilities of each matrix dimension, including: update and implementation of R&B approval matrix to empower leaders; completion of hybrid working analysis; and development of guidance and tools to support new working patterns and ongoing colleague engagement and development. • Steadfast commitment to driving better outcomes for our clients through innovative and differentiated offerings in 2022, including: the launch of a customized online platform for the aviation sector, which gives our clients access to WTW's expertise across the globe 24/7; and the launch of the pilot phase of an innovative digital commercial insurance platform that will improve connectivity, giving brokers efficient, flexible trading options. • Personal leadership in inclusion and diversity and colleague engagement efforts and initiatives, resulting in decreased attrition and increased hiring year over year, including: recruitment of diverse talent into senior roles across all geographies with diverse panels established for senior selection processes; deployment of targeted learning and development solutions with specific focus on manager capability and underrepresented talent; continued identification of investment hires throughout 2022 in line with R&B strategic priorities; and work underway to further build external talent pipeline with a key focus on underrepresented talent. • The R&B segment delivered strong financial performance in 2022⁴, despite the turbulence of recent years, achieving 3% organic revenue growth (4% excluding the impact of book of business sales) and 21.2% operating margin; the decline in margin compared to prior year (23.4%) was due to intentional significant investments in talent which are expected to continue to gain momentum in 2023 as the contributions of these hires become more meaningful. <p style="text-align: right;">2022 Individual Performance Result: 125.0%</p>

⁽⁴⁾ See pages 47-49 and 90-91 of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, filed with the SEC on February 24, 2023, for a discussion of segment results.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

NEO	2022 Achievements
Mr. Furman General Counsel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Significantly supported enterprise-wide transformation efforts, including: ensuring that Legal, Risk and Compliance operate in an integrated and complementary way to support the Transformation Program; overseeing strong compliance and risk management activities; implementing projects within the Office of General Counsel (“OGC”) to innovate and simplify operations and to make processes more effective and efficient; and instituting enhancements to the client contracting process to support the new sales and client management model. • Developed a new team structure to simplify and streamline processes in support of the Company’s strategy and established a diverse leadership team, including successfully onboarding a new Chief Compliance Officer and Chief Risk Officer. • Supported the Board and management on legal and other issues relating to leadership and Board succession processes, including conducting onboarding and leading the team responsible for the Company’s semi-annual shareholder outreach on corporate governance, executive compensation, environmental and other matters. • Enabled significant corporate transactions and managed related regulatory matters, including providing leadership and support with respect to the Willis Re closings and the Russia divestiture. • Effectively managed litigation, investigation and E&O exposures, including instituting processes designed to reduce potential exposure. • Efficiently managed core outside counsel spending across the Company so that such spending was flat with prior year, consistent with goals. • Personal leadership in inclusion and diversity efforts and colleague engagement initiatives, including advancing the OGC’s robust Colleague Engagement Committee (including its I&D working group), expanding the mentorship program and continuing to implement diverse slates for senior positions. <p style="text-align: center;">2022 Individual Performance Result: 112.5%</p>

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**Long-Term Incentive Compensation**

LTI consists of equity-based awards that are intended to align executive interests with those of our shareholders, incent and reward long-term decision making and meaningful value creation and retain high-performing executives.

2022 LTIP at a Glance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • NEO 2022 LTI targets ranged from 150% to 725% of base salary (awards granted at target value) • Features performance-based and time-based components (75% PSUs and 25% RSUs) • PSU performance metrics aligned to publicly disclosed 2024 financial targets: 50% Adjusted Operating Margin; 30% Adjusted Net Revenue; 20% Adjusted EPS • PSUs vest based on performance relative to 2024 targets with payout determined using sliding scale for each metric that correlates performance and payout • PSU payout capped at 200% of target
2022 Design Changes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Introduction of time-based RSUs into program to support retention throughout the transformation period and to further align the LTI program with common market practice • Financial performance metrics for PSUs were selected to align a significant portion of executive compensation with publicly disclosed 2024 financial targets (as compared to relative TSR metric used in prior years), which reflect Company's growth strategy and commitment to driving shareholder value • Aligned grant timing for all executive officers to April 1st (in prior years, LTI award was granted to CEO in January and to other executive officers in July)

2022 LTIP Awards

The HCC Committee approved the following 2022 LTI awards for the NEOs which were granted at target value on April 1, 2022:

NEO	2022 Base Salary	LTI Target as % of Base Salary	2022 LTI Award
Mr. Hess	\$1,000,000	725%	\$7,250,000
Mr. Krasner	\$800,000	200%	\$1,600,000
Ms. Gebauer	\$650,000	175%	\$1,137,500
Mr. Garrard *	\$624,864	175%	\$1,093,512
Mr. Furman	\$590,000	150%	\$885,000

* The figures for Mr. Garrard have been converted into dollars at the five-year average exchange rate (2018 – 2022) (£1:\$1.3018). Note that actual 2022 LTI award granted to Mr. Garrard was determined based on his 2022 LTI target value (GBP) and then converted to USD based on the average exchange rate for the 30 business days ending on the date of the grant (April 1, 2022).

In connection with Mr. Hess's new role as CEO effective January 1, 2022, the HCC Committee considered peer group proxy data and approved an increase to his 2022 LTI target from 150% (prior role as Head of Investment, Risk and Reinsurance) to 725% of base salary. Following a review of external market data and internal pay equity, the HCC Committee approved the following increases to NEO LTI targets in February 2022: (i) Ms. Gebauer's 2022 LTI target from 150% to 175% of base salary, (ii) Mr. Garrard's 2022 LTI target from 150% to 175% of base salary and (iii) Mr. Furman's 2022 LTI target from \$750,000 to 150% of base salary.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)2022 – 2024 LTIP Design

75% PSUs <i>(cliff vesting at the end of the three-year period, subject to performance)</i>	25% RSUs <i>(ratable vesting over three years)</i>
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PSU Performance Metrics, Targets and Weightings

The PSU performance metrics are intended to measure organic performance and align with external reporting, as recast for the Russia divestiture.

Adjusted Operating Margin 2024 Target = 23.0% (50% of PSU Results)	Adjusted Operating Margin means “income from operations” generated during the performance period as reported by the Company in its Form 10-K and adjusted for the items defined in the Form 10-K for the performance period divided by Adjusted Net Revenue. Total Adjusted Operating Margin results will be modified for acquisitions closed during the Performance Period.
Adjusted Net Revenue 2024 Target = \$9.9B (30% of PSU Results)	Adjusted Net Revenue means total “Revenue” as reported by the Company in its Form 10-K for the performance period. The goals and attainment level of Adjusted Net Revenue will be determined on a “Constant Currency” basis, which will reflect prevailing exchange rates during the performance period, and on an organic basis to reflect the impact of acquisitions closed in 2022 and 2023 and divestitures closed in 2022 through the end of the performance period. Adjusted Net Revenue will be modified for acquisitions closed during the performance period.
Adjusted EPS 2024 Target = \$17.50 (20% of PSU Results)	Adjusted EPS means the “Diluted Earnings per Share” as reported by the Company in its Form 10-K for the performance period, as adjusted for the items defined in the Non-GAAP section of the Form 10-K for the performance period, divided by average shares outstanding. The goals and attainment level of Adjusted EPS will be determined on an organic basis to reflect the impact of acquisitions closed in 2022 and 2023 and divestitures closed in 2022 through the performance period. Adjusted EPS will be modified for the impact of acquisitions closed in the performance period. Additionally, the Adjusted EPS goal will be modified to reflect the form of consideration paid or received and the use of cash proceeds to repurchase shares.

Management and the HCC Committee believe that delivering improved margins, revenue growth and earnings per share are essential to successful execution of our strategic priorities that will benefit all stakeholders. Emphasis on Adjusted Operating Margin, as demonstrated by the metric weightings, will allow the Company to make the necessary investments in order to achieve the strategy, while delivering profitable and sustainable growth through the complementary Adjusted Net Revenue and Adjusted EPS metrics.

Determination of Earned PSUs

Earned PSUs will be determined based on a sliding scale for each PSU financial performance metric with a 100% (target) payout if the applicable 2024 financial target is achieved.

- **Sliding Scale Payout Range:** The payout for each metric will be below 100% if results fall below target and above 100% if results are above target. The sliding scales contain thresholds, such that there is a potential of 0% payout for each metric if threshold performance is not achieved and 200% payout if the maximum performance goal is achieved. The performance ranges on each metric are independent and it is possible to earn a payout on one metric and not the others (assuming threshold performance has been met on that metric).

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

- **Alignment to Strategic Priorities:** The performance ranges for each metric were established so that target is aligned with three-year strategic priorities and the corresponding maximum performance goals represent significant outperformance relative to those publicly disclosed 2024 financial targets.

The Company believes any further detail on the performance ranges is competitively sensitive.

Vesting Schedule

2022 LTIP Equity Vesting Schedule
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PSUs – Earned PSUs (determined as detailed above) will vest on the third anniversary of the grant date (i.e., April 1, 2025), provided the NEO remains continuously employed by the Company through the vesting date (unless the NEO meets the retirement vesting eligibility requirements* under the terms of the program). • RSUs – RSUs will vest in three equal installments with an installment vesting on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date, provided the NEO remains continuously employed by the Company through the applicable vesting date (unless the NEO meets the retirement vesting eligibility requirements* under the terms of the program). • Vested PSUs and RSUs are payable in Company shares and dividend equivalents will accrue on the PSUs and RSUs but are only paid to the same extent and at the same time as the underlying shares vest.

* Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard are eligible for retirement treatment under the terms of the plan. For additional details, refer to the section entitled “Compensation Tables — Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control.”

2020 – 2022 LTIP Performance Results and Payout

PSUs were granted to all NEOs who were executive officers on July 20, 2020 pursuant to the 2020 LTI program with a performance period from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022. Following the end of the performance period, earned PSUs were determined based on the Company’s achievement of the performance targets established for the 2020 LTI program as set forth in the following table:

Performance Level	WTW’s TSR Relative to the S&P 500	Payout (as % of Target # of PSUs Granted)
Maximum	75 th Percentile	200%
Target	50 th Percentile	100%
Threshold	25 th Percentile	50%
< Threshold	< 25 th Percentile	0%

The Company achieved an annualized TSR over the three-year performance period of 9.4% which resulted in a percentile ranking of 48.4% relative to the S&P 500. Based on the interpolation of the above sliding scale, the Company’s percentile ranking produced a payout of 96.8% of the target number of shares granted under the PSU award including dividend equivalents accrued through the vesting date. The earned shares under the award are expected to vest in July 2023 for each NEO. For additional detail, see section entitled “Compensation Tables — Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End.”

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**Benefits**Retirement Plans**U.S. Plans**

In 2022, all NEOs, except for Mr. Garrard, participated in qualified and supplemental non-qualified retirement plans sponsored by the Company in the United States. The Company's sponsorship of such plans is consistent with its belief that retirement plans continue to represent a crucial and viable means to encourage sustained service with the Company and to provide for the future retirement security of our colleagues. When the HCC Committee assesses the competitiveness of compensation for the Company's executives, it considers the impact of changes in pension value to positioning of total compensation.

- **Qualified Pension Plan** – The Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan is a broad-based, tax-qualified defined benefit pension plan that provides benefits to eligible colleagues of the Company using two stable value formulas (non-contributory and contributory). In general, all U.S. salaried and hourly colleagues are eligible to participate after completing one year of service. For additional details, see section entitled “Compensation Tables — Pension Benefits at 2022 Fiscal Year-End.”
- **Non-Qualified Stable Value Excess Plan** – The Willis Towers Watson Non-Qualified Stable Value Excess Plan for U.S. Employees (“WTW Stable Value Excess Plan”) is an unfunded deferred compensation plan for select management and other highly compensated colleagues, including the Company's executive officers, with the purpose of providing participants with supplemental and deferred compensation benefits through the accrual of a contributory or non-contributory stable value benefit. For additional details, see section entitled “Compensation Tables — Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022.”
- **Qualified Savings Plan** – The 401(k) savings plan is available for U.S. employees to provide a means for saving towards retirement and pursuant to which matching contributions are made. All NEOs other than Mr. Garrard participated in the 401(k) Plan in 2022.
- **Non-Qualified Deferred Savings Plan** – The Willis Towers Watson Non-Qualified Deferred Savings Plan for U.S. Employees (the “WTW Deferred Savings Plan”) is an unfunded deferred compensation plan for select management and other highly compensated colleagues who contribute significantly to the future success of the Company, including the Company's executive officers. The purpose of the plan is to provide this group with a means to defer receipt of a portion of their compensation, and potentially to receive a discretionary matching contribution from the Company. All NEOs other than Mr. Garrard participated in the WTW Deferred Savings Plan in 2022. For additional details, see section entitled “Compensation Tables — Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022.”

U.K. Plans

For U.K. employees, a defined contribution plan, the Willis Group Personal Pension Plan (which replaced the Willis Stakeholder Pension Scheme as of February 1, 2015), is available for new employees. Mr. Garrard did not participate in the Willis Group Personal Pension Plan during 2022, and instead elected to receive cash supplements in lieu of Company contributions to the Willis Group Personal Pension Plan.

Other Benefits**Employee Welfare Benefit Plans**

Our NEOs are eligible to participate in the medical, life insurance and other welfare benefits available to all other colleagues. There are no special medical plans or other welfare plans for our NEOs.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**Perquisites**

The HCC Committee does not believe that providing generous executive perquisites is necessary to attract and retain executive talent or consistent with its pay-for-performance philosophy. In 2022, we did not provide perquisites to the NEOs, other than as described in the “Summary Compensation Table” or in modest amounts, less than \$10,000 and not required to be itemized under applicable SEC rules.

Severance Benefits

The HCC Committee believes that severance benefits are a necessary component of a competitive compensation program because they minimize distraction and ensure continuity during times of uncertainty or transition, including during a change in control. In certain cases, such benefits are consideration for an executive’s agreement not to compete. Set forth below is a summary of the NEOs’ termination arrangements as of December 31, 2022. The NEOs do not receive any form of tax gross-ups, significant perquisites or automatic payments in connection with a change in control of the Company.

Executive Severance Plans

All NEOs except for Mr. Furman are participants of the Company’s executive severance plans adopted on March 8, 2020 described further below. Effective as of February 22, 2022, the executive severance plans were amended to make certain changes reflected below. For additional details on payments that may be due to the NEOs in certain termination scenarios, see “Compensation Tables — Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control.”

The Willis Towers Watson Public Limited Company Severance and Change in Control Pay Plan for U.S. Executives as amended on June 5, 2020 and February 22, 2022 (the “U.S. Executive Severance Plan”) and the Willis Towers Watson Severance and Change in Control Pay Plan for Non-U.S. Executives as amended on February 22, 2022 (the “Non-U.S. Executive Severance Plan,” and together, the “Executive Severance Plans”), provide for the payment of severance benefits to NEOs in the termination scenarios summarized below.

Executive Severance Plans Summary	
<p>Involuntary Termination* <i>Outside of Change in Control Period</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CEO: (i) 2x Base Salary (paid in monthly cash installments); (ii) 2x STI Target; and (iii) cost of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 24 months following participant’s termination • Other NEOs: (i) 1x Base Salary (paid in monthly cash installments); (ii) 1x STI Target; and (iii) cost of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 18 months following participant’s termination**
<p>Qualifying Termination* <i>During Change in Control Period</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CEO: (i) 3x Base Salary (paid in cash lump sum); (ii) 3x STI Target; (iii) pro-rata portion of STI award payable for year in which termination occurs based on period participant is employed during year; and (iv) cost of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 24 months following participant’s termination • Other NEOs: (i) 2x Base Salary (paid in cash lump sum); (ii) 2x STI Target; (iii) pro-rata portion of STI award payable for year in which termination occurs based on period participant is employed during year; and (iv) cost of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 18 months following participant’s termination**

* **Involuntary Termination** means a participant’s employment is involuntarily terminated without “cause” and other than due to the participant’s death or “permanent disability.” **Qualifying Termination** means an Involuntary Termination or a participant’s resignation for “good reason” in connection with a “change in control.” **Change in Control Period** is the period commencing 6 months prior to a change in control and ending 24 months following a change in control.

** Continued medical coverage is included in the U.S. Executive Severance Plan only. As a non-U.S. person, Mr. Garrard is not covered by the U.S. Executive Severance Plan.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Equity award vesting acceleration treatment is addressed separately on an annual basis and set forth in executive's equity award agreements.

Under the Executive Severance Plans, if any payments and benefits constitute "parachute payments" within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code and would otherwise be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, then the payments and benefits will be either delivered in full or delivered as to such lesser extent which would result in no portion of such benefits being subject to such excise tax, whichever of the foregoing amounts, taking into account the applicable federal, state and local income taxes and the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, results in the receipt by the participant on an after-tax basis, of the greatest amount of benefits, notwithstanding that all or some portion of such benefits may be taxable under Section 4999 of the Code. Additional information on the Executive Severance Plans, as well as the plan documents, can be found in our Current Reports on Form 8-Ks filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020 and on February 28, 2022.

In addition to the severance benefits described above, in the event of Mr. Krasner's resignation for "good reason" prior to the 6-month period preceding a "change in control" or after the 24-month period following a "change in control" (as such terms are defined in the U.S. Executive Severance Plan), Mr. Krasner would be entitled to: (i) monthly cash installments during a 12-month period equal to the sum of 12 months of base salary and one times target STI and (ii) the cost of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 18 months following the termination date. Additionally, in the event of a Qualifying Termination and whether or not a "change in control" occurs (as such terms are defined in the U.S. Executive Severance Plan), prior to full vesting of his sign-on RSU award (granted in September 2021), the Company will (i) accelerate the vesting of any outstanding unvested RSUs under the award at the time of his termination, subject to the approval of the HCC Committee; or, in the absence of such approval, (ii) pay him the cash value of the outstanding unvested RSUs under the award.

In addition to the severance benefits described above, effective as of June 17, 2022, the HCC Committee approved certain enhanced termination provisions applicable to Mr. Garrard's outstanding and future LTI awards, as further described in the section entitled "Compensation Tables — Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control." Furthermore, termination provisions under Mr. Furman's employment agreement are described in the section "Compensation Tables — Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control."

2023 Compensation Preview

Special Equity Awards

On April 1, 2023, the HCC Committee granted to each of Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard a one-time special equity award of RSUs, equal to approximately \$200,000, in recognition of their exceptional contributions to the recovery and stabilization of the business during 2022. The RSUs vest ratably over two years.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)2023 Incentive Plan Changes

In February 2023, the HCC Committee approved certain changes to the 2023 incentive plans as described below.

2023 STI Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Replaced the Adjusted Operating Income metric with Adjusted Operating Margin to better align compensation and behaviors with the long-term best interests of the Company. In response to feedback received from certain shareholders, incorporated an enterprise Free Cash Flow performance metric in the enterprise financial performance portion of the executive officer 2023 STI design (in addition to Adjusted Net Revenue and Adjusted Operating Margin).
2023 LTIP Design	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The Adjusted Net Revenue and Adjusted EPS performance metrics for 2023 LTIP will be measured as growth rate targets rather than absolute dollar values. This shift is intended to: (i) provide improved understanding and tracking of our target performance for colleagues and shareholders and (ii) modify the current metrics in a fashion appropriate with the absence of publicly announced absolute dollar value targets.

As noted above, during the shareholder outreach program, certain shareholders requested that we incorporate Free Cash Flow as an explicit metric within our incentive plans, as it was one of the metrics discussed during our Investor Day strategy. In response, the reconstituted HCC Committee approved incorporating Free Cash Flow as an explicit specific metric in the quantitative portion of the 2023 STI design. The Committee did not incorporate Free Cash Flow as a metric within the 2023 LTIP design because it believed success on the LTIP metrics set forth above would result in improved cash flows – meaning senior executives are already incentivized to significantly improve cash flows through the 2023 LTIP (in addition to the 2023 STI explicit metric).

2023 Target Total Direct Compensation Changes

In February 2023, following a review of external market data and internal pay equity, the HCC Committee approved increases to 2023 target total direct compensation for Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard as detailed below. No changes to base salary were made for these individuals.

NEO	2023 Base Salary	2023 STI Target	2023 LTI Target	2023 Target Total Direct Compensation	% Increase from 2022
Mr. Hess (1)	\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$8,500,000	\$11,500,000	15%
Ms. Gebauer (2)	\$ 650,000	\$ 812,500	\$1,300,000	\$ 2,762,500	16%
Mr. Garrard * (2)	\$ 624,864	\$ 781,080	\$1,249,728	\$ 2,655,672	16%

* *The figures for Mr. Garrard have been converted into dollars at the five-year average exchange rate (2018 – 2022) (£1:\$1.3018).*

- Mr. Hess's 2023 STI target was increased from 175% to 200% of base salary and 2023 LTI target was increased from 725% to 850% of base salary.
- Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard's 2023 STI targets were increased from 90% to 125% of base salary and 2023 LTI targets were increased from 175% to 200% of base salary.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

Compensation Governance

Role of the HCC Committee

The role of the HCC Committee and its interplay with management and the Board as a whole are set forth below.

Management	HCC Committee	Board of Directors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CEO makes recommendations to HCC Committee on compensation for executive officers, including NEOs, based on holistic assessment of each executive's individual performance and overall Company financial goals for fiscal year • No member of management participates in discussions concerning his or her own compensation • As appropriate, other executive officers will attend meetings to provide opinions and recommendations 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Evaluates compensation levels for NEOs and administers Company's executive compensation program • Reviews and approves all components of executive compensation for NEOs • Annually reviews and approves corporate goals and key objectives related to NEO compensation, evaluates NEO performance in light of those goals and objectives and determines and approves NEO compensation • Reviews, among other things, compliance with share ownership guidelines, proxy season trends, shareholder feedback and the compensation risk assessment • Reviews talent, culture*, inclusion and diversity initiatives • Reviews its Charter, responsibilities and annual calendar • Engages an independent compensation consultant 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ratifies all components of executive compensation for CEO • Approves HCC Committee recommendations on non-employee director compensation, share ownership guidelines and policy

* With respect to assessing culture, the Company implements a multi-dimensional strategy to gather feedback from colleagues, which includes among other things, formal engagement via company-wide surveys as well as frequent pulse surveys and other listening mechanisms. Insights from these initiatives are shared back with the HCC Committee.

Role of the External HCC Committee Consultant

The HCC Committee has the independent authority to hire external consultants as well as the sole authority to retain and terminate the services of its consultant. In 2022, the HCC Committee engaged Semler Brossy Consulting Group LLC ("Semler Brossy") as its independent consultant.

During the course of 2022, Semler Brossy worked directly under the guidance of the Company's HCC Committee, in cooperation with management, to assist the HCC Committee with executing its executive compensation-related responsibilities. In such role, the HCC Committee's consultant served as an objective third-party advisor in assessing the reasonableness of compensation levels and the appropriateness of the design of the evolving compensation program structure in supporting the current and future business strategy and human resource objectives. Semler Brossy attended all formal meetings of the Company's HCC Committee during 2022.

During 2022, Semler Brossy supported the Company's HCC Committee by assisting with the design and administration of the Company's executive compensation pay practices, including:

- reviewing and providing input on the peer group used to benchmark executive pay;
- assessing the market pay data used to inform 2022 pay decisions;
- providing input on the pay decisions for the Company's executive officers, including pay mix and levels;

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

- reviewing and providing input on the Company's annual and long-term incentive plan designs;
- reviewing the Company's Compensation Risk Assessment;
- reviewing compensation disclosures, including the CD&A;
- keeping the HCC Committee informed of changes in the regulatory or governance environment for executive compensation issues; and
- reviewing the Company compensation plans relative to proxy advisory standards.

The HCC Committee was also provided compensation market data and inputs from WTW consultants. The HCC Committee along with Semler Brossy used the data and analysis provided by the WTW consultants to ensure that the compensation practices were consistent with the compensation philosophy and objectives for both the amount and composition of executive compensation, including that of Mr. Hess. Based on the data and analysis provided by the WTW consultants as reviewed by Semler Brossy as well as information from management and Semler Brossy, the HCC Committee applied business judgment in recommending compensation awards, taking into account the dynamic nature of the brokerage and consulting businesses internationally and the adaptability and response required by the senior leadership to manage significant changes that arose during the course of the year.

Other than serving as the consultant to the HCC Committee, Semler Brossy provides no other services to the Company. The HCC Committee determined that, based on the factors specified in the exchange listing rules, Semler Brossy's services produced no conflicts of interest. The WTW consultants work for the Company and are therefore by definition not independent advisors, although they do provide professional advice, data and guidance to the HCC Committee with the concurrence of Semler Brossy.

Use of Peer Company Data

In making its determinations for fiscal year 2022, the HCC Committee considered publicly available information of a select group of peer companies as well as survey data from the Company's compensation surveys to inform the pay levels and structures for the senior executive team. The peer group was used as the primary reference point for the CEO and CFO compensation benchmarking, while the size-adjusted general industry survey data was the primary reference point for all other NEOs. All compensation data used was reviewed and supported by Semler Brossy as the HCC Committee's independent compensation consultant.

The peer group was selected by the HCC Committee based on the recommendations of the WTW consultants and Semler Brossy based on input from management on the comparability of the business operations of potential peer group companies, including reasonably comparable size (based on revenue and market capitalization) and industry. Information about the peer group companies was used to inform decisions regarding pay levels and mix and program design.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)

For conducting a competitive assessment of the compensation levels for the Company's executives for fiscal year 2022, the HCC Committee approved the below peer group of 16 companies.

2022 Peer Group		Removed for 2022
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Aon • Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. • Automatic Data Processing, Inc. • Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation • Cognizant Technologies Solutions Corp. • Conduent Incorporated • Fidelity National Financial, Inc. • Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • First American Financial Corporation • Fiserv, Inc. • Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc. • Principal Financial Group Inc. • Robert Half International Inc. • S&P Global Inc. • The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc. • Unum Group 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nielsen Holdings plc*

* Due to size and acquisition by Evergreen Coast Capital and Brookfield Business Partners, no longer deemed relevant for comparison.

At the time the peer group was approved by the HCC Committee in 2022, WTW was at the 38th percentile in terms of total revenue and the 50th percentile in terms of market capitalization among this peer group.

Compensation and Risk

Compensation Risk Analysis

In reviewing the Company's pay programs, the HCC Committee considers whether the programs encourage unnecessary or excessive risk taking that might have an adverse impact on the Company. At the request of the HCC Committee, the Company's internal compensation consultants (the "WTW consultants") completed a 2022 risk assessment of the Company's compensation programs with the review and concurrence of Semler Brossy, the HCC Committee's independent compensation consultant. The 2022 risk assessment included a review of the design and features of the Company's incentive compensation programs in place, as well as an evaluation of program structure and philosophy, design characteristics, performance management and governance practices relative to compensation risk factors. The 2022 compensation risk assessment led Semler Brossy and the HCC Committee to agree that the Company's compensation programs do not create risks that are reasonably likely to have a material adverse effect on the Company.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)Compensation Recoupment Policy

The Company's compensation recoupment policy is intended to encourage sound risk management and individual accountability. Under the policy, the Board, or if delegated by the Board, any of its committees or sub-committees, may to the extent permitted by applicable law, recoup any incentive compensation received by a Section 16 officer, as designated by the Company, in the event of a financial restatement or due to detrimental conduct, as described below. The current version of the recoupment policy is posted on the Company's website under "Investor Relations — Corporate Governance." Additionally, in October 2022, the Securities and Exchange Commission adopted final rules that will require listed companies to implement certain recoupment policies for erroneously awarded incentive compensation. The Company expects to adopt a recoupment policy intended to comply with the applicable NASDAQ listing standards.

Covered Employees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Section 16 officers, as designated by the Company
Covered Compensation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incentive Compensation (i.e., STI and LTI awards)
Covered Events & Board Authority	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Financial restatement – The Board may recover up to the amount by which the incentive compensation received exceeds the amount that would have been received if the error had not been made within the three years preceding the date on which the Board determines a financial restatement is required if, in the Board's judgment and determination, the person engaged in fraud, negligence or other misconduct that contributed to the need for the financial restatement. • Detrimental conduct that, in the sole discretion of the Board, is likely to cause or has caused material financial, operational, or reputational harm to the Company – The Board may recover incentive compensation received by the person during and after the period in which such detrimental conduct occurred. Detrimental conduct consists of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Commission of an act of fraud, misappropriation or embezzlement in the course of employment – Commission of a criminal act, whether or not in the workplace, that in the Board's sole discretion, constitutes a felony or crime of comparable magnitude that could subject the Company to reputational harm – Material violation of a non-compete, non-solicitation, or confidentiality agreement – Willful and material breach of a covered person's obligations under the Company's Code of Conduct relating to compliance with law or regulations that would give rise to dismissal under the Code of Conduct or termination for cause – Any act or omission involving willful misconduct that resulted in such covered person's termination for cause

Notwithstanding the provisions of the Company's policy, the Company is subject to the rules of the NASDAQ and, once they are effective and applicable to the Company, the Company intends to comply with the rules adopted by NASDAQ in accordance with the SEC's October 2022 rules promulgated under the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act.

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)Executive Share Ownership Guidelines

The HCC Committee oversees the implementation of the share ownership policy that applies to the executive officers of the Company, to further align their interests with those of our shareholders and provide meaningful personal interest in sustainable value creation.

Minimum Guidelines	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CEO: 6.0x base salary • Other Executive Officers: 3.0x base salary
Period to Comply (1)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Within five years from the later of: (i) February 7, 2017 (the date of adoption of the policy) or (ii) the date of the executive's hiring or promotion.
Shares Counted (2)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shares owned outright or in a trust for benefit (including shares acquired from equity awards or from share market purchases) • Shares or units held in broad-based share purchase plans (i.e., the Employee Stock Purchase Plan, U.K. Sharesave) • Shares held in a 401(k) self-directed brokerage account • Shares deemed held in the WTW Deferred Savings Plan and the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan • Unvested and vested restricted shares or RSUs that are subject to time-based vesting • Unvested earned PSUs
Shares Not Counted	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Unvested or vested/unexercised share options • Unvested / unearned PSUs
Additional Information	<p>Once an executive accumulates sufficient shares to meet his or her individual requirement, the executive is not required to retain shares above the threshold. If, as a result of a share price decline subsequent to an executive meeting his or her ownership requirement, the executive no longer satisfies the ownership requirement as of the Company's fiscal year-end, the executive is not required to buy additional shares to meet the ownership requirement. However, the executive is required to retain the number of shares that originally were acquired to reach the share ownership threshold until such time as he or she is once again above the threshold.</p>

- (1) Failure to comply with or make reasonable progress towards meeting the share ownership guidelines in a timely fashion would result in the executive being required to retain all of the net shares received upon the vesting of RSUs and PSUs and the exercise of options to purchase WTW shares and may impact future grants. The HCC Committee has interpreted "reasonable progress" for purposes of measuring compliance as looking at an executive's ownership levels (calculated under guidelines) compared to ownership levels that would be expected at the relevant stage of the five-year transition period (e.g., 1/5 per year after first year).
- (2) Related value based on the average daily share price over the last 30 business days of the Company's fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2022, the NEOs have either satisfied the minimum required share ownership requirements or have made reasonable progress to achieve the ownership guidelines within the prescribed period.

Anti-Hedging and Anti-Pledging Policies

The Company prohibits directors and executive officers from pledging any Company shares, including by entering into margin accounts, and prohibits directors and all employees from engaging in hedging transactions with respect to ownership in the Company's securities (including prepaid variable forward contracts, equity swaps, collars and exchange funds).

Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis (continued)**Additional Information****Share Award Policy**

The Board has a policy governing the granting of options and other share-based awards under the Company's equity plans.

It is the Company's policy not to backdate option grants or other share-based awards to take advantage of a lower share price or to schedule grants of options or other share-based awards before or after specific events to take advantage of anticipated movements in the price of our shares.

It is also the Company's policy that, if it grants options (which have not been awarded since before January 2016), it would grant options with an exercise price no less than the closing sales price as quoted on the NASDAQ on the date of grant, except in the case of any sharesave sub-plans adopted by the Company for non-U.S. employees, for which the exercise price of the option was set at a 5% or 10% discount off the closing sales price on the date before employees are invited to participate. In addition, none of the Company's share-based plans permit the re-pricing of options without obtaining shareholder approval.

Under this policy, annual share-based awards for executive officers are authorized by the HCC Committee and the grant date is on the date of that meeting or a date specified by the HCC Committee no later than 90 days following that meeting. Except as directed by the HCC Committee, share-based awards granted in connection with a new hire, a promotion or the assignment of additional responsibilities to an existing employee or for retention purposes will be considered granted on March 3rd, May 13th, August 13th, November 13th or December 1st (or if the applicable grant date was not a trading day, the next trading day) on the date most closely following the date on which such recipient's employment or promotion or assignment of new responsibilities commenced and such award was approved.

Tax and Accounting Implications

Section 162(m) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") generally limits the deductibility of the compensation payable by public companies to certain executive officers covered by Code Section 162(m) to \$1 million in any taxable year. As a result, short-term and long-term compensation, including performance-based compensation, in excess of \$1 million payable to our executive officers who are considered "covered employees" under Code Section 162(m), which would include our NEOs, will not be deductible for tax purposes. While the non-deductibility of compensation for tax purposes is one of several considerations the HCC Committee weighs in determining its executive compensation program, the HCC Committee retains discretion to structure its executive compensation to be competitive and effective in order to promote the Company's business goals even if the compensation payable to our NEOs is not fully deductible.

The HCC Committee also takes into consideration the potential implications of Section 409A of the Code in designing the compensation payable to our NEOs.

The accounting expense of the compensation payable to our NEOs, including the decision to adopt new share-based programs or make any changes to the share-based component of our NEOs' compensation arrangements, is also factored into the HCC Committee's decision to approve our NEOs' compensation.

Human Capital and Compensation Committee Report

This report is submitted to the shareholders of Willis Towers Watson Public Limited Company by the HCC Committee of the Company's Board of Directors. The HCC Committee consists solely of non-executive directors who are independent, as determined by the Board in accordance with the Company's guidelines and NASDAQ listing standards.

The HCC Committee (not including Jacqueline Hunt, who joined the HCC Committee on April 1, 2023 and has not signed this report) has reviewed, and discussed with management, the Compensation Discussion and Analysis contained in this Proxy Statement, and based on this review and discussion, recommended to the Board that it be included in this Proxy Statement.

***Submitted by the HCC Committee of the Board of Directors of Willis Towers Watson
Michelle Swanback (Chair), Michael Hammond, Linda Rabbitt and Paul Reilly***

Human Capital and Compensation Committee Interlocks and Insider Participation

None of our executive officers serves as a member of the board of directors or compensation committee of any entity that has one or more of its executive officers serving as a member of the HCC Committee. In addition, none of our executive officers serves as a member of the compensation committee of any entity that has one or more of its executive officers serving as a member of our Board.

Compensation Tables

Summary Compensation Table

The following table sets forth information concerning the compensation of Carl Hess (CEO), Andrew Krasner (CFO), Julie Gebauer (Global Head of HWC), Adam Garrard (Global Head of R&B) and Matthew Furman (General Counsel), who are collectively our NEOs for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
Name and Principal Position	Year	Salary (\$)	Bonus (\$)	Share Awards (\$)	Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (\$)	Change in Pension Value and Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (\$)	All Other Compensation (\$)	Total (\$)
Carl Hess <i>CEO</i>	2022	1,058,173	—	7,249,654	1,801,052	—	620,021	10,728,900
	2021	766,667	—	1,167,419	2,443,875	209,050	241,474	4,828,485
	2020	650,000	—	1,525,847	758,160	809,732	197,839	3,941,578
Andrew Krasner <i>CFO</i>	2022	800,000	—	1,599,768	1,106,595	3,300	58,789	3,568,452
	2021	333,625	361,667	2,999,991	493,397	8,178	2,698	4,199,556
Julie Gebauer <i>Global Head of HWC</i>	2022	650,000	—	1,137,196	647,358	—	244,337	2,678,891
	2021	650,000	—	1,167,419	837,574	—	216,167	2,871,160
	2020	650,000	—	1,525,847	726,570	1,133,761	187,728	4,223,906
Adam Garrard * <i>Global Head of R&B</i>	2022	624,864	—	1,137,434	622,324	—	80,955	2,465,577
Matthew Furman <i>General Counsel</i>	2022	580,000	—	884,776	785,415	21,290	126,620	2,398,101
	2021	550,000	300,000	897,994	984,328	22,482	108,449	2,863,253

* The figures for Mr. Garrard have been converted into dollars at the five-year average exchange rate (2018 – 2022), as applicable (£1:\$1.3018), except for the Share Awards, which was determined based on his 2022 LTI target value (GBP) and then converted to USD based on the average exchange rate for the 30 business days ending on the date of the grant (April 1, 2022).

Salary (Column C)

The amounts shown in column C reflect base salaries earned by each NEO during the listed year. Mr. Furman's base salary was increased from \$550,000 to \$590,000 effective April 1, 2022. The amount in column C for Mr. Hess also includes his legacy Watson Wyatt frozen vacation balance (accrued but not used as of December 31, 1992) which was paid out to him in July 2022 (consistent with the treatment for other colleagues with legacy Watson Wyatt frozen vacation balances) at his then-current rate of hourly base salary in the amount of \$58,173.

Bonus (Column D)

No bonuses were paid to any of the NEOs during 2022.

Share Awards (Column E)

The amounts shown in column E reflect the aggregate grant date fair value computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. Assumptions used in the calculation of these amounts are included in "Note 19-Share-based Compensation" to our Fiscal Year 2022 Consolidated Financial Statements included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for Fiscal Year 2022 filed with the SEC on February 24, 2023. For awards shown in column E that are subject to market conditions, the amount included in the table is the full fair value of the award at the grant date consistent with the recognition criteria in FASB ASC Topic 718; the full fair value at the grant date takes into

Compensation Tables (continued)

account all possible outcomes of the market condition and therefore, pursuant to FASB ASC Topic 718, the expense does not change based on the number of shares that are ultimately settled upon achievement of performance at the end of the performance period. For the 2022 LTIP PSU awards (which are subject only to performance conditions), the amount included in the table is the full fair value at the grant date based on the probable outcome with respect to the satisfaction of the performance conditions consistent with the recognition criteria in FASB ASC Topic 718 (excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures). Additional details regarding the 2022 amounts shown in column E for the NEOs are as follows:

Name	Award	Grant Date	PSU Award Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value (\$)	RSU Award Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value (\$)	Column E
					Total Share Award Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value (\$)
Carl Hess	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	5,437,359	1,812,295	7,249,654
Andrew Krasner	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	1,199,885	399,883	1,599,768
Julie Gebauer	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	852,956	284,240	1,137,196
Adam Garrard	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	853,194	284,240	1,137,434
Matthew Furman	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	663,701	221,075	884,776

The aggregate grant date fair value shown in the table above for the NEOs' PSUs granted pursuant to the 2022 LTIP reflects the value of each award at the grant date based on the probable outcome of the performance conditions as of the grant date (target performance). Below is a comparison of the value of each award at the grant date based on the probable outcome of the performance conditions and the value of each award at the grant date assuming the highest level of performance conditions will be achieved.

Name	Award	Grant Date	PSU Award Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value Based on Target Performance (\$)	PSU Award Aggregate Grant Date Fair Value Assuming Maximum Performance (\$)
Carl Hess	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	5,437,359	10,874,718
Andrew Krasner	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	1,199,885	2,399,771
Julie Gebauer	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	852,956	1,705,913
Adam Garrard	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	853,194	1,706,388
Matthew Furman	2022 LTIP Award	1-Apr-2022	663,701	1,327,401

For more information regarding the equity awards, see the "Grants of Plan-Based Awards" table, the "Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End" table and the section entitled "Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — Long-Term Incentive Compensation."

Non-Equity Incentive Plan Compensation (Column F)

The amounts shown in column F reflect the NEOs' 2022 STI awards, which were paid 100% in cash in March 2022.

Compensation Tables (continued)**Change in Pension Value and Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Earnings (Column G)**

This column reflects any aggregate increase in actuarial present values of accumulated benefits during the relevant fiscal year for the NEOs under the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan and the Towers Watson Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan (“Towers Watson SERP”) (through July 1, 2017, when it was frozen). Any increase in actuarial present value was determined using assumptions that are the same as those used in the Company’s financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, except that retirement is assumed to occur at the earliest unreduced retirement age for the NEOs and no pre-retirement terminations or deaths are assumed to occur.

The earliest unreduced retirement ages for each of the NEOs is as follows:

- Mr. Hess – Age 62 under the Legacy Watson Wyatt and pre-July 1, 2017 stable value formulas; Age 65 under the post-July 1, 2017 stable value formula. Age 62 was assumed for Mr. Hess because the majority of his benefit value is unreduced at age 62.
- Messrs. Krasner and Furman – Age 65 under the post-July 1, 2017 stable value formula.
- Ms. Gebauer – Age 60 under the Legacy Towers Perrin benefit formula; Age 62 under the pre-July 1, 2017 stable value benefit formula; Age 65 under the post-July 1, 2017 stable value benefit formula. Ms. Gebauer was assumed to retire immediately because the majority of her benefit value is unreduced at age 60 and she has attained that age.
- Mr. Garrard – Not applicable since Mr. Garrard does not participate in any defined benefit plan.

The pension values for Messrs. Krasner and Furman increased during the year. The pension values for Mr. Hess and Ms. Gebauer decreased during the year. The increases/(decreases) in the actuarial present values for the NEOs for fiscal year 2022 were \$(790,576) for Mr. Hess, \$3,300 for Mr. Krasner, \$(1,648,949) for Ms. Gebauer and \$21,290 for Mr. Furman. These increases/(decreases) are attributable to a number of factors. The NEOs (except Mr. Garrard) accrued additional benefits in the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan during 2022. These accruals increased the present values by \$46,063 for Mr. Hess, \$22,068 for Mr. Krasner, \$46,738 for Ms. Gebauer and \$26,216 for Mr. Furman. The actuarial present value from the Willis Towers Watson Pension and the Towers Watson SERP increased due to the passage of time by \$142,162 for Mr. Hess, \$564 for Mr. Krasner, \$240,494 for Ms. Gebauer and \$2,644 for Mr. Furman. Changes in the actuarial assumptions were also made during fiscal 2022. The discount rates used to value benefits increased during fiscal 2022 from 2.87% to 5.39% for benefits from the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan and 2.23% to 5.22% for the Towers Watson SERP. The assumed lump sum interest rate to determine the value of benefits under the Towers Watson SERP increased from 1.25% to 2.75% for Mr. Hess and from 0.75% to 2.75% for Ms. Gebauer while the assumed retirement age was delayed for Ms. Gebauer. The assumption changes described above changed the actuarial present value amounts by \$(978,801) for Mr. Hess, \$(19,332) for Mr. Krasner, \$(1,936,182) for Ms. Gebauer and \$(7,570) for Mr. Furman.

All Other Compensation (Column H)

The amounts shown in column H reflect the aggregate dollar amount of perquisites and other personal benefits and Company contributions to Company-sponsored retirement plans for each NEO during 2022. Additional details are shown below:

Name	Perquisites and Other Personal Benefits (\$ (1))	Company Contributions to Company-Sponsored Retirement Plans (\$ (2))	2022 All Other Compensation Total (\$)
Carl Hess	—	620,021	620,021
Andrew Krasner	—	58,789	58,789
Julie Gebauer	—	244,337	244,337
Adam Garrard	15,403	65,552	80,955
Matthew Furman	—	126,620	126,620

Compensation Tables (continued)

- (1) The amount in this column for Mr. Garrard reflects (i) UK car allowance received during 2022 in the amount of \$9,545 and (ii) UK parking space in the amount of \$5,858 per annum, including VAT. No other NEOs received any perquisites or other personal benefits during 2022.
- (2) The amounts in this column reflect Company contributions to Company-sponsored retirement plans for the NEOs during 2022:
 - For Mr. Hess, (i) the Company's contribution to his 401(k) Plan in the amount of \$10,675, (ii) Company matching contributions made in the form of fully vested RSUs to the WTW Deferred Savings Plan in the amount of \$109,861 and (iii) the value of Company-provided quarterly allocations of fully vested RSUs under the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan in the amount of \$499,485.
 - For Mr. Krasner, (i) the Company's contribution to his 401(k) Plan in the amount of \$10,675, (ii) Company matching contributions made in the form of RSUs to the WTW Deferred Savings Plan in the amount of \$23,333 and (iii) the value of Company-provided quarterly allocations of RSUs under the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan in the amount of \$24,781.
 - For Ms. Gebauer, (i) the Company's contribution to her 401(k) Plan in the amount of \$10,675, (ii) Company matching contributions made in the form of fully vested RSUs to the WTW Deferred Savings Plan in the amount of \$41,390 and (iii) the value of Company-provided quarterly allocations of fully vested RSUs under the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan in the amount of \$192,272.
 - For Mr. Garrard, the total opt-out supplement received during 2022 in lieu of employer pension contribution.
 - For Mr. Furman, (i) the Company's contribution to his 401(k) Plan in the amount of \$10,675, (ii) Company matching contributions made in the form of RSUs to the WTW Deferred Savings Plan in the amount of \$44,077 and (iii) the value of Company-provided quarterly allocations of RSUs under the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan in the amount of \$71,868.

Total (Column I)

The amounts shown in column I reflect the sum of columns C through H for each NEO.

Compensation Tables (continued)

Grants of Plan-Based Awards

The following table sets forth the grants of plan-based awards made to the NEOs during 2022. Amounts shown in columns C through E relate to the STI award opportunities in respect of 2022. The terms and conditions of these awards are described in the section entitled “Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — Short-Term Incentive Compensation.” The remaining columns relate to equity awards granted under the 2022 LTI Program which consisted of PSUs and RSUs.

A Name	B Grant Date	C Estimated Future Payouts Under Non-Equity Incentive Plan Awards (1)			D Estimated Future Payouts Under Equity Incentive Plan Awards (2)			I All Other Stock Awards: Number of Shares of Stock or Units # (3)	J All Other Options Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Units #	K Exercise or Base Price of Option Awards (\$/Share)	L Grant Date Fair Value of Stock and Option Awards (\$) (4)
		Threshold (\$)	Target (\$)	Maximum (\$)	Threshold (#)	Target (#)	Maximum (#)				
Carl Hess	—	—	1,750,000	3,500,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	—	—	—	7,632	—	—	1,812,295
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	11,449	22,898	45,796	—	—	—	5,437,359
Andrew Krasner	—	—	1,000,000	2,000,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,684	—	—	399,883
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	2,527	5,053	10,106	—	—	—	1,199,885
Julie Gebauer	—	—	585,000	1,170,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,197	—	—	284,240
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	1,796	3,592	7,184	—	—	—	852,956
Adam Garrard	—	—	562,378	1,124,755	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	—	—	—	1,197	—	—	284,240
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	1,797	3,593	7,186	—	—	—	853,194
Matthew Furman	—	—	737,500	1,475,000	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	—	—	—	931	—	—	221,075
	4/1/2022	—	—	—	1,398	2,795	5,590	—	—	—	663,701

- (1) The amounts shown in columns C through E reflect threshold, target and maximum performance for the 2022 STI awards granted to each NEO. The threshold payout for each NEO reflects the minimum possible payout of \$0. The maximum payout for each NEO reflects the maximum STI award opportunity of 200% of 2022 STI target. The actual 2022 STI awards granted are shown in column F of the Summary Compensation Table and further analyzed in the table in the section entitled “Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — Short-Term Incentive Compensation — 2022 STI Awards.” The figures for Mr. Garrard have been converted into dollars at the five-year average exchange rate (2018 – 2022) (£1:\$1.3018).
- (2) The amounts shown in columns F through H reflect threshold, target and maximum performance for the PSUs granted to the NEOs under the 2022 LTIP on April 1, 2022. Earned PSUs will be determined based on a sliding scale for each PSU financial performance metric with a 100% (target) payout if the applicable 2024 financial target is achieved (2024 Adjusted Operating Margin: 23.0%; 2024 Adjusted Net Revenue: \$9.9B; 2024 Adjusted EPS: \$17.50). The payout for each metric will be below 100% if results fall below target and above 100% if results are above target. The sliding scales contain thresholds, such that there is a potential of 0% payout for each metric if threshold performance is not achieved and 200% payout if the maximum performance goal is achieved. The performance ranges on each metric are independent and it is possible to earn a payout on one metric and not the others (assuming threshold performance has been met on that metric). The Company believes any further detail on the performance ranges is competitively sensitive.

The earned PSUs will vest on April 1, 2025 for all NEOs, subject to the continued employment of the participant during the vesting period, unless eligible for retirement under the terms of the program (as Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard are). Dividend equivalents in the form of additional shares will accrue on the PSUs but are only paid to the same extent and at the same time as the underlying shares vest.

Compensation Tables (continued)

For additional information on the 2022 LTIP, see section entitled “Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — Long-Term Incentive Compensation.”

- (3) The amount shown in column I reflects the RSUs granted to each NEO under the 2022 LTIP on April 1, 2022. The RSUs will vest in equal installments with an installment vesting on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date, provided the NEO remains continuously employed by the Company through the applicable vesting date, unless the NEO meets the retirement vesting eligibility requirements under the terms of the program (as Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard do). For additional information on the 2022 LTIP, see section entitled “Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — Long-Term Incentive Compensation.”
- (4) The aggregate grant date fair value is computed in accordance with FASB ASC Topic 718. For awards subject to performance conditions, amounts reflect the full fair value at the grant date based on the probable outcome with respect to the satisfaction of the performance conditions consistent with the recognition criteria in FASB ASC Topic 718 (excluding the effect of estimated forfeitures).

Compensation Tables (continued)

Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End

The following table sets forth the options and share-based awards held by the NEOs as of December 31, 2022.

Name	Option Awards					Share Awards			
	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Exercisable	Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Options (#) Unexercisable	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Securities Underlying Unexercised Unearned Options (#)	Option Exercise Price (\$)	Option Expiration Date	Number of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (#)	Market Value of Shares or Units of Stock That Have Not Vested (\$) (1)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Number of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (#)	Equity Incentive Plan Awards: Market or Payout Value Of Unearned Shares, Units or Other Rights That Have Not Vested (\$) (1)
Carl Hess	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,851(2)	1,186,458
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,534(3)	1,108,926
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	23,160(4)	5,664,473
	—	—	—	—	—	7,719(5)	1,887,913	—	—
Andrew Krasner	—	—	—	—	—	9,000(6)	2,201,220	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,111(4)	1,250,048
	—	—	—	—	—	1,703(5)	416,520	—	—
Julie Gebauer	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,851(2)	1,186,458
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,534(3)	1,108,926
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,633(4)	888,559
	—	—	—	—	—	1,211(5)	296,186	—	—
Adam Garrard *	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,115(2)	1,006,447
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,266(3)	1,043,378
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,634(4)	888,804
	—	—	—	—	—	1,211(5)	296,186	—	—
Matthew Furman	12,571(7)	—	—	116.58	11/9/2023	—	—	—	—
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,731(2)	912,528
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3,488(3)	853,095
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,827(4)	691,428
						942(5)	230,394	—	—

* The HCC Committee approved enhanced treatment of certain outstanding and future equity awards for Mr. Garrard, which is further described in the section below entitled “— Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control.”

- (1) The market value of shares or units that have not vested has been calculated using the closing price of the Company’s shares on December 30, 2022, as quoted on the NASDAQ (\$244.58), the last business day of the year.
- (2) The PSUs were granted to the NEOs who were executive officers on July 20, 2020 pursuant to the 2020 LTI program with a performance period from January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2022. The table reflects the target amount of the awards and dividend equivalents in the form of additional shares that have accrued on the PSUs through December 31, 2022. Following the end of the performance period, earned PSUs were determined based on the Company’s achievement of the performance targets established for the 2020 LTI Program as set forth in the following table:

Compensation Tables (continued)

Performance Level	WTW's TSR Relative to the S&P 500	Payout (as % of Target # of PSUs Granted)
Maximum	75 th Percentile	200%
Target	50 th Percentile	100%
Threshold	25 th Percentile	50%
< Threshold	< 25 th Percentile	0%

The Company achieved an annualized TSR over the three-year performance period of 9.4% which resulted in a percentile ranking of 48.4% relative to the S&P 500. Based on the interpolation of the above sliding scale, the Company's percentile ranking produced a payout of 96.8% of the target number of shares granted under the PSU award. As a result, the earned shares shown below are expected to vest in July 2023 for each NEO. Note that the earned shares shown below include dividend equivalents in the form of additional shares accrued on the PSUs through December 31, 2022 (3.5% of the target # of PSUs granted), but the actual earned shares to vest in July 2023 will include additional dividend equivalents accrued through the vesting date.

NEO	Target # of PSUs Granted (including dividend equivalents accrued through December 31, 2022)	Earned # of PSUs at 96.8% Payout
Mr. Hess	4,851	4,695
Ms. Gebauer	4,851	4,695
Mr. Garrard	4,115	3,983
Mr. Furman	3,731	3,611

- (3) The PSUs were granted to Messrs. Hess, Garrard and Furman and Ms. Gebauer on July 20, 2021 pursuant to the 2021 LTI program with a performance period from January 1, 2021 to December 31, 2023. The table reflects the target amount of the awards and dividend equivalents in the form of additional shares that have accrued on the PSUs through December 31, 2022.
- (4) The PSUs were granted to the NEOs on April 1, 2022 pursuant to the 2022 LTIP for the period of January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024. Earned PSUs will be determined based on a sliding scale for each PSU financial performance metric with a 100% (target) payout if the applicable 2024 financial target is achieved (2024 Adjusted Operating Margin: 23.0%; 2024 Adjusted Net Revenue: \$9.9B; 2024 Adjusted EPS: \$17.50) as discussed in the section entitled "Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — Long-Term Incentive Compensation." The table reflects the target amount of the awards and dividend equivalents in the form of additional shares that have accrued on the PSUs through December 31, 2022.
- (5) The RSUs were granted to the NEOs on April 1, 2022 pursuant to the 2022 LTIP for the period of January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2024. The table reflects the dividend equivalents in the form of additional shares that have accrued on the RSUs through December 31, 2022. The RSUs will vest in equal installments with an installment vesting on each of the first three anniversaries of the grant date, subject to continued employment with the Company (unless NEO is eligible for retirement treatment under the terms of the program). For additional information on the 2022 LTIP, see section entitled "Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis — Compensation Decisions and Outcomes — Long-Term Incentive Compensation."
- (6) The time-based RSUs were granted on September 7, 2021 and vest in three equal annual installments on the first, second and third anniversaries of the grant date, subject to continued employment with the Company. The table reflects the dividend equivalents in the form of additional shares that have accrued on the RSUs through December 31, 2022.
- (7) The time-based options were granted on November 9, 2015 and were fully exercisable as of November 9, 2018. Mr. Furman subsequently exercised all of his outstanding options in 2023.

Compensation Tables (continued)

Option Exercises and Shares Vested

The following table sets forth the share option exercises by the NEOs and the vesting of RSUs and PSUs during 2022.

Name	Option Awards		Share-Based Awards	
	Number of Shares Acquired on Exercise (#)	Value Realized On Exercise (\$) (1)	Number of Shares Acquired on Vesting (#) (2)	Value Realized On Vesting (\$) (3)
Carl Hess	43,119	4,282,249	4,559	907,674
Andrew Krasner	—	—	4,467	915,378
Julie Gebauer	—	—	4,559	907,919
Adam Garrard	—	—	3,299	654,753
Matthew Furman	—	—	3,506	695,836

- (1) Reflects the aggregate difference between the market price of underlying shares of the Company's common stock, as quoted on the NASDAQ, on the date of exercise and the exercise price of the options.
- (2) Number of shares acquired on vesting reflects (i) PSUs earned under the 2019 LTI program that vested in July 2022 for Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer, Mr. Garrard and Mr. Furman and (ii) RSUs under the make whole sign-on equity award granted to Mr. Krasner in September 2021 that vested in September 2022.
- (3) The value realized in respect of vested RSUs and PSUs is calculated using the share closing price, as quoted on the NASDAQ, on the date such RSUs and PSUs became vested. For any vesting date that did not fall on a trading day, the value realized is calculated using the share closing price, as quoted on the NASDAQ, on the last trading day prior to such vesting date.

Pension Benefits at 2022 Fiscal Year-End

Messrs. Hess, Krasner and Furman, and Ms. Gebauer had accrued a pension benefit in one or more of the defined benefit pension plans maintained by the Company as of December 31, 2022. Mr. Garrard does not participate in a defined benefit plan maintained by the Company. With respect to the NEOs eligible for pension benefits, the table below provides information as of December 31, 2022 regarding the number of years of credited service and the present value of accumulated benefits payable at the earliest unreduced retirement age with respect to the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan and the Towers Watson SERP.

Name	Plan	Pension Benefits		
		Number of Years Credited Service (#)	Present Value of Accumulated Benefit (\$) (1)	Payments During the Twelve Months Ended December 31, 2022 (\$)
Carl Hess	Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan	33.50	1,714,004	—
	Towers Watson SERP	28.00	3,278,571	—
	Total		4,992,575	—
Andrew Krasner	Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan	4.92	23,066	—
	Total		23,066	—
Julie Gebauer	Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan	36.17	1,709,548	—
	Towers Watson SERP	30.67	5,541,598	—
	Total		7,251,146	—
Matthew Furman	Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan	5.50	113,284	—
	Total		113,284	—

- (1) The assumptions and methodology used in calculating the estimated present values shown in this column are the same as those used and disclosed in Note 13, "Retirement Benefits," to our audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, except the NEOs are assumed to retire at their earliest unreduced retirement age and no pre-retirement terminations or deaths are assumed to occur. Also, no additional compensation or benefit service is assumed beyond the

Compensation Tables (continued)

December 31, 2022 calculation date. The specific relevant assumptions include a discount rate of 5.39% for the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan and 5.22% for Towers Watson SERP. The mortality assumption for the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan is the PRI-2012 white collar, non-disabled table with no improvements for 2 years and beginning in 2024 future improvements based on MP-2020 grading down to 0% linearly over 10 years.

The Towers Watson SERP was frozen as of July 1, 2017. Accruals for compensation over the IRS statutory compensation limit after July 1, 2017 are now earned in the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan and are credited as notional shares of WTW stock each quarter.

Effective December 31, 2011, benefit accruals were frozen under the qualified and non-qualified defined benefit plans that had been maintained by legacy Towers Perrin and legacy Watson Wyatt for U.S. colleagues, and benefits began to accrue under the stable value pension design for service rendered on or after January 1, 2012. Effective July 1, 2017 the stable value formula was changed for existing participants in the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan and other employees who previously did not participate became eligible to earn accruals under this plan.

Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan

The Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan is a broad-based, tax-qualified defined benefit pension plan that provides a benefit to eligible colleagues of the Company. In general, all U.S. salaried and hourly colleagues are eligible to participate after completing one year of service.

The Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan provides benefits using two stable value formulas. Participants eligible for benefit accruals as of December 31, 2016 in general earn benefits under the non-contributory stable value formula ("Non-Contributory Participants"). Under the non-contributory formula eligible participants will earn a lump sum benefit at the participant's normal retirement age (65) equal to:

- (i) 11.5% of each year's covered pay up to the Social Security wage base for the first 10 years of credited service, 13.0% of each year's covered pay up to the Social Security wage base for the next 10 years of credited service, and 15.0% of each year's covered pay up to the Social Security wage base for 20 or more years of credited service; plus
- (ii) 16.5% of each year's covered pay over the Social Security wage base for the first 10 years of credited service, 18.0% of each year's covered pay over the Social Security wage base for the next 10 years of credited service, and 20.0% of each year's covered pay over the Social Security wage base for 20 or more years of credited service.

Mr. Hess and Ms. Gebauer earned benefits under the non-contributory formula.

Participants who were not eligible for benefit accruals as of December 31, 2016 earn benefits under the contributory stable value formula ("Contributory Participants"). Under the contributory formula, employees must contribute 2% of covered pay to the plan in order to participate. Beginning July 1, 2017 participants covered by the contributory formula will earn a lump sum benefit payable at the participant's normal retirement age (65) equal to:

- (i) 9.5% of each year's covered pay up to the Social Security wage base for the first 10 years of credited service after January 1, 2017, 11.0% of each year's covered pay up to the Social Security wage base for the next 10 years of credited service after January 1, 2017, and 12.5% of each year's covered pay up to the Social Security wage base for 20 or more years of credited service after January 1, 2017; plus
- (ii) 14.5% of each year's covered pay over the Social Security wage base for the first 10 years of credited service, 16.0% of each year's covered pay over the Social Security wage base for the next 10 years of credited service, and 17.5% of each year's covered pay over the Social Security wage base for 20 or more years of credited service after January 1, 2017.

Compensation Tables (continued)

Messrs. Krasner and Furman earned benefits under the contributory formula.

For this purpose, covered pay consists of salary, bonus and any overtime. The lump sum is reduced for commencement prior to age 65 at a compounding rate of 5% per year.

Prior to July 1, 2017 under the stable value formula, each eligible participant earned a lump sum benefit at the participant's normal retirement age (65) equal to 15% of each covered year's pay up to the Social Security wage base, and 20% of each covered year's pay in excess of the wage base, with pay for this purpose consisting of salary, bonus and, for non-executives, any overtime. The lump sum is unreduced at age 62 and for commencement prior to age 62, it is reduced at a compounding rate of 5% per year.

Under the stable value formulas, participants may choose to receive the value of their lump sum benefit as an actuarial equivalent annuity at the time of retirement. The standard form of benefit payment for benefits earned under the stable value provisions is a single life annuity benefit for participants who are not married and a 100% joint and contingent annuity for married participants. Alternatively, participants may elect a joint and contingent annuity with a continuation percentage of either 50% or 75% or a certain and continuous annuity with either 5 or 10 years of guaranteed payments. A single lump sum benefit is also available.

Benefits earned prior to December 31, 2011 are specified in the legacy formulas as outlined below.

Legacy Watson Wyatt Formulas

Benefit accruals earned under these formulas ceased on December 31, 2011. Defined benefit plan accruals after December 31, 2011 are earned under the stable value provisions described above.

Benefits earned under the legacy Watson Wyatt Pension formulas by participants who were employed by legacy Watson Wyatt prior to the Towers Perrin/Watson Wyatt Merger or who were hired into a legacy Watson Wyatt office prior to January 1, 2011 were based upon combined years of service with legacy Watson Wyatt and legacy Towers Watson through the earlier of date of termination and December 31, 2011 and the highest consecutive 60-month average of total compensation (base pay, overtime and bonus) through the earlier of date of termination and December 31, 2011.

The standard form of benefit payment is a single life annuity benefit for participants who are not married and a 100% joint and contingent annuity benefit for married participants. Alternatively, participants may elect a joint and contingent annuity with a continuation percentage of 50%, 75% or 100%, or a certain and continuous annuity benefit with 5 or 10 years of guaranteed payments, subject to the plan provisions and statutory limits. The payout option must be elected by the participant before benefit payments begin.

The monthly benefit at normal retirement (age 65) is equal to 1.7% times the participant's average monthly compensation for the 60 consecutive months with the highest compensation plus 0.4% times the average monthly compensation for the 60 consecutive months with the highest compensation that exceeds the Social Security Covered Compensation (as defined in the plan), all times the number of completed years and months of continuous service up to 25 years. As of December 31, 2022, Mr. Hess is eligible for early retirement benefits, but not yet eligible for unreduced early retirement benefits.

Colleagues who were employed by legacy Watson Wyatt on June 30, 2003 were grandfathered into prior pension plan provisions for five years, or until June 30, 2008. During the 5-year grandfathering period, eligible colleagues continued to accrue benefits under the legacy Watson Wyatt provisions in effect before July 1, 2003, except that the 5-year certain and continuous annuity form of payment was not grandfathered. Under these provisions, the same formula described above is used except that an associate's average pay is determined to be the highest average 36 consecutive months of total pay. In addition, the benefit can never be less than the June 30, 2003 accrued benefit indexed by 3% each year.

Compensation Tables (continued)

Benefits accrued under the grandfathered formulas were frozen on the earlier of June 30, 2008 or termination of employment, except for the formula that indexes the June 30, 2003 accrued benefit which was frozen at December 31, 2011. At retirement or termination, whether before or after June 30, 2008, an associate's accrued benefit will not be less than the frozen grandfathered benefit. If the associate terminates employment after age 50, the frozen grandfathered benefit will be reduced by 5% per year for commencement before age 60. For termination before age 50, this benefit will be actuarially reduced from age 65. Grandfathered colleagues who attain age 50 with 10 years of service will be eligible for early retirement. Mr. Hess qualifies for the grandfathered provisions and is eligible for retirement under those provisions.

Legacy Towers Perrin Formulas

Benefit accruals earned under these formulas ceased on December 31, 2011. Defined benefit plan accruals after December 31, 2011 are earned under the stable value provisions described above.

In general, all U.S. colleagues who were employed by legacy Towers Perrin prior to the Towers Perrin/ Watson Wyatt Merger or who were hired into a legacy Towers Perrin office prior to January 1, 2011, with the exception of those colleagues paid on a bi-weekly basis, were eligible for benefits under these provisions. Participants earned benefits under two formulas. Under the first formula, benefits were based upon final average plan compensation as of the earlier of the date of the participant's termination of employment or December 31, 2007, for which plan compensation included base pay and both the bonus paid under the individual bonus program and the bonus paid under the Principal bonus program for the year in which they were earned. Under the second formula, benefits were determined using a cash balance methodology, for which plan compensation included base pay, the bonus paid under the individual bonus program and other incentive bonuses when paid, but did not include the bonus paid under the Principal bonus program. The normal retirement age under these provisions is the later of (i) age 65 and (ii) the earlier of (a) three years of service under the plan or (b) the fifth anniversary of employment.

Active colleagues as of January 1, 2003 accrued benefits under both the final average earnings formula and the cash balance formula until December 31, 2007. Upon termination of employment, the values of the benefits under both of these formulas are compared, with the participant receiving the greater of the two.

Participants hired (or rehired) on or after January 1, 2003, but prior to January 1, 2011, earned benefits solely under the cash balance formula. Beginning January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011, benefits were earned only under the cash balance formula. Ms. Gebauer earned benefits under both the final average earnings formula and the cash balance formula described below and is eligible to retire with unreduced benefits as described below.

Final Average Earnings Formula

Benefits earned under the final average earnings formula are equal to 2 percent of the final five-year average of plan compensation (subject to the IRS statutory maximum) as of the earlier of termination of employment or December 31, 2007, multiplied by credited service as of December 31, 2007, subject to a maximum of 20 years. Under this formula, participants may retire as early as age 50 with 5 years of service and receive a reduced benefit. A participant may retire early with an unreduced benefit after the later of age 60 or 3 years of service. This is the participant's unreduced early retirement date. Reduction factors are based upon either 5 percent per year or actuarial equivalent reductions based on the specified assumptions in Code Section 417(e)(3) from age 60, whichever produces the greater benefit.

Prior to October 1, 2008, the accrued benefit for participants terminating prior to eligibility for early retirement was equal to 2 percent of the final five-year average of plan compensation (subject to the IRS statutory maximum) multiplied by credited service projected to unreduced early retirement date (maximum of 20 years) multiplied by the ratio of credited service as of the earlier of date of termination or December 31, 2007 divided by projected credited service as of the unreduced early retirement date. Participants terminating after October 1, 2008 are not subject to such projection and proration.

Compensation Tables (continued)

Participants earning benefits under the final average earnings formula are also entitled to a Social Security supplemental benefit. This benefit is equal to \$9,600 per year multiplied by the ratio of the participant's credited service at the earlier of date of termination or December 31, 2007 to the participant's projected service at unreduced early retirement date. This amount is payable from the later of the participant's unreduced early retirement date or actual retirement date to the date the participant attains age 62.

Participants with service prior to December 31, 1993 are entitled to a subsidized joint and survivor spousal annuity, provided that they terminate employment after attaining age 50. The subsidized percentage equals 100 percent multiplied by the ratio of credited service as of December 31, 1993 divided by credited service at the earlier of date of termination or December 31, 2007, both subject to a maximum of 20 years.

Cash Balance Formula

Benefits earned under the cash balance formula are expressed in the form of a notional account balance. Each month a participant's cash balance account was increased by (1) pay credits based on the participant's plan compensation for that month and (2) interest credits based on the participant's hypothetical account balance at the end of the prior month. As of December 31, 2011, pay credits were frozen, but interest credits continue. Pay credits were 5 percent of plan compensation up to the Social Security taxable wage base and 10 percent of pay over the Social Security taxable wage base, subject to the IRS statutory maximum on plan compensation. Interest credits are based on 10-year Treasury bond yields.

An opening cash balance account was established for all active plan participants as of January 1, 2003. This opening account balance was equal to the present value of the final average earnings accrued benefit and Social Security supplemental benefit payable at the participant's unreduced early retirement date.

Participants with benefits under both the final average earnings formula and the cash balance formula may elect to receive their entire benefit as an annuity with the Social Security supplement or receive their cash balance formula benefit as a lump sum with the remaining benefit value distributed as an annuity.

Towers Watson SERP

The Towers Watson SERP was designed to restore benefits to plan participants whose qualified plan compensation or benefit levels are impacted by IRC maximums. For service rendered after December 31, 2011 and prior to July 1, 2017, benefits were earned under the stable value formula set forth in the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan, where the participant would accrue a lump sum payable at normal retirement age (65) equal to 20% of plan compensation for the Towers Watson SERP. For purposes of the Towers Watson SERP, plan compensation is the same as the qualified plan, but only amounts over the IRC limit were considered in determining the Towers Watson SERP benefit. A participant will receive a lump sum distribution six months after termination of employment equal to his or her stable value account with reductions for payments made prior to age 62 of a compounding 5% per year. Other than the timing and form of payment, all other stable value provisions are the same as those described in the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan in effect prior to July 1, 2017.

Mr. Hess and Ms. Gebauer continue to be entitled to benefits earned under the Towers Watson SERP attributable to service after January 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017.

Benefits earned prior to December 31, 2011 are specified in the legacy formulas as outlined below.

Legacy Watson Wyatt Formulas

The legacy Watson Wyatt Excess Benefit and legacy Watson Wyatt Excess Compensation formulas were designed to restore to eligible colleagues the reductions to their pension benefit imposed by IRC limitations. When the excess formula benefits are added to the benefit provided by the legacy Watson Wyatt qualified plan formula,

Compensation Tables (continued)

eligible colleagues will receive a total benefit equal to the benefit that would have been provided by the Watson Wyatt Pension Plan formula had the limitations not existed. The form of benefit payment provided under the excess plans for retirement eligible individuals is a lump sum generally payable six months following the termination of employment for the executive. The portion of the vested benefit earned before January 1, 2005 is payable immediately at the end of the month following the retirement date. For colleagues that are not retirement eligible, the benefit accrued prior to June 30, 2003 is paid as a lump sum with the accrued benefit earned after June 30, 2003 paid as a life annuity at age 65.

Mr. Hess continue to be entitled to benefits earned under the legacy Watson Wyatt formula of the Towers Watson SERP.

Legacy Towers Perrin Formulas

The benefits provided under the Towers Perrin Restoration formula will be approximately equal to the difference between the benefits provided under the legacy Towers Perrin qualified formula and benefits that would have been provided under such formula if not for the limitations applicable to qualified plans under the Code, except that participants with service prior to December 31, 1993 are entitled to a subsidized joint and survivor spousal annuity, provided that they terminate employment after attaining age 50. The subsidized percentage on the total benefit equals 60 percent multiplied by the ratio of credited service as of December 31, 1993 divided by credited service at the earlier of the date of termination or December 31, 2007, both subject to a maximum of 20 years.

Benefits earned under this formula are distributed in four approximately equal annual installments, beginning six months after separation from service.

Ms. Gebauer continues to be entitled to benefits earned under the legacy Towers Perrin formula of the Towers Watson SERP.

Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022

The following table provides information as of December 31, 2022 concerning the legacy Watson Wyatt non-qualified deferred compensation plan assumed by legacy Towers Watson in connection with the Towers Perrin/Watson Wyatt Merger, in which Mr. Hess is a participant. In connection with approval of the stable value pension plan amendments discussed above, legacy Watson Wyatt also froze contributions under the Watson Wyatt Deferred Savings Plan (“WW Deferred Savings Plan”) effective immediately following the date that contributions were made for the short plan year ended December 31, 2011.

The table also provides information as of December 31, 2022 concerning the WTW Deferred Savings Plan, as well as for the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan effective July 1, 2017.

- **WW Deferred Savings Plan** – The WW Deferred Savings Plan was established to supplement the benefits of those participants in the Watson Wyatt & Company Savings Plan for U.S. employees whose company matching contributions to the savings plan are limited by the compensation and elective deferral limitations, or the nondiscrimination requirements, imposed by the IRC. The WW Deferred Savings Plan does not allow for associate contributions. Participants generally vest in their account after three years of service. Mr. Hess is fully vested in his account balance in the WW Deferred Savings Plan. Participants are eligible for payment of their vested account balance upon termination of employment or retirement.
- **WTW Deferred Savings Plan** – The WTW Deferred Savings Plan is an unfunded deferred compensation plan for select management and other highly compensated colleagues who contribute significantly to the future success of the Company, including the Company’s executive officers. The purpose of the WTW Deferred Savings Plan is to provide this group with a means to defer receipt of a portion of their compensation, and potentially to receive a discretionary matching contribution from the Company.

Compensation Tables (continued)

- **WTW Stable Value Excess Plan** – The Towers Watson SERP was frozen effective July 1, 2017 and participants ceased to accrue further benefits in the Towers Watson SERP. In place of the Towers Watson SERP, the Company adopted the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan. The WTW Stable Value Excess Plan is an unfunded deferred compensation plan for select management and other highly compensated colleagues, including the Company’s executive officers. The purpose of the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan is to provide participants with supplemental and deferred compensation benefits through the accrual of a contributory or non-contributory stable value benefit.
 - Non-Contributory Participants in the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan who have eligible salary and bonus compensation that is in excess of the limit under IRC Section 401(a)(17) (“Eligible Compensation”) during a plan year were automatically enrolled in the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan, and accrue a stable value benefit equal to a percentage of Eligible Compensation determined under the following formula: 16.5% of Eligible Compensation for the first 10 years of vesting service (from the date of hire); 18% of Eligible Compensation for the next 10 years of vesting service; 20% of Eligible Compensation for over 20 years of vesting service. The benefit accrued during a plan year is subject to a 5% compound reduction for each year by which the date of accrual precedes age 65. Mr. Hess and Ms. Gebauer were Non-Contributory Participants in 2022.
 - Under the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan, certain employees who meet eligibility requirements and are Contributory Participants in the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan are permitted to enroll in the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan. Each plan year, Contributory Participants will defer 2% of Eligible Compensation, and will accrue a stable value benefit equal to the excess of a percentage of Eligible Compensation over the amount deferred, determined pursuant to the following formula: 14.5% of Eligible Compensation for the first 10 years of vesting service from January 1, 2017 (or date of hire, if later); 16% of Eligible Compensation for the next 10 years of vesting service; and 17.5% of Eligible Compensation for over 20 years of vesting service. The benefit accrued during a plan year is subject to a 5% compound reduction for each year by which the date of accrual precedes age 65. Mr. Krasner and Mr. Furman were Contributory Participants in 2022.
 - The amount accrued during a plan year will vest at the end of the second year following the year in which it was accrued, provided that all accruals will vest in full when the employee reaches age 55 if he or she has at least 10 years of service, or age 65 if he or she has at least five years of service. Contributory Participants will be vested at all times in the 2% of Eligible Compensation deferred.

All associate deferrals and all Company matches and/or accruals in the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan and the WTW Deferred Savings Plan are credited in the form of Company share units under the Company’s 2012 Plan, will accrue dividend equivalents and will be paid in Company shares; as a result, the value of the notional account will be aligned with the value of the Company’s underlying shares. To comply with IRC Section 409A, distributions will be made on the first business day of the month following the date that is six months after the participant’s separation from service.

Name (1)	Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan	Executive Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022 (\$)	Registrant Contributions for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022 (\$)	Aggregate Earnings for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022 (\$)	Aggregate Withdrawals/ Distributions (\$)	Aggregate Balance at December 31, 2022 (\$)(5)
Carl Hess	WW Deferred Savings Plan	—	—	4,081(3)	—	127,809
	WTW Deferred Savings Plan (2)	188,333	109,861	69,281(4)	—	1,531,108
	WTW Stable Value Excess Plan	—	501,984	108,324(4)	—	1,355,596
Andrew Krasner	WTW Deferred Savings Plan (2)	40,000	23,333	7,820(4)	—	71,153
	WTW Stable Value Excess Plan	13,333	17,171	9,825(4)	—	40,329
Julie Gebauer	WTW Deferred Savings Plan (2)	70,954	41,390	234,924(4)	—	5,316,864
	WTW Stable Value Excess Plan	—	190,913	62,210(4)	—	1,030,251
Matthew Furman	WTW Deferred Savings Plan (2)	75,560	44,077	24,542(4)	—	507,075
	WTW Stable Value Excess Plan	25,187	70,730	28,142(4)	—	481,470

Compensation Tables (continued)

- (1) Mr. Garrard did not participate in the Company's non-qualified deferred compensation plans during 2022.
- (2) The value of the WTW Deferred Savings Plan notional account set forth in the "Aggregate Balance at December 31, 2022" column is based on the value of the Company's underlying shares on such date.
- (3) Represents interest earned during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 on the account balance in the WW Deferred Savings Plan. Interest under the WW Deferred Savings Plan is calculated using the prime rate of interest as reported by Willis Towers Watson's primary bank, determined as of the first day of the calendar year.
- (4) Represents the increase (decrease) in value during fiscal year 2022 of Company share units credited to an associate's account from associate deferrals and discretionary Company matching contributions, calculated using the prime rate of interest as reported by Willis Towers Watson's primary bank, determined as of the first day of the calendar year, as well as quarterly dividends and Company share price appreciation (depreciation).
- (5) Other than registrant contributions of \$1,010,346 for Mr. Hess, \$40,504 for Mr. Krasner, \$613,557 for Ms. Gebauer and \$212,584 for Mr. Furman, no portion of the amounts shown has been reported in the Company's Summary Compensation Table for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 or in prior fiscal years.

The balances reported for the WTW Deferred Savings Plan and the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan reflect the value of Company share units credited to an associate's account from associate deferrals and discretionary Company matching contributions as calculated based on the closing price of the Company's shares on December 30, 2022 of \$244.58 per share.

Compensation Tables (continued)**Named Executive Officers' Employment Agreements**

The material terms of the existing employment agreements, for the NEOs who have them, are described below.

In addition, the award agreements for the long-term equity awards granted to each of the NEOs provide that, unless otherwise set forth in the individual's employment agreement or required by law, the executive is subject to certain non-competition, non-solicitation and non-disparagement restrictions for a period of up to 24 months following his termination, depending upon such NEO's jurisdiction, and confidentiality restrictions for an unlimited period following such NEO's termination.

Further information regarding the values of the change in control and severance provisions in our NEOs' employment agreements are contained in the section entitled "— Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control."

Carl Hess — CEO

Mr. Hess is not party to an employment agreement.

Andrew Krasner — CFO

Pursuant to an offer letter dated as of August 26, 2021, Mr. Krasner has served as CFO since September 7, 2021. The terms of Mr. Krasner's offer letter provide for: (i) an annual base salary of \$800,000; (ii) a target STI of 125% of his base salary, which for 2021 will be no less than Mr. Krasner's target STI prorated for the number of days employed by the Company in 2021; (iii) a target long-term incentive bonus of 200% of his base salary starting in 2022; (iv) a cash sign-on bonus equivalent to \$50,000 per month (including prorated amounts for partial months up to the start date) to address bonus forfeiture for the months during 2021 that Mr. Krasner was not employed by the Company, subject to a 12-month clawback; and (v) a sign-on award of time-based RSUs valued at \$3,000,000, to vest ratably over three years. Mr. Krasner is also eligible to participate in employee benefit programs that are generally made available to similarly situated executive employees of the Company, vacation and the reimbursement of reasonable business expenses incurred in performing duties to the Company.

Mr. Krasner is eligible to participate in the U.S. Executive Severance Plan and would be entitled to the severance benefits described under the U.S. Executive Severance Plan in the section entitled "— Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control — Executive Severance Plans." In addition, in the event of Mr. Krasner's resignation for "good reason" prior to the 6-month period preceding a "change in control" or after the 24-month period following a "change in control" (as such terms are defined in the U.S. Executive Severance Plan), he would be entitled to: (i) monthly cash installments during a 12-month period equal to the sum of 12 months of base salary and one times target STI and (ii) the cost of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 18 months following the termination date. Additionally, in the event of a Qualifying Termination, and whether or not a "change in control" occurs (as such terms are defined in the U.S. Executive Severance Plan), prior to full vesting of his sign-on RSU award (granted in September 2021), the Company will (i) accelerate the vesting of any outstanding unvested RSUs under the award at the time of his termination, subject to the approval of the Compensation Committee; or, in the absence of such approval, (ii) pay him the cash value of the outstanding unvested RSUs under the award.

Julie Gebauer — Global Head of Health, Wealth & Career

Ms. Gebauer is not party to an employment agreement.

Compensation Tables (continued)**Adam Garrard — Global Head of Risk & Broking**

Pursuant to an employment agreement dated May 11, 2009, Mr. Garrard has served in various roles with the Company, most recently as Global Head of Risk & Broking. The employment agreement provides for a base salary of £220,000 per year, subject to annual review. Effective as of September 1, 2021, Mr. Garrard's base salary is £480,000 per year. Mr. Garrard's employment may be terminated by either Mr. Garrard or the Company by giving written notice, with the length of the required notice period determined by a schedule aligned with the Company's career level framework. Mr. Garrard's employment agreement will terminate automatically upon his retirement date specified by the Willis Pension Scheme. Pursuant to the employment agreement, Mr. Garrard is also eligible to participate in employee benefit programs that are generally made available to similarly situated executive employees of the Company, the Willis Pension Scheme and vacation time. Mr. Garrard's employment agreement provides for certain non-competition and non-solicitation restrictions, for up to 12 and 6 months, respectively, following the termination of his employment.

Effective as of June 17, 2022, the Compensation Committee approved certain enhanced termination provisions applicable to Mr. Garrard's outstanding and future LTI awards, as further described below under "Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control."

Matthew Furman — General Counsel

Pursuant to an employment agreement dated as of February 25, 2015, Mr. Furman has served as the Company's Executive Vice President and General Counsel in the role of chief legal officer since April 1, 2015, and will continue until such the agreement is terminated by either party without "good cause" or with "good reason" upon 60 calendar days' prior written notice, immediately by the Company for "good cause" or immediately upon his death or disability. The agreement provides for a base salary of \$45,833.33 per month (\$550,000 annually), subject to annual increases in the Board's discretion. Effective April 1, 2022, Mr. Furman's base salary was increased to \$590,000 per year. Pursuant to his employment agreement, Mr. Furman participates in the STI program with a target at least equal to 125% of base salary and in the LTI program with a target at least equal to \$750,000. Mr. Furman is also eligible to participate in employee benefit programs that are generally made available to similarly situated executive employees of the Company, vacation and the reimbursement of reasonable business expenses incurred in performing duties to the Company.

Mr. Furman's employment agreement provides that upon a termination of his employment by the Company without "good cause" (other than by reason of death or "disability") or by Mr. Furman for "good reason" (as such terms are defined in the employment agreement), Mr. Furman is entitled to (i) continued payment of his annual base salary during the 12-month period following the termination date, (ii) payment of his target STI in equal installments during the 12-month period following the termination date, (iii) payment of a prorated STI award for the fiscal year of his termination based on actual performance, (iv) continued medical coverage for Mr. Furman, his spouse and covered dependents as of the date of termination until the earlier of the end of the 12-month period following the termination date or the date Mr. Furman obtains new employment with medical coverage and (v) for purposes of determining achievement of service-based vesting requirements applicable to any outstanding unvested equity awards, he will be treated as having an additional 12 months of service as of the date of termination. However, if such termination occurs within 24 months following a "change in control" (as defined under the 2012 Plan), Mr. Furman is entitled to (i) two times his annual base salary (paid in a cash lump sum), (ii) two times his target STI (paid in a cash lump sum), (iii) a prorated STI award payment for the year of termination based on target (not actual) performance, (iv) continued medical coverage for Mr. Furman, his spouse and covered dependents as of the date of termination until the earlier of the end of the 12-month period following the termination date or the date Mr. Furman obtains new employment with medical coverage and (v) all service-based vesting requirements applicable to any outstanding unvested equity awards will be waived as of the date of termination. In the event that any of the foregoing payments and benefits are provided in connection with a change in control of the Company and would result in the imposition of excise taxes to Mr. Furman, the payments and benefits will be reduced so as to avoid triggering such excise taxes, but only if such reduction would result in a greater after-tax payment to Mr. Furman than if no reduction was made. Any and all amounts payable upon

Compensation Tables (continued)

Mr. Furman's termination will be provided subject to Mr. Furman delivering and not revoking within 60 days of his termination a general release of claims in favor of the Company.

Mr. Furman's employment agreement defines "good cause" and "good reason" as follows:

- "Good cause" is defined as (i) the gross and/or chronic neglect by Mr. Furman of his duties, (ii) Mr. Furman's conviction of a felony or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, (iii) dishonesty, embezzlement, fraud or other material willful misconduct by Mr. Furman in connection with his employment, (iv) the issuance of any final order for Mr. Furman's removal as an associate of the Company by any state or federal regulatory agency, (v) Mr. Furman's violation of the restrictive covenant provisions contained in his employment agreement or any other agreement with the Company or its affiliates, (vi) Mr. Furman's material breach of any duty owed to the Company or its affiliates, including, without limitation, the duty of loyalty, (vii) Mr. Furman's material breach of other material obligations under his employment agreement or other agreement with the Company or its affiliates, (viii) any material breach of the Company's Code of Ethics by Mr. Furman or (ix) his failure to maintain any insurance or other license necessary to the performance of his duties as chief legal officer.
- "Good reason" is defined to mean the occurrence of one or more of the following events without Mr. Furman's written consent: (i) a material adverse diminution in his position, authority or responsibilities or the assignment of duties or responsibilities which are materially inconsistent with his position; provided, that, a material diminution in the foregoing shall not be deemed to have occurred solely as a result of the occurrence of a change in control or the Company ceasing to be a public company, so long as the position, authority or responsibilities of Mr. Furman with the Company or any successor is not otherwise materially diminished, (ii) a reduction in Mr. Furman's monthly base salary or target AIP percentage; or (iii) he is required to relocate his office outside a radius of 35 miles from the current office location of One World Financial Center at 200 Liberty Street in New York City.

During the term of his employment and for a period of 12 months following the termination of his employment, Mr. Furman is or will be subject to certain non-competition and non-solicitation restrictions as provided under his employment agreement.

Potential Payments to Named Executive Officers Upon Termination and/or Change in Control

The table appearing immediately below sets forth the estimated payments and benefits that the Company's NEOs would have received assuming termination and/or a change in control had occurred on December 31, 2022. For a brief description of the applicable non-competition and non-solicitation covenants, see the section above entitled "— Named Executive Officers' Employment Agreements."

General Severance Payments

The HCC Committee believes that severance benefits are a necessary component of a competitive compensation program; in certain cases, such benefits are consideration for an executive's agreement not to compete. With the exclusion of Mr. Furman (who has severance terms included in his employment agreement), the NEOs are eligible for severance under the Executive Severance Plans adopted by the Company on March 8, 2020 as further described below. The Company does not provide any form of tax gross-ups, significant perquisites or automatic payments in connection with a change in control of the Company. No NEO receives cash severance upon a single-trigger change in control.

Compensation Tables (continued)Executive Severance Plans

All NEOs other than Mr. Furman participate in the Executive Severance Plans which provide for the payment of severance benefits (i) if a participant's employment is involuntarily terminated without "cause" (and other than due to the participant's death or "permanent disability") (an "Involuntary Termination" under the plans) and (ii) for an Involuntary Termination or if a participant resigns for "good reason" (a "Qualifying Termination" under the plan) in connection with a "change in control." Under the Executive Severance Plans:

- If a participant experiences an Involuntary Termination, that occurs prior to the 6-month period preceding a "change in control" or after the 24-month period following a "change in control," the participant is entitled to receive the following upon execution and delivery of a general release of liability against the Company: (i) monthly cash installments during a 12-month period (24-month period for Mr. Hess as CEO) equal to the sum of 12 months (24 months for Mr. Hess as CEO) of base salary and one times (two times for Mr. Hess as CEO) target STI and (ii) for all participants other than Mr. Garrard, the cost of the entire amount of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 18 months (24 months for Mr. Hess as CEO) following the participant's termination.
- If a participant experiences a Qualifying Termination during the period commencing 6 months prior to a "change in control" and ending 24 months following a "change in control," the participant is entitled to receive the following upon execution and delivery of a general release of liability against the Company: (i) a lump sum cash payment equal to the sum of 24 months (36 months for Mr. Hess as CEO) of base salary and two times (three times for Mr. Hess as CEO) target STI, (ii) a pro-rata portion of the STI award payable for the year in which the termination occurs based on the period the participant is employed during the year and (iii) for all participants other than Mr. Garrard, the cost of the entire amount of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 18 months (24 months for Mr. Hess as CEO) following the participant's termination.

Equity award vesting acceleration treatment is addressed separately on an annual basis and set forth in executive's equity award agreements.

Under the Executive Severance Plans, if any payments and benefits constitute "parachute payments" within the meaning of Section 280G of the Code and would otherwise be subject to the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, then the payments and benefits will be either delivered in full or delivered as to such lesser extent which would result in no portion of such benefits being subject to such excise tax, whichever of the foregoing amounts, taking into account the applicable federal, state and local income taxes and the excise tax imposed by Section 4999 of the Code, results in the receipt by the participant on an after-tax basis, of the greatest amount of benefits, notwithstanding that all or some portion of such benefits may be taxable under Section 4999 of the Code. Additional information on the Executive Severance Plans, as well as the plan documents, can be found in our Current Reports on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on March 11, 2020 and February 28, 2022.

In addition to the severance benefits described above, in the event of Mr. Krasner's resignation for "good reason" prior to the 6-month period preceding a change in control or after the 24-month period following a "change in control" (as such terms are defined in the U.S. Executive Severance Plan), Mr. Krasner would be entitled to: (i) monthly cash installments during a 12-month period equal to the sum of 12 months of base salary and one times target STI and (ii) the cost of the entire amount of COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for up to 18 months following the termination date. Additionally, in the event of a Qualifying Termination and whether or not a "change in control" occurs (as defined in the U.S. Executive Severance Plan) prior to full vesting of his sign-on RSU award (granted in September 2021), the Company will (i) accelerate the vesting of any outstanding unvested RSUs under the award at the time of his termination, subject to the approval of the HCC Committee; or, in the absence of such approval, (ii) pay him the cash value of the outstanding unvested RSUs under the award.

Compensation Tables (continued)Mr. Garrard

Mr. Garrard's termination provisions, as approved by the HCC Committee, provide that upon the termination of his employment contract for any reason other than cause, Mr. Garrard is entitled to (i) automatic continued full vesting of PSUs granted under the 2020 and 2021 LTIPs on the original vesting date based on actual performance, (ii) automatic continued full vesting of PSUs and RSUs granted under the 2022 LTIP on the original vesting date, with PSUs based on actual performance, assuming a one year minimum service requirement will be met on April 1, 2023, and (iii) automatic continued full vesting of prospective PSUs and RSUs on the original vesting dates, with PSUs based on actual performance, without a one year minimum service requirement. In the event of Mr. Garrard's death or total disablement, he is entitled to (i) automatic continued full vesting of PSUs granted under the 2020 and 2021 LTIPs on the original vesting date, based on actual performance, (ii) automatic continued full vesting of PSUs granted under the 2022 LTIP and prospective PSUs on the original vesting dates, based on actual performance, and (iii) automatic accelerated full vesting of RSUs granted under the 2022 LTIP and prospective RSUs on the termination date. In the event of Mr. Garrard's resignation or retirement from the Company after December 31st, 2024 with due notice and agreement to not work for a competitor, in any capacity, for at least 3 years, he is entitled to (i) automatic continued full vesting of PSUs and RSUs granted under the 2022 LTIP on the original vesting date, with PSUs based on actual performance, assuming a one year minimum service requirement will be met on April 1, 2023, and (ii) automatic continued full vesting of prospective PSUs and RSUs on the original vesting dates, with PSUs based on actual performance, without a one year minimum service requirement. In the event that Mr. Garrard is under a period of notice of termination of employment, as provided by either him or the Company, Mr. Garrard is entitled to continue receiving ongoing annual grants of LTI awards through his date of termination, including during the notice period.

Mr. Furman

Mr. Furman's employment agreement provides that upon a termination of Mr. Furman's employment by the Company without "good cause" (other than by reason of death or "disability") or by Mr. Furman for "good reason" (as such terms are defined in his employment agreement), he is entitled to (i) continued payment of his annual base salary during the 12-month period following the termination date, (ii) payment of his target STI of 125% of his annual base salary in equal installments during the 12-month period following the termination date, (iii) payment of a prorated STI award for the fiscal year of his termination based on actual performance, (iv) continued medical coverage for Mr. Furman, his spouse and covered dependents as of the date of termination until the earlier of the end of the 12-month period following the termination date or the date he obtains new employment with medical coverage and (v) for purposes of determining achievement of service-based vesting requirements applicable to any outstanding unvested equity awards, he will be treated as having an additional 12 months of service as of the date of termination. However, if such termination occurs within 24 months following a "change in control" (as defined under the 2012 Plan), Mr. Furman is entitled to (i) two times his annual base salary (paid in a cash lump sum), (ii) two times his target STI (paid in a cash lump sum), (iii) payment of a prorated STI award for the year of termination based on target (not actual) performance, (iv) continued medical coverage for Mr. Furman, his spouse and covered dependents as of the date of termination until the earlier of the end of the 12-month period following the termination date or the date he obtains new employment with medical coverage and (v) all service-based vesting requirements applicable to any outstanding unvested equity awards will be waived as of the date of termination. Any and all amounts payable upon Mr. Furman's termination will be provided subject to Mr. Furman delivering and not revoking within 60 days of his termination a general release of claims in favor of the Company.

The definitions of "good cause" and "good reason" are set forth in Mr. Furman's employment agreement, as detailed in the section entitled "— Named Executive Officers' Employment Agreements."

Compensation Tables (continued)

Potential Payments as of December 31, 2022

The below table reflects the severance benefits that Mr. Hess, Mr. Krasner, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard would have been eligible to receive under the Executive Severance Plans and that Mr. Furman would have been entitled to receive under his employment agreement, in each case, in each termination scenario, as of December 31, 2022.

Name	Form of Compensation	Termination Scenarios				
		A	B	C	D	E
		Termination Outside of Change in Control Period* (\$)	Termination During Change in Control Period** (\$)	Retirement (\$)	Death or Disability (\$)	Cause / Without Good Reason (\$)
Carl Hess	Cash Severance Payment (1)	5,500,000	10,051,052	—	—	—
	Perquisites / Benefits (2)	39,786	39,786	—	—	—
	Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards (3)	2,257,229	9,809,615	2,257,229	9,809,615	—
	Total	7,797,015	19,900,453	2,257,229	9,809,615	—
Andrew Krasner	Cash Severance Payment (1)	1,800,000	4,706,595	—	—	—
	Perquisites / Benefits (2)	43,747	43,747	—	—	—
	Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards (3)	2,201,220	3,867,788	—	3,867,788	—
	Total	4,044,967	8,618,130	—	3,867,788	—
Julie Gebauer	Cash Severance Payment (1)	1,235,000	3,117,358	—	—	—
	Perquisites / Benefits (2)	25,055	25,055	—	—	—
	Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards (3)	2,257,229	3,441,974	2,257,229	3,441,974	—
	Total	3,517,284	6,584,387	2,257,229	3,441,974	—
Adam Garrard	Cash Severance Payment (1)	1,187,242	2,996,808	—	—	—
	Perquisites / Benefits (2)	—	—	—	—	—
	Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards (3)	2,017,540	3,202,530	2,017,540	3,202,530	—
	Total	3,204,782	6,199,338	2,017,540	3,202,530	—
Matthew Furman	Cash Severance Payment (1)	2,112,915	3,392,500	—	—	—
	Perquisites / Benefits (2)	25,651	25,651	—	—	—
	Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards (3)	883,178	2,658,095	—	2,658,095	—
	Total	3,021,744	6,076,246	—	2,658,095	—

* **Termination Outside of Change in Control Period** — For **Cash Severance Payment and Perquisites/Benefits** amounts, this column represents: (i) Involuntary Termination under the Executive Severance Plans for Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard, (ii) Qualifying Termination under the Executive Severance Plans for Mr. Krasner (per terms of his offer letter) and (iii) termination without “good cause” or resignation for “good reason” for Mr. Furman (as described in his employment agreement). For **Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards** amounts, this column represents termination without “cause” (or “good cause”) or resignation for “good reason” (as such terms are described in the respective equity award and employment agreements).

** **Termination During Change in Control Period** — For **Cash Severance Payment and Perquisites/Benefits** amounts, this column represents: (i) Qualifying Termination occurring during the period commencing 6 months prior to a “change in control” and ending 24 months following a “change in control,” under the Executive Severance Plans for Mr. Hess, Mr. Krasner, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard and (ii) termination without “good cause” or resignation for “good reason” within 24 months following a “change in control” for Mr. Furman (as described in his employment agreement). For **Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards** amounts, this column represents termination without “cause” (or “good cause”) or resignation for “good reason” within 24 months following a “change in control” (as such terms are described in the respective equity award and employment agreements).

(1) Cash Severance Payment

The components of the Cash Severance Payment that could be payable to the NEOs in certain termination scenarios include: (i) severance payment consisting of a multiple of the executive’s annual base salary and

Compensation Tables (continued)

target STI award and (ii) pro-rata STI award for the year of termination, based on target or actual performance, and payable at the same time that STI awards are payable generally.

A breakdown of the Cash Severance Payment amounts shown above for each NEO is shown in the following table with additional details described below.

Name	Breakdown of Cash Severance Payment	Termination Scenarios				
		A	B	C	D	E
		Termination Outside of Change in Control Period (\$)	Termination During Change in Control Period (\$)	Retirement (\$)	Death or Disability (\$)	Cause / Without Good Reason (\$)
Carl Hess	Severance Multiplier	2	3	—	—	—
	Severance Payment	5,500,000	8,250,000	—	—	—
	Pro Rata STI for Year of Termination	—	1,801,052	—	—	—
	Cash Severance Payment	5,500,000	10,051,052	—	—	—
Andrew Krasner	Severance Multiplier	1	2	—	—	—
	Severance Payment	1,800,000	3,600,000	—	—	—
	Pro Rata STI for Year of Termination	—	1,106,595	—	—	—
	Cash Severance Payment	1,800,000	4,706,595	—	—	—
Julie Gebauer	Severance Multiplier	1	2	—	—	—
	Severance Payment	1,235,000	2,470,000	—	—	—
	Pro Rata STI for Year of Termination	—	647,358	—	—	—
	Cash Severance Payment	1,235,000	3,117,358	—	—	—
Adam Garrard*	Severance Multiplier	1	2	—	—	—
	Severance Payment	1,187,242	2,374,484	—	—	—
	Pro Rata STI for Year of Termination	—	622,324	—	—	—
	Cash Severance Payment	1,187,242	2,996,808	—	—	—
Matthew Furman	Severance Multiplier	1	2	—	—	—
	Severance Payment	1,327,500	2,655,000	—	—	—
	Pro Rata STI for Year of Termination	785,415	737,500	—	—	—
	Cash Severance Payment	2,112,915	3,392,500	—	—	—

* The figures for Mr. Garrard have been converted into dollars at the five-year average exchange rate (2018 — 2022) (£1:\$1.3018).

- **Mr. Hess, Mr. Krasner, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard**

- **Termination Outside of Change in Control Period (Column A)** — The Cash Severance Payment amounts shown above reflect the cash severance that each executive would be eligible to receive under the Executive Severance Plans for an Involuntary Termination (or a Qualifying Termination in the case of Mr. Krasner per the terms of his offer letter) occurring prior to the 6-month period preceding a “change in control” or after the 24-month period following a “change in control,” which is equal to: (i) two times the sum of annual base salary and target STI award (payable in installments over 24 months) for Mr. Hess and (ii) the sum of annual base salary and target STI award (payable in installments over 12 months) for the other NEOs.
- **Termination During Change in Control Period (Column B)** — The Cash Severance Payment amounts shown above reflect the cash severance that each executive would be eligible to receive under the Executive Severance Plans for a Qualifying Termination occurring during the period commencing 6 months prior to a “change in control” and ending 24 months following a “change in control,” which includes: (i) cash severance equal to three times the sum of annual base salary and target STI award (payable in lump sum) and a pro-rata portion of the STI award for the year of termination (based on actual performance) for Mr. Hess and (ii) cash severance equal to two times the sum of annual base salary and target STI award (payable in lump sum) and a pro-rata portion of the STI award for the year of termination (based on actual performance) for the other NEOs.

- **Mr. Furman** — The Cash Severance Payment shown in column A above reflects the severance that he would be entitled to receive pursuant to his employment agreement for termination without “good cause” or

Compensation Tables (continued)

resignation for “good reason,” including: (i) cash severance of \$1,327,500 (equal to the sum of his annual base salary and target STI award) payable in installments over 12 months and (ii) a pro-rata portion of his STI award for the year of termination based on actual performance in the amount of \$785,415. The Cash Severance Payment shown in column B above reflects the severance that he would be entitled to receive pursuant to his employment agreement for termination without “good cause” or resignation for “good reason” within 24 months following a “change in control,” including: (i) a lump sum cash severance payment of \$2,655,000 (equal to two times the sum of his annual base salary and target STI award) and (ii) a pro-rata portion of his STI award for the year of termination based on target performance in the amount of \$737,500.

(2) Perquisites/Benefits

The Perquisites/Benefits amounts shown in columns A and B above for Mr. Hess, Mr. Krasner and Ms. Gebauer reflect the estimated value of continued group healthcare coverage that each executive would be entitled to under the U.S. Executive Severance Plan. Under the plan, for (i) an Involuntary Termination (or a Qualifying Termination in the case of Mr. Krasner per the terms of his offer letter) occurring prior to the 6-month period preceding a “change in control” or after the 24-month period following a “change in control” or (ii) a Qualifying Termination occurring during the period commencing 6 months prior to a “change in control” and ending 24 months following a “change in control,” each executive would be entitled to the cost of the entire amount of the COBRA premiums for the continuation of group healthcare coverage for the participant and the participant’s eligible dependents under the Company’s group medical and dental plans for (a) up to 24 months following the date of termination for Mr. Hess and (b) up to 18 months following the date of termination for Mr. Krasner and Ms. Gebauer. The values above reflect the estimated maximum COBRA subsidy (equal to the estimated cost of Company contributions for active medical and dental coverage for 24 or 18 months following termination, as applicable) of \$39,786 for Mr. Hess, \$43,747 for Mr. Krasner and \$25,055 for Ms. Gebauer. The Perquisites/Benefits amounts shown above for Mr. Furman reflect the estimated value of continued health benefits per terms of his employment agreement. Mr. Furman’s employment agreement provides for up to 12 months of continued health benefits (an estimated maximum benefit of \$25,651).

In addition, upon any termination of employment, the NEOs may be entitled to benefits that are provided generally by the Company to salaried employees, including distributions under the Company’s 401(k) plan, health care benefits, disability benefits and accrued vacation pay.

(3) Accelerated Vesting of Equity Awards

The amounts above reflect the intrinsic value of any unvested option, RSU and PSU awards held by each NEO that would (or could) have received accelerated vesting treatment in each termination scenario as described below pursuant to the applicable equity award or employment agreement, based on the Company’s closing share price of \$244.58, as quoted on the NASDAQ on the last business day of the fiscal year (December 30, 2022). For more information on the NEOs’ outstanding equity awards at December 31, 2022 considered for these calculations, refer to the section entitled “— Outstanding Equity Awards at Fiscal Year-End.”

- **Termination Outside of Change in Control Period (Column A) —**
 - **2022 LTIP:** Per terms of the award agreements for the PSUs and RSUs granted under 2022 LTIP, in the event of termination without “cause” (or “good cause”) or resignation for “good reason” prior to a “change in control” or after the 24-month period following a “change in control,” each occurring after the first anniversary of the grant date: (i) a pro rata number of PSUs will vest on the original vesting date and (ii) any RSUs that are unvested as of the termination date will be forfeited automatically unless the HCC Committee elects to accelerate some or all of the unvested RSUs. The 2022 LTIP awards are assumed to have been forfeited as the one-year minimum vesting requirement would not have been achieved at the termination date.
 - **2021 LTIP / 2020 LTIP:** Per terms of the award agreements for PSUs granted under 2021 and 2020 LTIP (and the termination provisions in Mr. Furman’s employment agreement), in the event of termination without “cause” (or “good cause”) or resignation for “good reason” prior to a “change in

Compensation Tables (continued)

control” or after the 24-month period following a “change in control,” one year of additional service credit will be applied. If, after giving effect to this additional service credit, the executive would have been employed through the vesting date, the executive will vest in the PSUs with respect to the earned performance shares. For Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer, Mr. Garrard and Mr. Furman, the amounts in this column reflect the value of outstanding PSUs granted under 2020 LTIP (based on actual performance) which would have received full acceleration in this scenario in accordance with the above. For Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard, who are eligible for retirement treatment of their outstanding equity awards, it has been assumed that retirement treatment would be applied to their outstanding 2021 LTIP PSUs in this termination scenario and the amounts in this column reflect the potential value of outstanding 2021 LTIP PSUs (assuming target performance) that these NEOs could receive on the original vesting date for the award, in accordance with retirement treatment. Note that while the values related to the 2021 LTIP PSUs have been estimated at target for purposes of the above table, the actual number of PSUs earned under this award may differ and would be determined following the end of the performance period based on the applicable performance criteria.

- For Mr. Krasner, the amount in this column reflects the value of outstanding RSUs under his sign-on equity award that, pursuant to the terms of his offer letter, in the event of a Qualifying Termination (and whether or not a “change in control” occurs), the Company would (i) accelerate the vesting of at the time of his termination, subject to the approval of the HCC Committee; or, in the absence of such approval, (ii) pay him the cash value of based on the share price on the date of his termination.
- **Termination During Change in Control Period (Column B) —**
 - **2022 LTIP:** Per terms of the award agreements for the PSUs and RSUs granted under 2022 LTIP, in the event of termination without “cause” (or “good cause”) or resignation for “good reason” within 24 months following a “change in control,” outstanding RSUs and target PSUs would have received automatic full vesting acceleration on the termination date, which is reflected in the amounts in column B for all NEOs.
 - **2021 LTIP / 2020 LTIP:** Per terms of the award agreements for PSUs granted under 2021 and 2020 LTIP (and the termination provisions in Mr. Furman’s employment agreement), in the event of termination without “cause” (or “good cause”) or resignation for “good reason” within 24 months following a “change in control,” outstanding PSUs granted under 2021 and 2020 LTIP as of December 31, 2022 would not have received automatic vesting acceleration. However, the HCC Committee has the discretion to determine the treatment of PSUs upon a “change in control,” including, without limitation, the following: (i) deem the performance conditions relating to all or a portion of the unvested PSUs to be attained; (ii) without regard to whether the PSUs are assumed or substituted by a successor company, accelerate the time-based vesting of all or a portion of the earned performance shares. The amounts in column B for Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer, Mr. Garrard and Mr. Furman reflect the value of outstanding PSUs that could have received full vesting acceleration at the HCC Committee’s discretion, assuming target performance for 2021 LTIP PSUs and actual performance determined for 2020 LTIP PSUs.
 - For Mr. Krasner, the amount in column B reflects the value of outstanding RSUs under his sign-on equity award that, pursuant to the terms of his offer letter, in the event of a Qualifying Termination (and whether or not a “change in control” occurs), the Company would (i) accelerate the vesting of at the time of his termination, subject to the approval of the HCC Committee; or, in the absence of such approval, (ii) pay him the cash value of based on the share price on the date of his termination.
- **Retirement (Column C) —** Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Garrard would be eligible for retirement treatment of their outstanding equity awards per terms of the respective programs. In the event of the executive’s termination of service on December 31, 2022 and prior to the vesting date due to a “qualifying retirement” (as defined in the applicable award agreements), the RSUs and earned PSUs granted under 2021 and 2020 LTIP will vest on the respective vesting date, subject to the executive’s compliance with the restrictive covenants and other obligations contemplated in the applicable award agreement. The RSUs and PSUs granted under the 2022 LTIP would be forfeited as the one-year minimum service requirement would not have been met. The amounts shown in column C of the above table are intended to reflect the

Compensation Tables (continued)

potential value of outstanding equity awards that each NEO could receive on the respective vesting date for each award, in accordance with retirement treatment, and are based on the following assumptions: (i) target performance for the 2021 LTIP PSUs and (ii) actual performance determined for the 2020 LTIP PSUs. Note that while the values related to the 2021 LTIP PSUs have been estimated at target for purposes of the above table, the actual number of PSUs earned under this award may differ and would be determined following the end of the performance period based on the applicable performance criteria.

- **Death/Disability (Column D) —**
 - **2022 LTIP:** RSUs granted under 2022 LTIP would receive automatic full vesting acceleration on the date of termination in this scenario, per terms of the award agreement. Earned PSUs granted under 2022 LTIP will continue to vest on the original vesting date in this scenario, per terms of the award agreement. The amounts shown in column D for all NEOs are intended to reflect the potential value of outstanding PSUs under 2022 LTIP that each NEO could receive on the original vesting date, assuming target performance.
 - **2021 LTIP / 2020 LTIP:** For outstanding PSUs granted under 2021 and 2020 LTIP, the amounts in column D: (i) for Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Furman, reflect the value of outstanding PSUs that could have received full vesting acceleration at the HCC Committee's discretion (assuming target performance for 2021 LTIP PSUs and actual performance for 2020 LTIP PSUs) and (ii) for Mr. Garrard, reflect the potential value of earned PSUs granted under 2021 LTIP and 2020 LTIP that would continue to vest on the original vesting date (assuming target performance for 2021 LTIP PSUs and actual performance determined for 2020 LTIP PSUs), per the terms of the retention provisions applicable to Mr. Garrard's equity awards, as approved by the HCC Committee in July 2022.
 - For Mr. Krasner, the amount in column D reflects the value of outstanding RSUs under his sign-on equity award that could have received full vesting acceleration in this scenario at the HCC Committee's discretion.
- **All Other Termination Scenarios —** In all other termination scenarios, outstanding RSUs and PSUs would not receive automatic vesting acceleration per the terms of the applicable award agreements.

Compensation Tables (continued)

Impact on Present Value of Accumulated Pension Benefits Payable in Certain Termination Scenarios

The account values payable to the NEOs through the Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plans are shown in the table in the section entitled “— Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation for the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022” above and would not change based on early retirement, death, disability or a change in control of the Company. The value of benefits payable to the NEOs under the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan and the Towers Watson SERP outlined above may increase (or decrease) in the event of the early retirement, pre-retirement death or disability of the NEO. Benefits do not become payable under the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan or the Towers Watson SERP as a result of a change in control of the Company. Using the assumptions employed in the table in the section entitled “— Pension Benefits at 2022 Fiscal Year-End” (the “Pension Benefits Table”), the present value of the pension and disability benefit (as applicable) payable to the NEOs as of December 31, 2022 in the event of early retirement, death or disability is shown in the following table.

Total Present Value as of December 31, 2022 in case of:							
Name	Plan	Early Retirement (\$ (1))	Increase / (Decrease) from Pension Benefits Table (\$)	Pre-Retirement Death (\$ (2))	Increase / (Decrease) from Pension Benefits Table (\$)	Disability (\$ (3))	Increase / (Decrease) from Pension Benefits Table (\$)
Carl Hess	Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan	1,771,906	57,902	1,518,298	(195,706)	1,614,911	(99,093)
	Towers Watson SERP	3,705,372	426,801	3,704,467	425,896	2,459,279	(819,292)
	Disability	—	—	—	—	1,288,052	1,288,052
	Total	5,477,278	484,703	5,222,765	230,190	5,362,242	369,667
Andrew Krasner	Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan	23,244	178	23,235	169	331,914	308,848
	Disability	—	—	—	—	4,105,356	4,105,356
	Total	23,244	178	23,235	169	4,437,270	4,414,204
Julie Gebauer	Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan	1,716,401	6,853	1,087,178	(622,369)	1,627,815	(81,733)
	Towers Watson SERP	5,207,801	(333,797)	5,207,801	(333,797)	4,088,831	(1,452,767)
	Disability	—	—	—	—	1,290,269	1,290,269
	Total	6,924,202	(326,944)	6,294,979	(956,167)	7,006,915	(244,231)
Matthew Furman	Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan	113,796	512	112,895	(389)	390,390	277,106
	Disability	—	—	—	—	3,099,904	3,099,904
	Total	113,796	512	112,895	(389)	3,490,294	3,377,010

- (1) The increase for early retirement compared to the Pension Benefits Table for Mr. Hess in the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan is because the discount rate used to discount payments under the Pension Benefits Table is greater than the early retirement factors at which benefits are reduced to the early retirement age. The increase for early retirement compared to the Pension Benefits Table for Mr. Hess in the Towers Watson SERP is due to the use of a lower lump sum rate which is in effect for immediate terminations than the assumed lump sum rate used for when he assumed to retire for the Pension Benefits Table. The decrease for early retirement compared to the Pension Benefits Table for Ms. Gebauer in the Towers Watson SERP is due to the use of a higher lump sum rate which is in effect for current terminations than the assumed lump sum rate used for when she is assumed to retire for the Pension Benefits Table. The increase for early retirement compared to the Pension Benefits Table for Messrs. Krasner and Furman in the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan is because the discount rate used to discount payments under the Pension Benefits Table is greater than the early retirement factors at which benefits are reduced to the early retirement age.

The Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan benefit attributable to the stable value formulas is assumed payable to the NEOs in the same forms of benefit used in determining benefit obligations under ASC-715 at retirement. 50% of the benefit is assumed payable as a lump sum, 26% of the benefit is assumed to be paid as a 100% joint and survivor annuity, 22% of the benefit is assumed to be paid a single life annuity and 2% of the benefit is assumed to be paid as a 10-year certain and continuous annuity. The assumed forms of payment for the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan benefit payable to Mr. Hess attributable to the legacy Watson Wyatt formula is 50% as a 100% joint and survivor annuity, 45% as a single life annuity and 5% as a 10-year certain and continuous annuity. The assumed forms of payment for benefits from the Willis Towers Watson Plan benefit attributable to the legacy Towers Perrin formulas payable to Ms. Gebauer is 50% as a

Compensation Tables (continued)

lump sum with a residual annuity, 25% as a 100% joint and survivor annuity, 22% as a single life annuity and 3% as a 10-year certain and continuous annuity. The stable value and Legacy Watson Wyatt benefits under the Towers Watson SERP are payable as a lump sum six months after retirement. The Legacy Towers Perrin benefits under the Towers Watson SERP are paid in four approximately equal annual installments beginning six months after retirement. Mr. Hess and Ms. Gebauer are currently eligible for early retirement under the terms of the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan and the Towers Watson SERP.

- (2) In case of death, the stable value benefits earned by all executives from the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan and Towers Watson SERP become vested and are immediately payable to the NEO's surviving spouse or beneficiary (six-month delay for benefits from the Towers Watson SERP). 80% of the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan benefit is assumed to be paid as a lump sum and 20% is assumed to be paid as a single life annuity to the NEO's surviving spouse or beneficiary. 100% of the Towers Watson SERP benefit is paid as a lump sum.

For Mr. Hess, the legacy Watson Wyatt qualified formula provides a death benefit to the executive's spouse assuming the executive retired on the date of his death, elected the 100% joint and contingent benefit form and died the next day. The legacy Watson Wyatt formula in the Towers Watson SERP provides a death benefit to the participant's spouse, or the designated beneficiary of an unmarried participant, payable in a lump sum equal to the amount that would have been payable to the participant if the participant had retired on the date of the participant's death. This benefit is provided if the participant is early retirement eligible at death and is available to all plan participants with a legacy Watson Wyatt formula benefit. The death benefit is paid six months after death.

For Ms. Gebauer, the legacy Towers Perrin qualified formula provides a death benefit equal to the greater of her cash balance account through December 31, 2007 and the value of the survivor portion of her final average earnings benefit, plus her cash balance account earned from January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2011. The assumed form of payment for the death benefit attributable to the legacy Towers Perrin formulas is 80% as a lump sum and 20% as a single life annuity to the NEO's surviving spouse or beneficiary. The Towers Watson SERP benefit attributable to the legacy Towers Perrin formulas provides benefits payable upon death equal to the amount that would have been received if terminating employment on the date of death. The Towers Watson SERP death benefit is paid in four approximately equal annual installments beginning six months after the date of death.

The decrease in the Towers Watson SERP benefits for Ms. Gebauer is attributable to the use of a higher lump sum rate which is in effect for current terminations than the assumed lump sum rate used when she is assumed to retire for the Pension Benefits Table. The increase in the Towers Watson SERP benefits for Mr. Hess is attributable to the use of a lower lump sum rate which is in effect for current terminations than the assumed lump sum rate used for when he is assumed to retire for the Pension Benefits Table.

- (3) In case of disability, executives are eligible for a disability benefit equal to 60% of base salary plus target bonus, subject to a maximum monthly benefit of \$30,000. This benefit is payable until age 65 or for at least 12 months, assuming the participant continues to meet the definition of disability. The table shows the value of the temporary disability benefit that would be payable to age 65 along with the pension benefits payable at age 65. Participants also receive continued benefit accruals for pension purposes while on disability. The continued benefit accruals are provided as additional stable value accruals under the plans at the same base pay level prior to their disability. Since the Towers Watson SERP was frozen effective July 1, 2017, future accruals are payable from the WTW Stable Value Excess Plan. Those accruals will be credited as notional shares on a quarterly basis.

The change in present value under the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan is attributable to continued benefit accruals to age 65, offset by the delay in payment until age 65. Decreases in pension values in the Towers Watson SERP are due to the deferral in payment to age 65 and an increase in the lump sum rate used to calculate benefits compared to the rates used in the Pension Benefits Table.

Compensation Tables (continued)

2022 Pay Versus Performance

The following table and supporting narrative contain information regarding “compensation actually paid” to our NEOs and the relationship to company performance.

Pay Versus Performance Table

Year	Summary Compensation Table Total for PEO 1 (Hess) (1)	Compensation Actually Paid to PEO 1 (Hess) (1) (2) (8)	Summary Compensation Table Total for PEO 2 (Haley) (3)	Compensation Actually Paid to PEO 2 (Haley) (2) (3) (8)	Average Summary Compensation Table Total for Non-PEO NEOs (4)	Average Compensation Actually Paid to Non-PEO NEOs (2) (4) (8)	Value of Initial Fixed \$100 Investment Based On:		Net Income (6)	Adjusted Net Revenue (7)
							Total Shareholder Return	Peer Group Total Shareholder Return (5)		
2022	\$10,728,900	\$11,413,081	N/A	N/A	\$2,777,755	\$3,077,416	\$126	\$118	\$1,009	\$8,824
2021	N/A	N/A	\$20,337,292	\$14,552,522	\$3,678,933	\$2,107,221	\$121	\$132	\$4,222	\$8,985
2020	N/A	N/A	\$20,732,005	\$18,765,840	\$3,993,331	\$3,023,132	\$106	\$107	\$ 996	\$8,378

Notes:

- (1) Reflects compensation for our Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Hess, who served as our Principal Executive Officer (PEO) in 2022.
- (2) “Compensation actually paid” has been calculated in accordance with the rules outlined under Item 402(v)(2) of Regulation S-K. Details of the adjustments made to reported Summary Compensation Table total compensation for each year to determine “compensation actually paid” are summarized below in footnote (8).
- (3) Reflects compensation for our former Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Haley, who served as our PEO in 2021 and 2020.
- (4) Reflects compensation for the following non-PEO NEOs:
 - **2022:** Mr. Krasner, Ms. Gebauer, Mr. Garrard and Mr. Furman
 - **2021:** Mr. Krasner, Mr. Burwell, Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Furman
 - **2020:** Mr. Burwell, Mr. Hess, Ms. Gebauer and Mr. Wickes
- (5) The peer group used for TSR comparisons reflects our compensation benchmarking peer group as disclosed the Compensation Discussion & Analysis for each year. For each year the peer group comprises the following companies:
 - **2022:** Aon, Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., Automatic Data Processing, Inc., Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation, Cognizant Technologies Solutions Corp., Conduent Incorporated, Fidelity National Financial, Inc., Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., First American Financial Corporation, Fiserv, Inc., Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., Principal Financial Group Inc., Robert Half International Inc., S&P Global Inc., The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc., Unum Group.
 - **2021 and 2020:** Aon, Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., Automatic Data Processing, Inc., Booz Allen Hamilton Holding Corporation, Cognizant Technologies Solutions Corp., Conduent Incorporated, Fidelity National Financial, Inc., Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., First American Financial Corporation, Fiserv, Inc., Marsh & McLennan Companies, Inc., Nielsen Holdings plc, Principal Financial Group Inc., Robert Half International Inc., S&P Global Inc., The Hartford Financial Services Group, Inc., Unum Group.

The only change in the peer group between 2022 and the prior two years is the removal of Nielsen Holdings plc, which ceased trading during the year. As a result of this, it is not possible to calculate TSR for the 2020 and 2021 group in 2022, given no data for Nielsen Holdings plc is available.

Compensation Tables (continued)

- (6) Reflects WTW's consolidated reported net income in millions, calculated on a GAAP basis, as reported in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the relevant year.
- (7) Adjusted Net Revenue, reported in millions, has been designated as the "Company-Selected Measure" for 2022, in accordance with SEC rules. Adjusted Net Revenue, which is a non-GAAP measure, is the Company's reported revenue on a U.S. GAAP basis for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, excluding the impact of acquisitions during the same period.
- (8) The following adjustments were made to Summary Compensation Table total compensation to determine "compensation actually paid" for our NEOs:

Adjustments	PEO			Other NEO Average		
	2022 (Hess) (\$)	2021 (Haley) (\$)	2020 (Haley) (\$)	2022 (\$)	2021 (\$)	2020 (\$)
Summary Compensation Table Total	10,728,900	20,337,292	20,732,005	2,777,755	3,678,933	3,993,331
Deduction for amount reported in "Share Awards" column of the Summary Compensation Table	(7,249,654)	(13,300,715)	(13,821,838)	(1,189,794)	(1,605,815)	(1,731,181)
Deduction for amounts reported in "Option Awards" column of the Summary Compensation Table	—	—	—	—	—	—
Addition of fair value at fiscal year (FY) end, of equity awards granted during the FY that remained outstanding and unvested (a)	7,467,027	—	12,685,810	1,225,468	1,285,884	1,424,590
Addition of fair value at vesting date, of equity awards granted during the FY that vested during the FY (a)	—	13,693,395	—	—	—	—
Addition of change in fair value at FY end versus prior FY end for awards granted in prior FY that remained outstanding and unvested (a)	486,626	(2,905,447)	(991,907)	342,024	(351,352)	(305,499)
Addition of change in fair value at vesting date versus prior FY end for awards granted in prior FY that vested during the FY (a)	(165,548)	(3,704,471)	—	(140,909)	32,591	46,281
Deduction of the fair value at the prior FY end for awards granted in prior FY that failed to meet their vesting conditions (a)	—	—	—	—	(933,722)	—
Addition in respect of any dividends or other earnings paid during applicable FY prior to vesting date of underlying award	109,244	437,980	321,284	52,839	22,199	104,929
Addition of incremental fair value of in respect of any options or SARS modified during the FY	—	—	—	—	—	—
Deduction for values reported in the "Change in Pension Value and Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Earnings" column of the Summary Compensation Table	—	(34,743)	(187,555)	(6,148)	(47,942)	(537,604)
Addition for the Service Cost attributable to services rendered during the FY (b)	36,486	29,232	28,040	16,180	26,445	28,286
Addition for the prior Service Cost in respect of a plan amendment or initiation during the FY (b)	—	—	—	—	—	—
Compensation Actually Paid	11,413,081	14,552,522	18,765,840	3,077,416	2,107,221	3,023,132

- (a) Measurement date equity fair values are calculated with assumptions derived on a basis consistent with those used for grant date fair value purposes. RSUs are valued based on the closing share price on the relevant measurement date. TSR-based PSUs are valued using a Monte Carlo simulation and PSUs subject

Compensation Tables (continued)

to non-market-based conditions are valued based on revised assumptions of the probable payout on the applicable measurement dates.

Fair Values	Grant Year				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
RSUs	\$244.58	\$204.92 – \$244.58	N/A	N/A	\$210.68 – \$230.91
TSR-based PSUs	N/A	\$210.59 – \$345.59	\$206.45 – \$267.78	\$278.68 – \$297.05	\$307.46
Non-TSR based PSUs	\$244.58	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

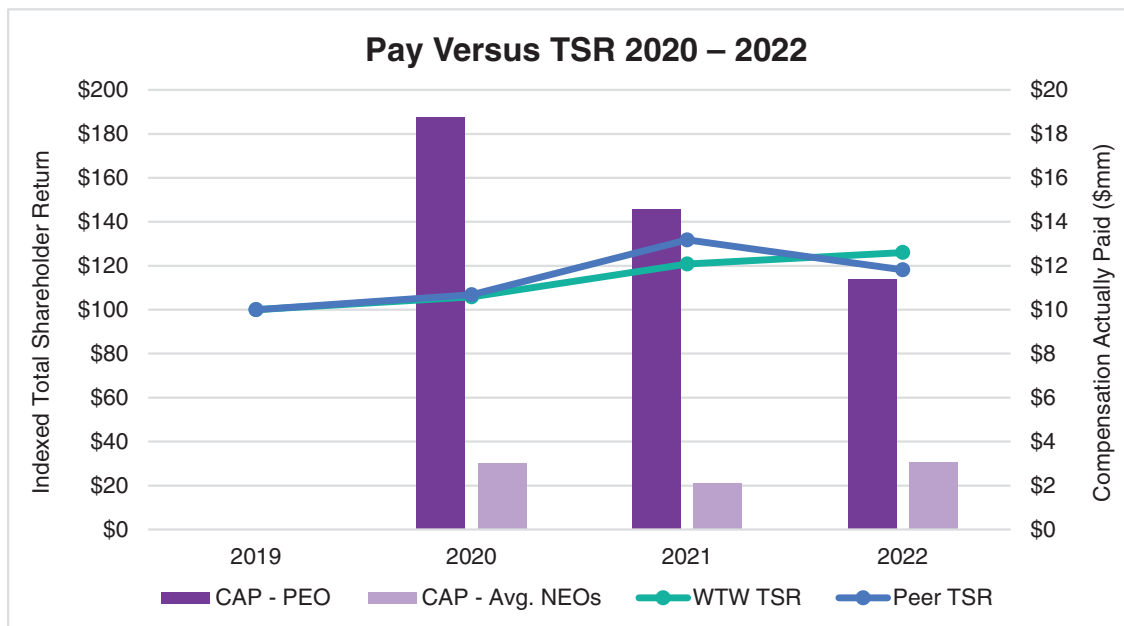
(b) For disclosures of all significant assumptions used by the Willis Towers Watson Pension Plan for U.S. employees, please refer to our consolidated financial statements including in our Annual Reports on Form 10-K for the years ended December 31, 2020, 2021 and 2022. The table below provides a limited summary of the assumptions used to determine service costs for the purposes of “compensation actually paid”:

Year	Effective Discount Rate	Assumed Salary Increase Rate
2022	2.99%	4.25%
2021	2.67%	4.25%
2020	3.42%	4.25%

Compensation Actually Paid Versus Company Performance

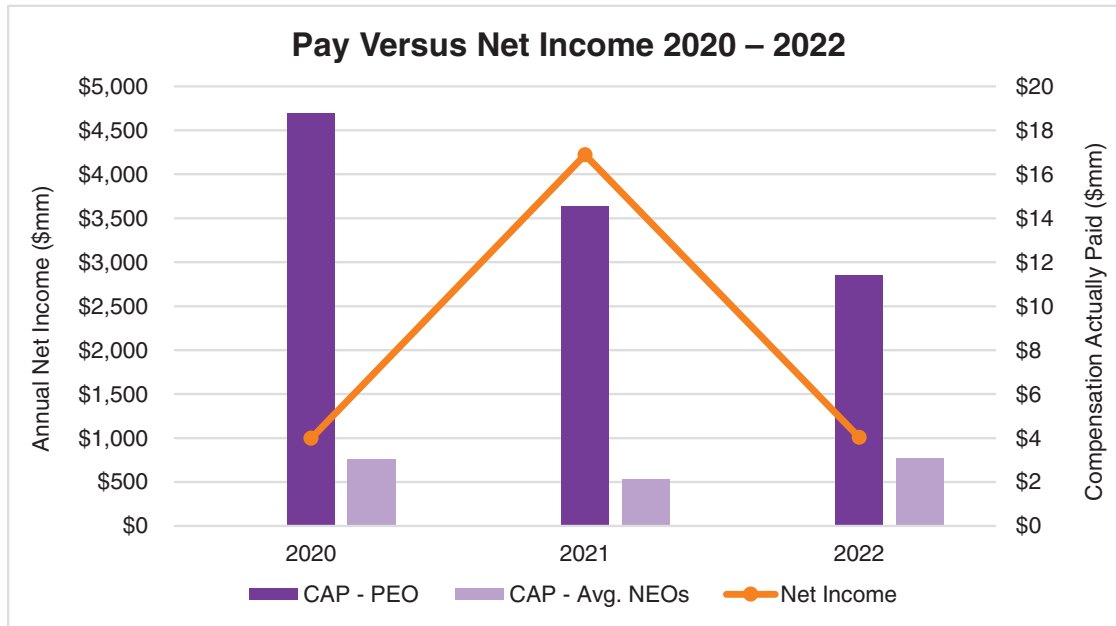
The following charts provide a visual depiction of the relationships between “compensation actually paid” to our PEOs, and the average for our non-PEO NEOs, to aspects of WTW’s financial performance. As noted above, our PEO in 2020 and 2021 was Mr. Haley, and in 2022 was Mr. Hess. As described in greater detail in the section entitled “Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis,” the Company’s executive compensation program reflects a pay-for-performance philosophy. The Company generally seeks to incentivize long-term performance, and therefore does not specifically align the Company’s performance measures with compensation that is actually paid (as computed in accordance with SEC rules) for a particular year. In accordance with SEC rules, the Company is providing the following graphs to illustrate the relationships between information presented in the Pay Versus Performance table. Net Income on a GAAP basis for 2021 included a one-time payment that the Company received as a result of the termination of the proposed Aon transaction.

Compensation Actually Paid Versus Company and Peer TSR

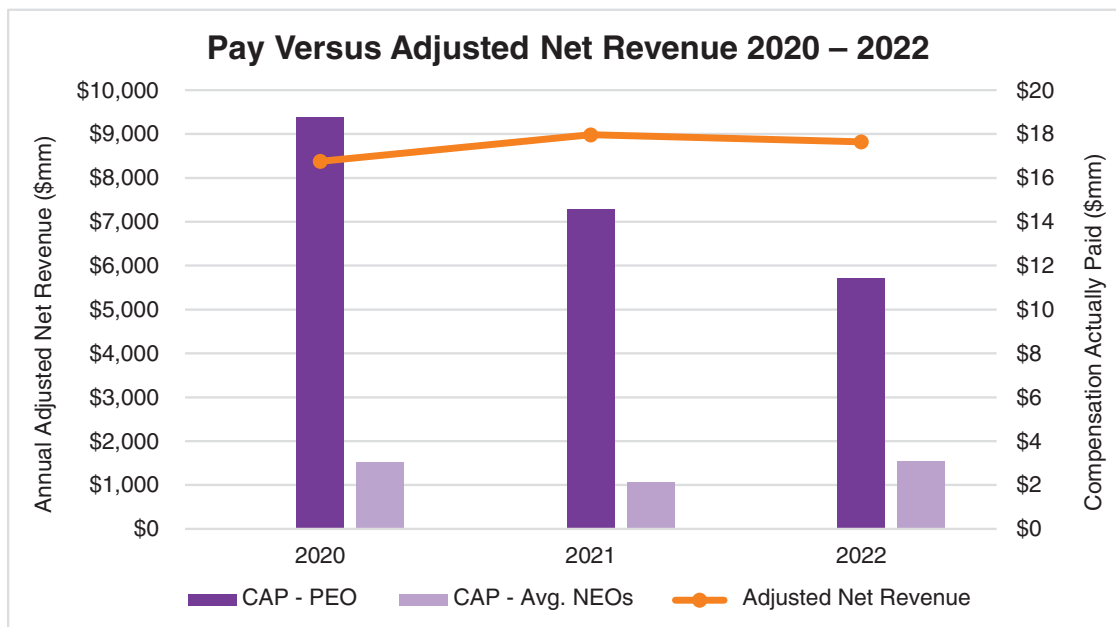


Compensation Tables (continued)

Compensation Actually Paid Versus GAAP Net Income



Compensation Actually Paid Versus Adjusted Net Revenue



Compensation Tables (continued)**Tabular List of Company Performance Measures**

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2022, Adjusted Net Revenue is identified as the most important financial performance measure in linking “compensation actually paid” to WTW performance and accordingly is included in the Pay Versus Performance table above. The other identified most important measures for pay versus performance purposes comprise the remaining financial performance measures used in our incentive plans. Further details on the definitions of these measures, including how they are calculated from our audited financial statements and how they are used in our incentive plans, see section entitled “Executive Compensation: Compensation Discussion and Analysis.” The following table lists the collective ‘most important’ measures alphabetically.

Tabular List of Most Important Measures
(1) Adjusted EPS
(2) Adjusted Net Revenue
(3) Adjusted Operating Margin
(4) Adjusted Operating Income
(5) Relative TSR

CEO Pay Ratio

Under the SEC rules adopted pursuant to the Dodd-Frank Act of 2010, the Company is required to calculate and disclose the total compensation paid to its median paid employee, as well as the ratio of the total compensation paid to the median employee as compared to the total compensation paid to the Company’s CEO. The discussion below describes our methodology for how we determined our median employee for 2020. As permitted under the SEC rules, we have used the same median employee for purposes of calculating our CEO pay ratio for 2022.

Determining Our Median Employee

We identified our median employee based on our colleagues as of December 31, 2020. As is permitted under SEC rules, we used “base pay” as our consistently applied compensation measure. We calculated annual base pay based on a reasonable estimate of hours worked during 2020 for hourly workers and salary levels for the remaining employees (including a valid statistical sampling methodology for a small portion of our employee population) and we annualized base pay for those who commenced work during 2020.

The total number of colleagues employed by Willis Towers Watson as of December 31, 2020 was 46,796 (16,460 – U.S. and 30,336 non-U.S.). As permitted by SEC rules, we excluded our employees in 21 jurisdictions, as indicated in the table below, which represented 4.74% (2,220 non-U.S. employees) of our employees. After applying this exclusion, our employee total was 44,576 as of December 31, 2020.

Excluded (4.74% of workers)			
• Cambodia (4)	• Cameroon (91)	• Costa Rica (89)	• Egypt (136)
• El Salvador (81)	• Ghana (13)	• Guatemala (93)	• Honduras (67)
• Hungary (15)	• Kazakhstan (10)	• Nicaragua (20)	• Panama (179)
• Peru (279)	• Poland (627)	• Republic of Congo (51)	• Romania (32)
• Senegal (49)	• Turkey (95)	• Ukraine (16)	• Uruguay (64)
• Venezuela (209)			

Compensation Tables (continued)

Methodology and Pay Ratio

We then used a valid statistical sampling methodology to determine employees within 5% of the median. From that group, we selected as our median employee a reasonably representative colleague who had relatively consistent total compensation history.

For 2022, we calculated our median employee's total annual compensation including all elements of compensation required to be included in the Summary Compensation Table. Our estimated median employee's Summary Compensation Table total compensation was \$65,244. Our CEO's compensation as reported in the Summary Compensation Table was \$10,728,900. Therefore, our estimate of CEO pay to median employee pay is 164:1. The calculation of the ratio should be considered an estimate; however, we believe the ratio is a reasonable estimate calculated in a manner consistent with SEC rules (Item 402(u) of Regulation S-K). We caution shareholders and other readers against comparing our ratio to those of other companies. The SEC has stated that it did not believe a purpose of the pay ratio rule was to facilitate comparisons among companies, and in adopting the rule, the SEC stated its belief that comparability of the ratio across registrants has significant limits, due to the variety of factors that could influence the ratio.

Proposal No. 4: Advisory (Non-binding) Vote on Frequency of Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation

The Dodd-Frank Act requires us to seek a non-binding advisory shareholder vote on how frequently we should seek an advisory vote on the compensation of our named executive officers, such as Proposal 3 included in this Proxy Statement. Shareholders can advise as to whether they would prefer to cast an advisory vote on the “say-on-pay” proposal each year, every two years or every three years, as determined by a separate advisory shareholder vote held at least once every six years. Shareholders may also abstain from making a choice.

The Board believes that our current executive compensation programs directly link executive compensation to our financial performance and align the interests of our named executive officers with those of our shareholders. The Board believes that giving our shareholders the right to cast an advisory vote every year on their approval of the compensation arrangements of our named executive officers is a good corporate governance practice and is in the best interests of our shareholders as it provides us with their input on our executive compensation philosophy, policies and practices as disclosed in our proxy statement every year.

Although the Board recommends that the say-on-pay proposal be voted on every year, our shareholders will be able to specify one of four choices: (i) one year, (ii) two years, (iii) three years or (iv) abstain. Shareholders are not voting to approve or disapprove of the Board’s recommendation of an annual vote on the say-on-pay proposal.

As required under our Articles of Association, the resolution is an ordinary resolution that requires the affirmative vote of a simple majority of the votes cast. In the event no option receives a majority of the votes cast, the frequency selected by shareholders will be the option that receives the highest number of votes cast. However, because this vote is advisory and will not be binding on the Board or the Company, the Board may decide that it is in the best interests of our shareholders and the Company to hold an advisory vote on executive compensation more or less frequently than the option approved by our shareholders.

We note that when we held prior initial “say-on-frequency” vote at the 2017 AGM, our shareholders voted by a majority (approximately 97.6%) to hold an annual advisory vote on the compensation of the Company’s named executive officers. Accordingly, we have been holding an annual say-on-pay advisory vote. Our next say-on-frequency vote will be held no later than our 2029 AGM.

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends that you select, on a non-binding advisory basis, “ONE YEAR” as the preferred frequency for which shareholders are provided an advisory vote on executive compensation.

Proposal No. 5: Renew the Board's Existing Authority to Issue Shares under Irish Law

As a matter of Irish company law, the directors of a company may not issue new ordinary or preferred shares unless approved by shareholders. Our current authorization, approved by shareholders at our 2022 AGM will expire on December 8, 2023. We are presenting this Proposal No. 5 to renew the Board's authority to issue our authorized shares on the terms set forth below.

We understand that it is customary practice for listed companies in Ireland to seek shareholder authority to issue up to 20% of a company's issued ordinary share capital and for such authority to be limited to a period of 12 to 18 months. Therefore, in accordance with customary practice in Ireland, we are seeking approval to authorize the Board to issue up to 21,293,180 ordinary shares (being equivalent to approximately 20% of the Company's issued ordinary share capital as of March 20, 2023 (the latest practicable date before this Proxy Statement)) for a period expiring 18 months from the passing of this resolution, unless otherwise varied, revoked or renewed.

Granting the Board this authority is a routine matter for public companies incorporated in Ireland and is consistent with Irish market practice. This authority is fundamental to our business and, if applicable, will facilitate our ability to fund acquisitions and otherwise raise capital. It is important for the Company to be able to issue shares in order to pursue its growth strategy. We are not asking you to approve an increase in our authorized share capital. Instead, approval of this proposal will only grant the Board the authority to issue shares that are already authorized under our Articles of Association upon the terms below. In addition, we note that, because we are a NASDAQ-listed company, our shareholders continue to benefit from the protections afforded to them under the rules and regulations of NASDAQ and the SEC, including those rules that limit our ability to issue shares in specified circumstances. Furthermore, we note that this authorization is required as a matter of Irish law and is not otherwise required for other companies listed on NASDAQ with whom we compete.

The authority, if renewed, would apply to issues of shares and instruments convertible into shares, such as warrants and options. Under Irish law, an ordinary resolution requires the approval of over 50% of the votes of the shareholders cast at a general meeting.

The text of the resolution in respect of this proposal, which is an ordinary resolution, is as follows:

"RESOLVED, that, subject to applicable rules and listing standards of NASDAQ and to applicable rules and regulations of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, the directors be and are hereby generally and unconditionally authorized with effect from the passing of this resolution to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot relevant securities (within the meaning of section 1021 of the Companies Act 2014) up to an aggregate nominal amount of \$6,486.65 (21,293,180 ordinary shares) (being equivalent to approximately 20% of the aggregate nominal value of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as of March 20, 2023 (the latest practicable date before this Proxy Statement)). The authority conferred by this resolution shall expire 18 months from the passing of this resolution, unless previously renewed, varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting and provided that the Company may before such expiry make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after such expiry and the directors may allot relevant securities in pursuance of such an offer or agreement as if the authority conferred by this resolution had not expired."

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends a vote "FOR" the resolution to renew the Board's existing authority to issue new ordinary or preferred shares for issuances up to 20% of the Company's outstanding share capital.

Proposal No. 6: Renew the Board's Authority to Opt Out of Statutory Pre-emption Rights under Irish Law

Under Irish law, unless otherwise authorized, when an Irish public limited company issues shares for cash to new shareholders, it is required first to offer those shares on the same or more favorable terms to its existing shareholders of the company on a pro-rata basis (commonly referred to as the statutory pre-emption right). As our current authority will expire on December 8, 2023, we are presenting this Proposal No. 6 to renew the Board's authority to opt out of the pre-emption right on the terms set forth below.

We understand that it is customary practice for listed companies in Ireland to seek shareholder authority to waive (or "opt out of") their statutory pre-emption rights in the event of (i) the issuance of shares for cash in connection with any rights issue; and (ii) the issuance of shares for cash, if the issuance is limited to up to 5% of a company's issued ordinary share capital (with the possibility of issuing an additional 5% of the company's issued ordinary share capital provided the company uses it only in connection with an acquisition or specified capital investment which is announced contemporaneously with the issuance, or which has taken place in the preceding six-month period and is disclosed in the announcement of the issue) bringing the total acceptable limit to 10% of the company's issued ordinary share capital. It is also customary practice for such waiver (or opt-out) to be limited to a period of 12 to 18 months. Therefore, in accordance with customary practice for listed companies in Ireland, we are seeking this authority for a period expiring 18 months from the passing of this resolution, unless otherwise varied, renewed or revoked.

Similar to the authorization sought for Proposal No. 5, granting the Board this authority is a routine matter for public companies incorporated in Ireland and is consistent with Irish market practice. This authority is fundamental to our business and, if applicable, will facilitate our ability to fund acquisitions and otherwise raise capital. We are not asking you to approve an increase in our authorized share capital. Instead, approval of this proposal will only grant the Board the authority to issue shares in the manner originally permitted under our Articles of Association upon the terms below. Without this authorization, in each case where we issue shares for cash, we would first have to offer those shares on the same or more favorable terms to all of our existing shareholders. This requirement could cause delays in the completion of acquisitions and capital raising for our business. Renewal of this authority would not exempt the Company from applicable NASDAQ requirements to obtain shareholder approval prior to certain share issuances, generally at or greater than 20%.

As required under Irish law, the resolution is a special resolution that requires the affirmative vote of at least 75% of the votes cast.

The text of the resolution in respect of this proposal is as follows:

"RESOLVED, that, as a special resolution, subject to the passing of the resolution in respect of Proposal No. 5 as set out above and with effect from the passing of this resolution, the directors be and are hereby empowered pursuant to section 1023 of the Companies Act 2014 to allot equity securities (as defined in section 1023 of that Act) for cash, pursuant to the authority conferred by Proposal No. 5 as if sub-section (1) of section 1022 of that Act did not apply to any such allotment, provided that this power shall be limited to:

(a) the allotment of equity securities in connection with a rights issue in favor of the holders of ordinary shares (including rights to subscribe for, or convert into, ordinary shares) where the equity securities respectively attributable to the interests of such holders are proportional (as nearly as may be) to the respective numbers of ordinary shares held by them (but subject to such exclusions or other arrangements as the directors may deem necessary or expedient to deal with fractional entitlements that would otherwise arise, or with legal or practical problems under the laws of, or the requirements of any recognized regulatory body or any stock exchange in, any territory, or otherwise); and

(b) the allotment (otherwise than pursuant to sub-paragraph (a) above) of equity securities up to an aggregate nominal value of \$3,243.32 (10,646,590 shares) (being equivalent to approximately 10% of the

Proposal No. 6: Renew the Board's Authority to Opt Out of Statutory Pre-emption Rights under Irish Law (continued)

aggregate nominal value of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as of March 20, 2023 (the latest practicable date before this Proxy Statement)) provided that, with respect to 5,323,295 of such shares, (being equivalent to approximately 5% of the issued ordinary share capital), such allotment must be for the purposes referred to in the proxy statement;

and the authority conferred by this resolution shall expire 18 months from the passing of this resolution, unless previously renewed, varied or revoked; provided that the Company may make an offer or agreement before the expiry of this authority, which would or might require any such securities to be allotted after this authority has expired, and in that case, the directors may allot equity securities in pursuance of any such offer or agreement as if the authority conferred hereby had not expired."

The Board of Directors unanimously recommends a vote "FOR" the resolution to renew the Board's existing authority to opt out of statutory pre-emption rights under Irish law.

Additional Information

Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The following tables show the number of shares beneficially owned:

- by each shareholder who is known to beneficially own 5% or more of our outstanding shares;
- by each of our current directors and director nominees;
- by each NEO listed in the Summary Compensation Table; and
- by each of our current directors, director nominees and executive officers as a group.

The amounts and percentages of our shares beneficially owned are reported in accordance with Rule 13d-3 of the General Rules and Regulations under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”). Under these rules, a person is deemed to be a beneficial owner of a security if that person has or shares voting power, which includes the power to vote or to direct the voting of that security, or investment power, which includes the power to dispose of or to direct the disposition of that security. A person is also deemed to be a beneficial owner of any securities of which that person has a right to acquire beneficial ownership within 60 days following March 20, 2023 (*i.e.*, May 19, 2023). Also, more than one person may be deemed to be a beneficial owner of the same securities and a person may be deemed to be a beneficial owner of securities as to which that person has no economic interest.

5% Beneficial Owners

Name and Address	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned	Percent Beneficially Owned (1)
The Vanguard Group (2) 100 Vanguard Blvd. Malvern, PA 19355	12,241,335	11.5%
BlackRock, Inc. (3) 55 East 52nd Street New York, NY10055	10,836,419	10.18%
Artisan Partners Limited Partnership (4) 875 East Wisconsin Avenue, Suite 800 Milwaukee, WI 53202	6,466,172	6.07%
Massachusetts Financial Services Company (5) 111 Huntington Avenue Boston, MA 02199	6,122,061	5.75%

- (1) Percentage is based on the number of Company shares outstanding as of March 20, 2023.
- (2) The number of shares beneficially owned as of December 31, 2022 is based solely on the Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on February 9, 2023 by The Vanguard Group. The amount beneficially owned includes: 151,449 shares over which there is shared voting power; 11,797,359 shares over which there is sole dispositive power; and 443,976 shares over which there is shared dispositive power.
- (3) The number of shares beneficially owned as of December 31, 2022 is based solely on the Schedule 13G/A filed with the SEC on January 24, 2023 by BlackRock, Inc. The amount beneficially owned includes: 9,999,641 over which there is sole voting power and 10,836,419 shares over which there is sole dispositive power.

Additional Information (continued)

- (4) The number of shares beneficially owned as of December 31, 2022 is based solely on the Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 10, 2023 by Artisan Partners Limited Partnership. The amount beneficially owned includes: 6,109,457 shares over which there is shared voting power; and 6,466,172 shares over which there is shared dispositive power.
- (5) The number of shares beneficially owned as of December 31, 2022 is based solely on the Schedule 13G filed with the SEC on February 8, 2023 by Massachusetts Financial Services Company. The amount beneficially owned includes: 5,542,536 over which there is sole voting power; and 6,122,061 shares over which there is sole dispositive power.

Directors, Director Nominees, Named Executive Officers and Other Executive Officers

Name and Address (1)	Number of Shares Beneficially Owned (2)	Percent Beneficially Owned
Dame Inga Beale (3)	1,115	*
Fumbi Chima (3)	1,632	*
Stephen Chipman	(4)	*
Michael Hammond (3)	1,115	*
Carl Hess (5)	55,989	*
Jacqueline Hunt	(4)	*
Brendan O'Neill (3)	7,488	*
Linda Rabbitt (3)	15,547	*
Paul Reilly (3) (6)	794	*
Michelle Swanback (3)	1,115	*
Paul Thomas (3)	12,406	*
Fredric Tomczyk	(4)	*
Matthew Furman (7)	27,767	*
Adam Garrard (8)	11,667	*
Julie Gebauer (9)	78,129	*
Andrew Krasner (10)	2,745	*
All of our Current Directors, Director Nominees, Named Executive Officers and Other Executive Officers (23 persons) (11)	268,436	*

* Less than 1%.

- (1) The address of each of the listed persons is c/o Willis Towers Watson Public Limited Company, Elm Park, Merrion Road, Dublin 4, Ireland.
- (2) The number of shares for which the directors and executive officers are deemed to have a beneficial interest includes shares underlying options that will be exercisable and/or RSUs that will vest on or before May 19, 2023 as indicated in the following notes. These shares, however, are not deemed outstanding for purposes of computing percentage of beneficial ownership of any other person.
- (3) The beneficial ownership of each of the non-employee directors includes time-based RSUs that vest on May 17, 2023 as follows: the ownership of each of Dame Inga Beale, Mr. Hammond, Dr. O'Neill and Ms. Swanback includes 968 time-based RSUs; the ownership of each of Mses. Chima and Rabbitt includes 1,574 time-based RSUs; Mr. Reilly's ownership includes 746 time-based RSUs; and Mr. Thomas's ownership includes 1,453 time-based RSUs.

Additional Information (continued)

- (4) The HCC Committee approved a pro-rated time-based RSU award to be granted to each of Messrs. Chipman and Tomczyk and Ms. Hunt on April 1, 2023, in an amount equal to \$33,333, which shall vest in full on May 17, 2023.
- (5) Mr. Hess's beneficial ownership includes 2,573 time-based RSUs that vest on April 1, 2023.
- (6) Mr. Reilly's beneficial ownership includes 48 shares indirectly held through a revocable trust.
- (7) Mr. Furman's beneficial ownership includes 313 time-based RSUs that vest on April 1, 2023.
- (8) Mr. Garrard's beneficial ownership includes 403 time-based RSUs that vest on April 1, 2023.
- (9) Ms. Gebauer's beneficial ownership includes 403 time-based RSUs that vest on April 1, 2023 and 1,068 shares indirectly held through irrevocable family trusts.
- (10) Mr. Krasner's beneficial ownership includes 567 time-based RSUs that vest on April 1, 2023 and 2,178 shares indirectly held through a revocable trust.
- (11) Includes 227,224 ordinary shares that all named executive officers and other executive officers as a group have or will have the right to acquire pursuant to share awards that will become vested within 60 days following March 20, 2023 (*i.e.*, May 19, 2023). Beneficial ownership does not include the number of PSUs that will become eligible to vest on April 1, 2023 for four executive officers, pursuant to the satisfaction of underlying performance-based requirements, or the number of ordinary shares issuable pursuant to the dividend equivalent right under the terms of their award agreements. The maximum number of PSUs eligible to be earned that are not reflected in the table is 3,290 in the aggregate.

Delinquent Section 16(A) Reports

Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act requires the Company's executive officers and directors, and persons who own more than 10% of a registered class of the Company's equity securities, to file reports of ownership and changes in ownership (Forms 3, 4 and 5) with the SEC and NASDAQ. Executive officers, directors and such security holders are required by SEC regulation to furnish the Company with copies of all such forms which they file. To the Company's knowledge, based solely on a review of the copies of such reports furnished to the Company and information provided by the reporting persons, all of the Company's directors and officers who are subject to Section 16(a) of the Exchange Act made all required filings on time during 2022, except for one report on Form 4 for Anne Bodnar, which reported four transactions, and during 2021, except for one report on Form 5 for Kristy Banas, which reported one transaction.

Incorporation by Reference

To the extent that this Proxy Statement has been or will be specifically incorporated by reference into any other filing by the Company under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, the sections of this Proxy Statement entitled "Human Capital and Compensation Committee Report" and "Audit and Risk Committee Report," to the extent permitted by SEC rules shall not be deemed to be so incorporated, unless specifically otherwise provided in such filing.

Information about the Proxy Materials and the 2023 AGM***Why am I receiving these materials?***

We are making this Proxy Statement available to you on or around April 5, 2023 because the Board is soliciting your proxy to vote at Willis Towers Watson's 2023 AGM on May 17, 2023. The information provided in this Proxy Statement is for your use in deciding how to vote on the proposals described herein.

Additional Information (continued)

This Proxy Statement and the below documents are available at www.proxyvote.com and on the Company's website at www.wtwco.com. You may access the proxy materials and voting instructions via the Internet by following the instructions in the Notice of Internet Availability.

- Our Notice of the 2023 AGM and Notice of Internet Availability of Proxy Materials;
- Our Annual Report on Form 10-K, which includes financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022; and
- Our Irish Statutory Accounts for the period ended December 31, 2022, and the reports of the directors and auditors thereon.

You have the right to request paper copies of the proxy materials, free of charge, regardless of whether you are a record or beneficial owner of shares. Shareholders of record may request paper copies by contacting the Company Secretary or by following the instructions contained in the notice. If you hold shares through brokers, banks or other nominees, you should receive written instructions on how to request paper copies of the proxy materials if you so desire. We recommend that you contact your broker, bank or other nominee if you do not receive these instructions along with the Company's proxy materials.

Why are there two sets of financial statements covering the same period?

Under applicable U.S. securities laws, we are required to send to you our financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. Under Irish company law, we are also required to provide you with our Irish Statutory Accounts for the year ended December 31, 2022, including the reports of our directors and auditors thereon, which accounts have been prepared in accordance with Irish law. Both sets of financial statements are available at www.proxyvote.com and on the Company's website at www.wtwco.com and, if you request, a copy will be delivered to you. The Irish Statutory Accounts will also be presented at the 2023 AGM.

Does the Company "household" delivery of proxy materials?

Some banks, brokers and other nominee record holders may be participating in the practice of "householding" proxy materials for those shareholders receiving the proxy materials by mail. This means that only one copy of the proxy materials may have been sent to multiple shareholders in your household. We will promptly deliver a separate copy of the proxy materials to you if you send a request to the Company Secretary at corporatesecretary@wtwco.com. If you would like to receive separate copies of the proxy materials in the future, or if you are receiving multiple copies and would like to receive only one copy for your household, you should contact your bank, broker or other nominee record holder, or you may contact the Company Secretary at (212) 915-8888 or corporatesecretary@wtwco.com.

Who is entitled to vote?

Holders of our shares, as recorded in our share register on March 20, 2023, may vote at the meeting. As of March 20, 2023, the latest practicable date, there were 106,465,898 shares outstanding and entitled to vote. Holders are entitled to one vote per share.

How do proxies work?

The Company's Board is asking for your proxy. Giving us your proxy means you authorize us to vote your shares at the meeting, or at any postponement or adjournment of the meeting, in the manner you direct. You may vote for or against the proposals or abstain from voting. You may also vote for all, some or none of the directors seeking election.

If you sign and return the enclosed proxy card but do not specify how to vote, we will vote your shares for all proposals in accordance with the recommendations made by the Board.

Additional Information (continued)

If your shares are held in an account with a broker, bank or other nominee, this institution is considered the shareholder of record and you are considered the “beneficial shareholder” of those shares. In this case, your broker or bank (or its agent) or other nominee has forwarded the proxy materials and separate voting instructions to you. Because you are not the shareholder of record, you may not vote your shares in person at the AGM unless you obtain a valid proxy from the broker, bank or other nominee that holds your shares, giving you the right to vote the shares in person at the meeting. As the beneficial owner of the shares, you have the right to direct your broker, bank or other nominee how to vote your shares by following the voting instructions provided to you with the proxy materials.

Under relevant NASDAQ rules, if you do not instruct your broker how to vote, your broker will only be able to vote your shares with respect to “routine” matters. The only routine matters are the ratification of the appointment of the Company’s independent auditors (Proposal No. 2) and, under Irish law, the renewal of the Board’s authority to issue shares (Proposal No. 5) and to opt out of statutory pre-emption rights (Proposal No. 6). Broker discretionary voting is not permitted for any of the other proposals because they are “non-routine” matters.

As of the date hereof, we do not know of any other business that will be presented at the meeting. If other business shall properly come before the meeting or any adjournment or postponement thereof, your proxy gives the person or persons named in the proxy the authority to vote on the matter in accordance with the recommendation of our Board.

How do I vote?

We recommend that you vote in advance of the AGM even if you expect to attend in person.

If you are a registered shareholder (*i.e.*, a shareholder who holds shares directly with our transfer agent, Computershare), you can vote through the following ways:

- *Via the Internet:* To vote by Internet, go to www.proxyvote.com and use the control number you were provided on your proxy card or Notice of Internet Availability. You will need to follow the instructions on the website.
- *By Mail:* If you received a paper copy of the proxy materials in the mail, you may mark, sign, date and mail your proxy card to Vote Processing, c/o Broadridge, 51 Mercedes Way, Edgewood, NY 11717, before the commencement of the meeting. If you sign and return your proxy card, but do not give voting instructions, the shares represented by that proxy will be voted as recommended by the Board. If you sign and return your proxy card, but do not give voting instructions, the shares represented by that proxy will be voted as recommended by the Board.
- *In Person:* Attend the AGM in Dublin, Ireland, or send a personal representative with an appropriate proxy to vote by poll card at the meeting. For information on how to attend the AGM, please see “What do I need in order to be admitted to the AGM?” below.

If you are a beneficial shareholder (*i.e.*, your shares are held in the name of a bank, broker or other holder of record, sometimes referred to as holding shares “in street name”), you will receive instructions from the holder of record that you must follow in order to vote your shares. If you wish to vote in person at the AGM, you must obtain a legal proxy from the bank, broker or other holder of record that holds your shares, and bring it, or other evidence of share ownership, with you to the meeting. For further information on how to attend the AGM, please see “What do I need in order to be admitted to the AGM?” below.

If I vote and then want to change or revoke my vote, may I?

If you are a registered shareholder (*i.e.*, a shareholder who holds shares directly with our transfer agent, Computershare), you may revoke your proxy at any time before the meeting by submitting a new proxy with a later date, by a later telephone or Internet vote, by voting in person at the meeting, or by notifying our Company Secretary. Mere attendance at the meeting will not revoke a proxy which was previously submitted to the Company. Written revocations to the Company Secretary should be received by 4:59 a.m. IST on May 17, 2023 and should be directed to corporatesecretary@wtwco.com.

Additional Information (continued)

If you are a beneficial shareholder (*i.e.*, your shares are held in the name of a bank, broker or other holder of record, sometimes referred to as holding shares “in street name”), follow the voting instructions provided to you with this Proxy Statement to determine how you may change your vote. Executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, attorneys and other representatives should indicate the capacity in which they are signing and corporations should sign by an authorized officer whose title should be indicated.

What do I need in order to be admitted to the AGM?

Only the Company’s shareholders, their proxy holders, the Company’s directors, the Company’s auditors and the Company’s guests may attend the meeting.

All shareholders of record on March 20, 2023 may attend the 2023 AGM in person even if such shareholders have already submitted a proxy. For admission to the meeting, shareholders of record must bring proof of identification and address. Those who have beneficial ownership of shares held by a bank, brokerage firm or other nominee should bring account statements or letters from their banks, brokers or other nominee showing that they owned Willis Towers Watson shares as of March 20, 2023.

The AGM will be held at The Shelbourne Hotel, 27 St. Stephen’s Green, Dublin, Ireland on Wednesday, May 17, 2023. Registration will begin at 9:00 a.m. IST and the meeting will begin at 9:30 a.m. IST.

May shareholders attend the meeting virtually?

Irish law requires the Company to hold a physical meeting for its 2023 AGM. We encourage our shareholders to vote by proxy prior to 4:59 a.m. IST on May 17, 2023. With respect to shares held through a Company employee share plan, shareholders must vote by proxy prior to 4:59 a.m. IST on May 13, 2023. Shareholders who are unable to attend the AGM, but would like to ask questions they would have otherwise asked, are encouraged to reach out through other ordinary course channels, including reaching out to the Head of Investor Relations or the Company Secretary.

***What is the recommendation of the Board on each proposal scheduled to be voted on at the meeting?
How do the Board and executive officers intend to vote with respect to the agenda items?***

The Company’s Board recommends that you vote FOR each of the proposals scheduled to be voted on at the meeting and our directors and executive officers have indicated that they intend to vote their shares in accordance with the Board’s recommendations.

Who is paying the costs of soliciting this proxy?

The cost of this proxy solicitation is borne directly by the Company. Morrow Sodali LLC has been retained to assist in the proxy solicitation at a base fee of approximately \$15,000 plus expenses. In addition to solicitation of proxies by mail, proxies may be solicited personally, by telephone, by e-mail and by facsimile by the Company’s directors, officers and other employees. Such persons will receive no additional compensation for such services. The Company will also request that brokers and other nominees forward soliciting material to the beneficial owners of shares which are held of record by them, and will pay the necessary expenses.

What is the quorum required for the AGM?

In order to carry on the business of the meeting, we must have a quorum. Under our Articles of Association, a quorum is reached when shareholders holding at least 50% of our issued and outstanding shares are present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote.

Additional Information (continued)***What vote is required for approval of each proposal and what is the effect of broker non-votes and abstentions?***

The voting standards applicable to the 2023 AGM are as follows:

Proposal	Vote Requirement
1. Elect Ten Persons Named in the Accompanying Proxy Statement to Serve as Directors for a One-Year Term until the Next AGM	Majority of votes cast
2. Ratify the Appointment of the Independent Auditors in an Advisory (Non-binding) Vote and Fix the Independent Auditors' Remuneration in a Binding Vote	Majority of votes cast
3. Approve Named Executive Officer Compensation in an Advisory (Non-binding) Vote	Majority of votes cast
4. Set the Frequency of Advisory Vote on Executive Compensation in an Advisory (Non-binding) Vote	Majority of votes cast
5. Renew the Board's Existing Authority to Issue Shares under Irish Law	Majority of votes cast
6. Renew the Board's Existing Authority to Opt Out of Statutory Pre-emption Right under Irish Law	75% of the votes cast

Abstentions and broker non-votes, though counted for the purposes of determining that a quorum is present, will not be counted as votes cast and therefore will have no effect. A broker non-vote is a proxy submitted by a broker where the broker fails to vote on behalf of a client on a particular matter because the broker was not instructed by the beneficial owner when such instruction is required by NASDAQ with respect to such matter.

Who will count the votes and certify the results?

American Election Services has been appointed as the independent Inspector of Election and will count the votes, determine whether a quorum is present, evaluate the validity of proxies and ballots and certify the results of the voting.

Who is your transfer agent?

Our transfer agent is Computershare. All communications concerning accounts of shareholders of record, including address changes, name changes, inquiries as to requirements to transfer shares and similar issues, can be handled by calling toll-free (800) 522-6645 (U.S.) or (201) 680-6578 (outside the U.S.) or by accessing the website at www.computershare.com/investor.

Shareholder and Other Proposals for the 2023 AGM

Deadline for nominations for election to the Board under the Company's advance notice or proxy access provision:	Between November 7, 2023 and December 7, 2023
Deadline for shareholder proposals under Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act for inclusion in the Proxy Statement:	December 7, 2023
Date beyond which the Company is able to confer discretionary authority to vote on shareholder proposals outside of Rule 14a-8 on its appointees:	February 20, 2024

When a shareholder wants to nominate a person for election to the Board at the Company's Annual General Meeting, the shareholder must provide advance notice to the Company in accordance with our Articles of Association. Notice of shareholder nominations for election at the 2024 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders (whether to be included or not in the Company's proxy materials for the meeting) must be received by the Company Secretary no earlier than November 7, 2023 and no later than December 7, 2023. Shareholders should consult our Articles of Association for the various procedural, informational and other requirements applicable to such nominations.

A copy of the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association can be obtained from the Company Secretary on request or can be found in the "Investor Relations — Corporate Governance" section of our website at www.wtwco.com. A shareholder may also propose an individual to the Governance Committee for its consideration as a nominee for election to the Board by writing to the Company Secretary at corporatesecretary@willistowerswatson.com.

The Governance Committee will consider the shareholder's nominee proposal in accordance with the selection process and specific qualification standards as set out in the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines.

Shareholders who wish to present a proposal under Rule 14a-8 under the Exchange Act and have it considered for inclusion in the Company's proxy materials for the 2024 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders must submit such proposal in writing to the Secretary of the Company on or before December 7, 2023.

Shareholders who wish to present a proposal at the 2024 Annual General Meeting that has not been included in the Company's proxy materials must submit such proposal (other than a nomination for election discussed above) in writing to the Company Secretary. If such notice is received by the Secretary on or after February 20, 2024, SEC rules permit the Company to confer discretionary authority to vote on such proposals on persons appointed as proxies on behalf of the Company.

The Company's Articles of Association and the 2014 Act contain further requirements relating to the timing and content of the notice which shareholders must provide to the Company for any nomination or matter to be properly presented at a shareholders' meeting.

Disclaimer Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

We have included in this document ‘forward-looking statements’ within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which are intended to be covered by the safe harbors created by those laws. These forward-looking statements include information about possible or assumed future results of our operations. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, that address activities, events or developments that we expect or anticipate may occur in the future, including such things as: our outlook; the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business; future capital expenditures; ongoing working capital efforts; future share repurchases; financial results (including our revenue, costs or margins) and the impact of changes to tax laws on our financial results, existing and evolving business strategies, and acquisitions and dispositions, including transitional arrangements in effect subsequent to the completed sale of Willis Re to Arthur J. Gallagher & Co.; demand for our services and competitive strengths; strategic goals; the benefits of new initiatives; growth of our business and operations; our ability to successfully manage ongoing leadership, organizational, and technology changes, including investments in improving systems and processes; our ability to implement and realize anticipated benefits of any cost-savings initiatives including the multi-year operational Transformation program; and plans and references to future successes, including our future financial and operating results, short-term and long-term financial goals, plans, objectives, expectations and intentions, including with respect to free cash flow generation, adjusted net revenue, adjusted operating margin and adjusted EPS, are all forward-looking statements. Also, when we use words such as ‘may’, ‘will’, ‘would’, ‘anticipate’, ‘believe’, ‘estimate’, ‘expect’, ‘intend’, ‘plan’, ‘probably’, or similar expressions, we are making forward-looking statements. Such statements are based upon the current beliefs and expectations of the Company’s management and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements. All forward-looking disclosure is speculative by its nature.

A number of risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results reflected in these forward-looking statements are identified under ‘Risk Factors’ in Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 and updated subsequent filings with the SEC. These statements are based on assumptions that may not come true and are subject to significant risks and uncertainties.

Although we believe that the assumptions underlying our forward-looking statements are reasonable, any of these assumptions, and therefore also the forward-looking statements based on these assumptions, could themselves prove to be inaccurate. Given the significant uncertainties inherent in the forward-looking statements, our inclusion of this information is not a representation or guarantee by us that our objectives and plans will be achieved.

Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date made and we will not update these forward-looking statements unless the securities laws require us to do so. With regard to these risks, uncertainties and assumptions, the forward-looking events discussed in this document may not occur, and we caution you against unduly relying on these forward-looking statements.

